WAGO TECHDOCS

Manual

# Touch Panels Marine Line

# 762-6xxx/8000-000x

## TP 600

## WAGO Touch Panels 600

**Version 1.7.0, valid from FW Version 04.05.08(27)**

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Every conceivable measure has been taken to ensure the accuracy and completeness of this documentation. However, as errors can never be fully excluded, we always appreciate any information or suggestions for improving the documentation.

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# Table of Contents

# 1 Regulations

The WAGO Touch Panel shall only be installed and operated according to the instructions in this documentation.

**Note**

**Always retain this documentation!**
This documentation is part of the product. Therefore, retain the documentation during the entire service life of the product. Pass on the documentation to any subsequent user. In addition, ensure that any supplement to this documentation is included, if necessary.

## 1.1 Validity of this Documentation

This documentation is valid for the following WAGO Touch Panels:

Table 1: Variants

| Item Number/Variant | Designation |
|---|---|
| 762-6201/8000-0001 | TP 600 4.3 480x272 PIO2 VP |
| 762-6202/8000-0001 | TP 600 5.7 640x480 PIO2 VP |
| 762-6203/8000-0001 | TP 600 7.0 800x480 PIO2 VP |
| 762-6204/8000-0001 | TP 600 10.1 1280x800 PIO2 VP |
| 762-6301/8000-0002 | TP 600 4.3 480x272 PIO3 CP |
| 762-6302/8000-0002 | TP 600 5.7 640x480 PIO3 CP |
| 762-6303/8000-0002 | TP 600 7.0 800x480 PIO3 CP |
| 762-6304/8000-0002 | TP 600 10.1 1280x800 PIO3 CP |

## 1.2 Document portfolio

Besides this manual, you should consult the following WAGO documents:

- WAGO I/O SYSTEM 750, manual for the PFC Controller used
- WAGO I/O SYSTEM 750, “Cybersecurity for PFC100/PFC200 Controllers” manual
- Migration guide; Migration from ***e!****COCKPIT* to CODESYS V3.5
- “Industrial ETHERNET” technology manual

These documents are available for download on the WAGO Website www.wago.com.

You can find more information on CODESYS V3.5 in the CODESYS online help at help.codesys.com (up to service pack 17) and in the new online help at helpme-codesys.com (current service pack).

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## 1.4 Property rights

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## 1.5 Symbols

**DANGER**

**Personal Injury!**
Indicates a high-risk, imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

**DANGER**

**Personal Injury Caused by Electric Current!**
Indicates a high-risk, imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

**WARNING**

**Personal Injury!**
Indicates a moderate-risk, potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

**CAUTION**

**Personal Injury!**
Indicates a low-risk, potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury.

**NOTICE**

**Damage to Property!**
Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in damage to property.

**NOTICE**

**Damage to Property Caused by Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)!**
Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in damage to property.

**Note**

**Important Note!**
Indicates a potential malfunction which, if not avoided, however, will not result in damage to property.

## Information

**Additional Information:**
Refers to additional information which is not an integral part of this documentation (e.g., the Internet).

## 1.6 Number Notation

Table 2: Number Notation

| Number Code | Example | Note |
|---|---|---|
| Decimal | 100 | Normal notation |
| Hexadecimal | 0x64 | C notation |
| Binary | '100'<br>'0110.0100' | In quotation marks, nibble separated with dots (.) |

## 1.7 Font Conventions

Table 3: Font Conventions

| Font Type | Indicates |
|---|---|
| *italic* | Names of paths and data files are marked in italic-type.<br>e.g.: *C:\Program Files\WAGO Software* |
| **Menu** | Menu items are marked in bold letters.<br>e.g.: **Save** |
| **>** | A greater-than sign between two names means the selection of a menu item from a menu.<br>e.g.: **File** > **New** |
| **Input** | Designation of input or optional fields are marked in bold letters,<br>e.g.: **Start of measurement range** |
| “Value” | Input or selective values are marked in inverted commas.<br>e.g.: Enter the value “4 mA” under **Start of measurement range**. |
| **[Button]** | Pushbuttons in dialog boxes are marked with bold letters in square brackets.<br>e.g.: **[Input]** |
| **[Key]** | Keys are marked with bold letters in square brackets.<br>e.g.: **[F5]** |

# 1.8 Legal Bases

## 1.8.1 Subject to Changes

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## 1.8.2 Personnel Qualification

All sequences implemented on Series 762 devices may only be carried out by electrical specialists with sufficient knowledge in automation technology. These specialists must be familiar with the current standards and guidelines for the devices and the automated environments.

All changes to the controller shall always be performed by qualified personnel with sufficient skills in PLC programming.

## 1.8.3 Intended Use

WAGO Touch Panels are suitable for use in the area of control and automation. Their use extends beyond residential and commercial areas, as well as industrial areas. Technical data must be observed for all types of applications.

### 1.8.3.1 Improper Use

Improper use of the product is not permitted. Specifically, improper use occurs in the following cases:

- Non-observance of the intended use.
- Use without protective measures in an environment in which moisture, salt water, salt spray mist, dust, corrosive fumes, gases, direct sunlight or ionizing radiation can occur.
- Use of the product in areas with special risk that require flawless continuous operation and in which failure or operation of the product can result in an imminent risk to life, limb or health or cause serious damage to property or the environment (such as the operation of nuclear power plants, weapon systems , aircraft and motor vehicles).

### 1.8.3.2 Warranty and Liability

The terms set forth in the General Business & Contractual Conditions apply to deliveries and services of WAGO GmbH & Co. KG, and the WAGO Software License Contract applies to software products and products with integrated

software. Both are available at www.wago.com. In particular, the warranty is void if:

- The product is improperly used.
- The deficiency (hardware and software configurations) is due to special instructions.
- Modifications to the hardware or software have been made by the user or third parties that are not described in this documentation and that has contributed to the fault.

Individual agreements always have priority.

#### 1.8.3.3 Obligations of Installers/Operators

The installers and operators bear responsibility for the safety of an installation or a system assembled with the products. The installer/operator is responsible for proper installation and safety of the system. All laws, standards, guidelines, local regulations and accepted technology standards and practices applicable at the time of installation, and the instructions in the the products' Instructions for Use, must be complied with. In addition, the Installation regulations specified by Approvals must be observed. In the event of non-compliance, the products may not be operated within the scope of the approval.

### 1.8.4 Extended license terms

#### 1.8.4.1 Use of the product in building technology applications in the USA

When using the product in building technology applications in the USA, locally issued third-party patents render it imperative to ensure that functions with reading and/or writing access to operating system parameters (e.g. date, time, IP address, etc.) are executed in (a) program(s) separate from the program(s) that execute(s) the building technology applications.

The use of a common program for reading and/or writing access to operating system parameters and the execution of building technology application functions is prohibited in the USA. All rights of use automatically lapse upon breach of the above usage restrictions.

# 2 Safety Information

## 2.1 Safety Advice (Precautions)

This section includes an overall summary of the most important safety requirements and notes that are mentioned in each individual section. To protect your health and prevent damage to devices as well, it is imperative to read and carefully follow the safety guidelines.

For installing and operating purposes of the relevant device to your system the following safety precautions shall be observed:

**DANGER**

**Do not work when devices are energized!**
High voltage can cause electric shock or burns.
Always disconnect the power supply from those parts of the system on which you wish to mount or remove the device!

**DANGER**

**Use SELV power source only!**
The device must only be powered from a SELV (Safety Extra Low Voltage) power source complying with the limited power source (LPS) requirements per DIN EN 60950-1.

**DANGER**

**Ensure a standard connection!**
To minimize any hazardous situations resulting in personal injury or to avoid failures in your system, the data and power supply lines shall be installed according to standards, with careful attention given to ensuring the correct terminal assignment. Always adhere to the EMC directives applicable to your application.

**NOTICE**

**Consider the IP protection type!**
The device is an open unit whose back side is IP20 protected, only. If the operating environment does not fulfill these requirements you have to install the device into cabinet resp. housing. Then a maximum protection type IP65 can be achieved depending on the cabinet resp. housing.

**NOTICE**

**Replace defective or damaged devices!**
Replace defective or damaged device/module (e.g., in the event of deformed contacts).

**NOTICE**

**Protect the components against materials having seeping and insulating properties!**
The components are not resistant to materials having seeping and insulating properties such as: aerosols, silicones and triglycerides (found in some hand creams). If you cannot exclude that such materials will appear in the component environment, then install the components in an enclosure being resistant to the above-mentioned materials. Clean tools and materials are imperative for handling devices/modules.

**NOTICE**

**Clean only with permitted materials!**
Clean housing and soiled contacts with propanol.

**NOTICE**

**Do not use any contact spray!**
Do not use any contact spray. The spray may impair contact area functionality in connection with contamination.

**NOTICE**

**Do not use in telecommunication circuits!**
Only use devices equipped with ETHERNET or RJ-45 connectors in LANs. Never connect these devices with telecommunication networks.

**NOTICE**

**Avoid electrostatic discharge!**
The devices are equipped with electronic components that may be destroyed by electrostatic discharge when touched. Please observe the safety precautions against electrostatic discharge per DIN EN 61340-5-1/-3. When handling the devices, please ensure that environmental factors (personnel, work space and packaging) are properly grounded.

## 2.2 Special Use Conditions

If not otherwise specified, ETHERNET devices are intended for use on local networks. Please note the following when using ETHERNET devices in your system:

- Do not connect control components and control networks to an open network such as the Internet or an office network. WAGO recommends putting control components and control networks behind a firewall.
- In the control components (e.g., for CODESYS) close all ports and services not required by your application to minimize the risk of cyber attacks and to enhance cyber security.
  Only open ports and services during commissioning and/or configuration.
- Limit physical and electronic access to all automation components to authorized personnel only.
- Change the default passwords before first use! This will reduce the risk of unauthorized access to your system.
- Regularly change the passwords used! This will reduce the risk of unauthorized access to your system.
- Regularly perform threat analyses. You can check whether the measures taken meet your security requirements.
- Use “defense-in-depth” mechanisms in your system's security configuration to restrict the access to and control of individual products and networks.

**Note**

**Please note the risks of using cloud services!**
If you use third-party cloud services, sensitive data is transferred to the cloud service provider at one's own responsibility. External access may result in manipulated data and/or unwanted control commands affecting the performance of your control system.

Use encryption methods to protect your data and observe the information provided by the Federal Office for Information Security – “Cloud: Risks and Security Tips”.
Observe comparable publications of the competent, public institutions of your country.

# 3 Overview

**Three versions** of the WAGO Touch Panel are available:

- **Standard Line** with resistive single-touch display, in six screen sizes (762-4xxx)
- **Advanced Line** with capacitive multi-touch glass display, in four screen sizes
  (762-5xxx)
- **Marine Line** with resistive, reflection-free single-touch display for marine applications, in four screen sizes
  (762-6xxx)

Furthermore, each of these three versions is available **with different functionalities and hardware configurations** as:

- Web Panels (762-x1xx)
- Visu Panels (762-x2xx)
- Control Panels (762-x3xx)

The WAGO Touch Panels described in this manual are available as Visu and Control Panels in four screen sizes (diagonal lengths: 4.3/5.7/7.0/10.1″).
The 4.3/7.0/10.1″ diagonal lengths are in 16:9 format. The 5.7″ diagonal length is 4:3 format.

Available screen sizes:

- 762-6x01, WAGO Touch Panel – TP 600 4.3 480x272
- 762-6x02, WAGO Touch Panel – TP 600 5.7 640x480
- 762-6x03, WAGO Touch Panel – TP 600 7.0 800x480
- 762-6x04, WAGO Touch Panel – TP 600 10.1 1280x800

PIO2 hardware configuration:

- 762-62xx, WAGO Touch Panel – TP 600 PIO2 VP

PIO3 hardware configuration:

- 762-63xx, WAGO Touch Panel – TP 600 PIO3 CP

The 762 Series item numbers are composed as follows:

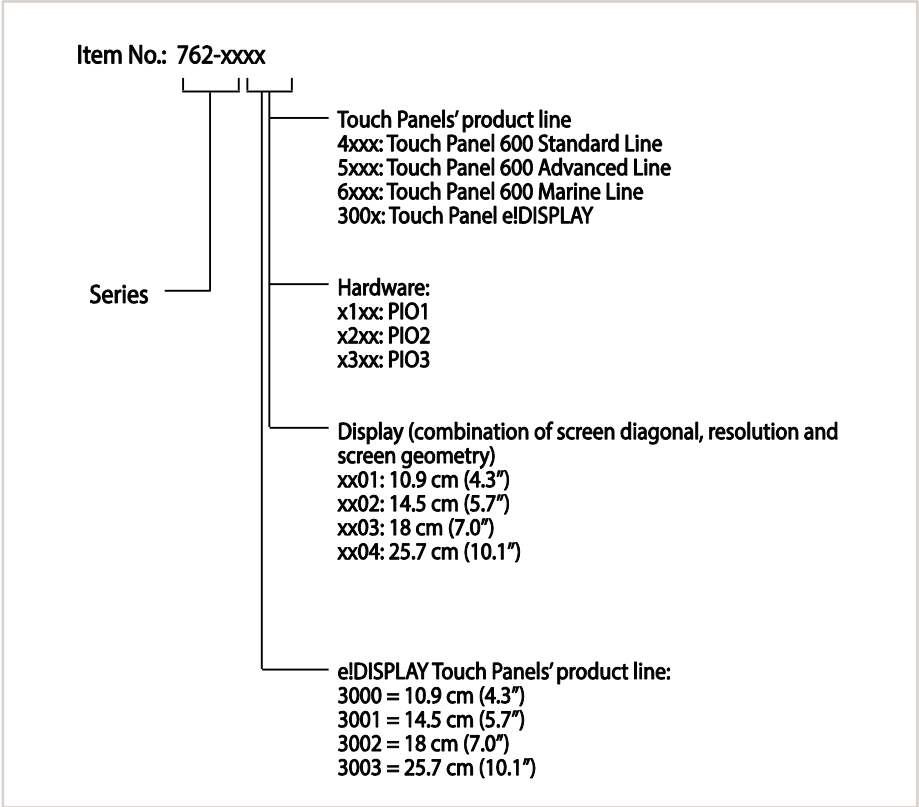
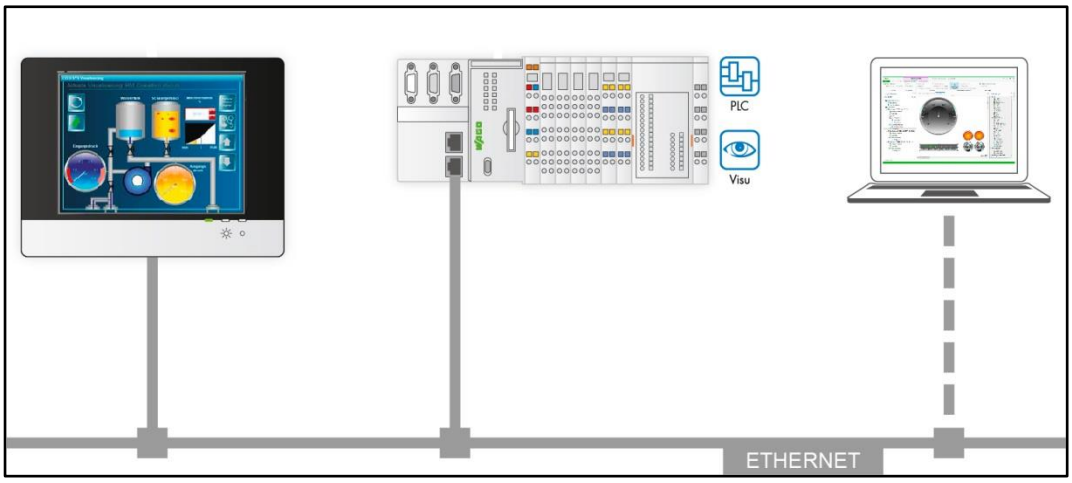



Figure 1: 762 Series Item Number Key

The basic differences between Web, Visu and Control Panels are explained below.

## 3.1 Web Panels

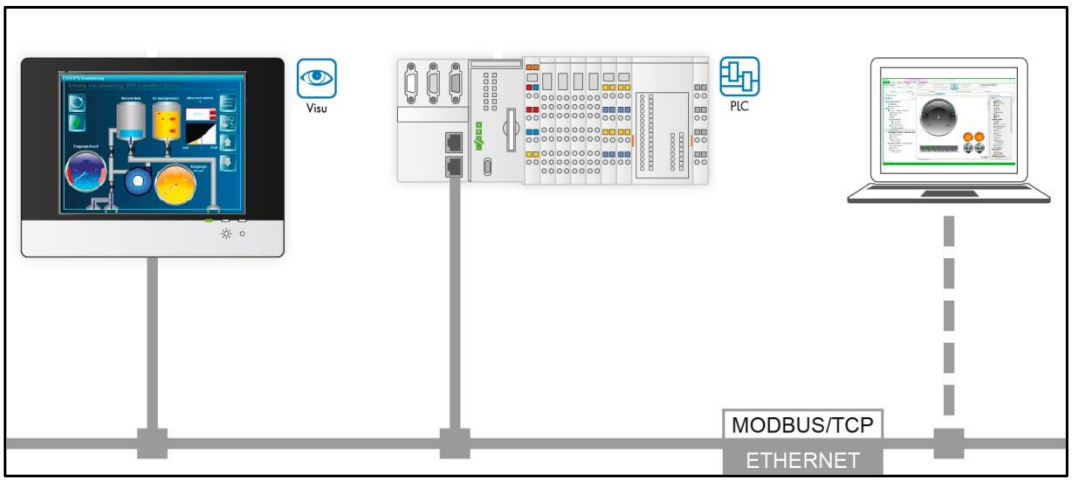



The Web Panels display the visualizations of the planned control programs for the purposes of monitoring and control of machines and systems. However, the required Visu software does not run on the Web Panels, but rather on the controller, which also includes a Webserver that the panels can access with their Web browser.

The Web Panels can display visualizations from CODESYS V3.

The interfaces of the “PIO1” hardware are restricted to ETHERNET, USB and microSD.

## 3.2 Visu Panels

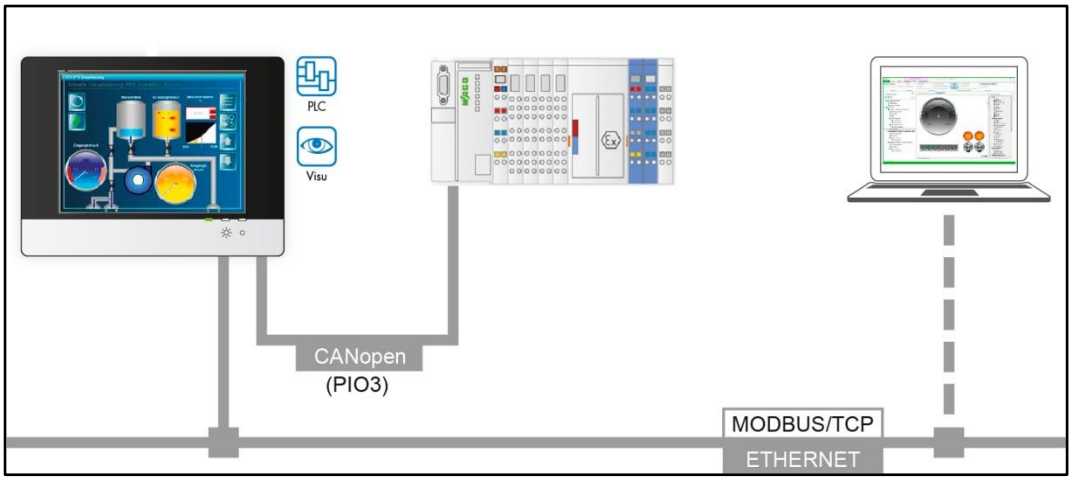



Visu software and runtime software both run on the Visu Panels from FW 25. This allows the Visu Panels to combine HMI and control functions and replace a PLC controller.

The implemented Visu software displays the visualizations planned with CODESYS V3.

The interfaces of the “PIO2” hardware are ETHERNET, USB, microSD and a line out (headphone output).

## 3.3 Control Panels




The control panels combine HMI and control functions and can thus replace a PLC controller. Visu software and runtime software both run on the panels.

The interfaces of the “PIO3” hardware are ETHERNET, USB, microSD and a line out (headphone output).

Furthermore, the interfaces of the “PIO3” also include digital inputs and outputs, an RS-232/RS-485 interface and a CAN interface for connecting additional I/Os. PIO3 also has a NVRAM.

# 4 Properties

## 4.1 Views

### 4.1.1 Front View

The touch screen, as well as display and operating elements are located on the front.

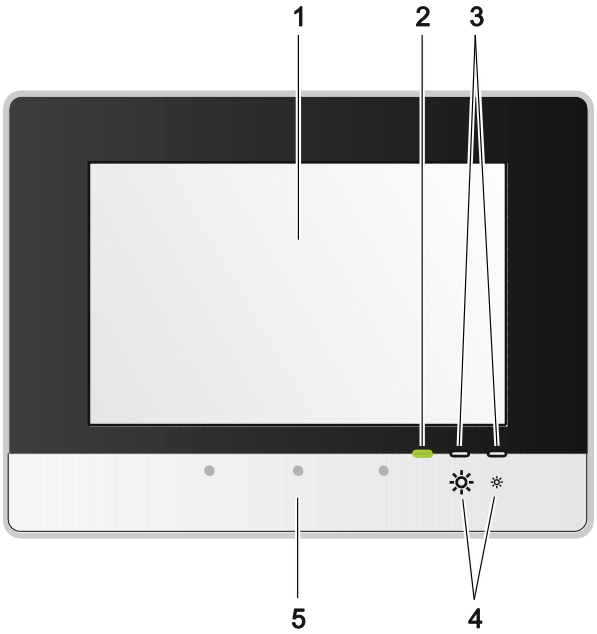



Figure 2: Front View

Table 4: Legend for Figure “Front View”

| Pos. | Description | Details See Section |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | Touch screen | “Device Description” > “Touch Screen” |
| 2 | Status LED | “Device Description” > “Display Elements” |
| 3 | Feedback LEDs for brightness buttons | “Device Description” > “Display Elements” |
| 4 | Brightness buttons | “Device Description” > “Operating Elements” |
| 5 | Motion sensor | “Device Description” > “Touch Screen” and “Visualization” > “Screensaver” |

### 4.1.2 Other Views of the PIO2 Hardware

On the **back** there are four M4 threaded holes for VESA mounting, four fastening clips, one grounding screw or lead and the device labeling. For details, see section “Mounting” and “Properties” > “Labeling.”

The connectors are located on the **bottom**. For details, see section “Properties” > “Connectors.”

The operating mode switch with the settings RESET-STOP-RUN, the “CFG/RST” button, the “SYS, RUN, CAN, H11, H22” LEDs and the “µSD” memory card slot are located on the **left side**. For details, see section “Properties” > “Connectors” > “Display Elements” and > “Operating Elements”.

When the hardware is installed, the above-named function elements are not accessible from the front.

Figure 3: Other PIO2 Views (Example of 762-4204/8000-0001)

### 4.1.3 Other Views of the PIO3 Hardware

On the **back** there are four M4 threaded holes for VESA mounting, four fastening clips, one grounding screw or lead and the device labeling. For details, see section “Mounting” and “Properties” > “Labeling.”

The connectors are located on the **bottom**. For details, see section “Properties” > “Connectors.”

The operating mode switch with the settings RESET-STOP-RUN, the “CFG/RST” button, the “SYS, RUN, CAN, H11, H22” LEDs and the “µSD” memory card slot are located on the **left side**. For details, see section “Properties” > “Connectors” > “Display Elements” and > “Operating Elements”.

When the hardware is installed, the above-named function elements are not accessible from the front.

Figure 4: Other PIO3 Views (Example of 762-4304/8000-0002)

## 4.2 Touch Screen

The touch screen displays the Web visualization and processes inputs from the system operator by hand or pen.
It is a resistive TFT LCD with LED backlight that recognizes swiping and scrolling with one touch point.
Because it is a resistive touch screen, a certain pressure is exerted on the foil during input.
A motion sensor is built in to recognize linear gestures. The system automatically calibrates the sensor every 30 minutes. In this way, any change of location is detected and objects are detected that are always nearby.

For technical data, please see section “Technical Data”.

**Note**

**Bright image information!**
If the screen displays an image with bright image information, the pixels may stay longer translucent than other screen regions that display changing content / brightness. However, you should always seek a balance between switching ON/OFF and a display that is always on.

**Note**

**Pixel error in TFT display**
Any pixel errors of the TFT display due to production reasons do not represent grounds for complaint!

## 4.3 Labeling

The labeling and the type plate are located to the back.
The following information about the product is included:

Table 5: Labeling

| Field | Example |
|---|---|
| Supply voltage | 24V SELV<br>[−25 % … +30 %], LPS |
| Protection class | Class III |
| IP degree of protection | IP20 |

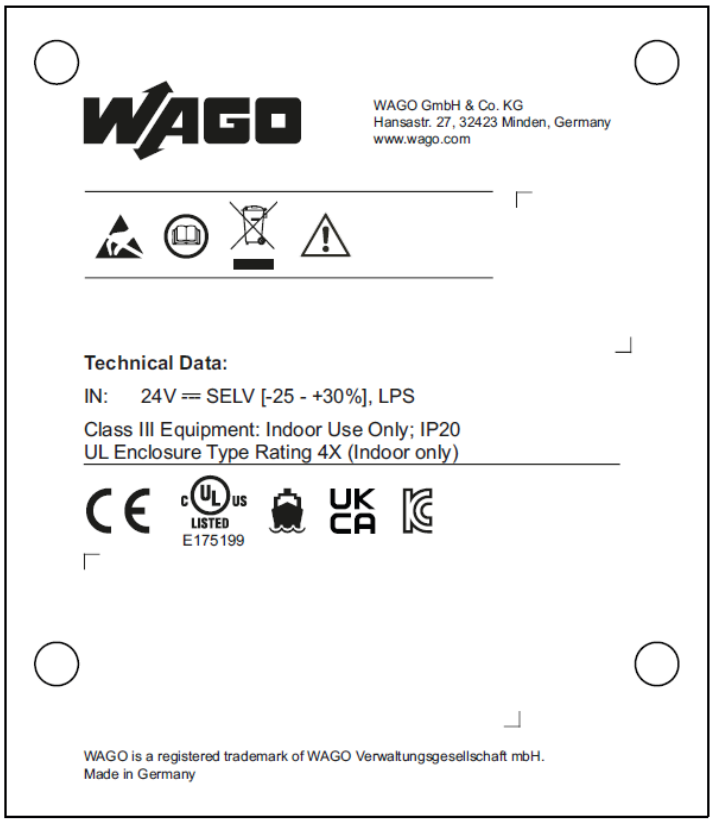



Figure 5: Labeling (Example)

Table 6: Type plate

| Field | Example |
|---|---|
| Item Number | ITEM-NO.: 0762-4101 |
| Item description 1 | Touch Panel 600 |
| Item description 2 | TP 600 4.3 480x272 PIO1 |
| Control number | 24753.5004 |
| Date of manufacture (year – month) | 2020-08 |
| Release index:<br>Hardware version | <br>05 |
| Power consumption | Pmax.=11,2 W |

| | |
|---|---|
| Supply voltage | U=SELV 24V DC<br>(−25% … +30%), LPS |
| Serial number | SN:37SUN31564010260389680+0<br>000000002323285 |
| Barcode | |
| Data matrix code | |

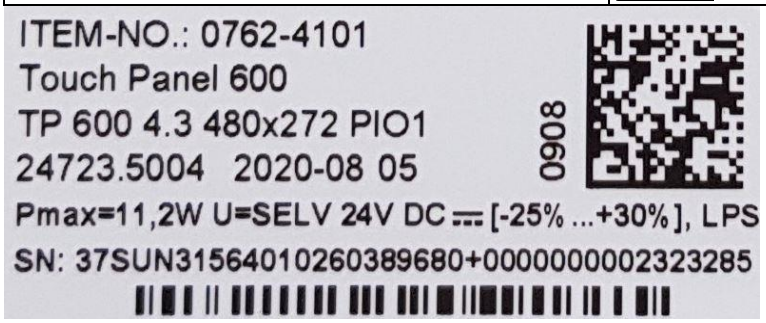



Figure 6: Type plate (Example)

# 4.4 Connectors

## 4.4.1 Connectors of Hardware PIO2

Figure 7: Connectors PIO2 on the Bottom (Example)

Table 7: Legend for Figure “Connectors PIO2 on the Bottom”

| Connector | Function |
|---|---|
| X1 and X2 | ETHERNET interfaces with LED indicators |
| X5 | Supply voltage infeed |
| X6 and X7 | USB 2.0 host interfaces |
| X8 | Lineout audio output (headset) |


Figure 8: Connectors PIO2 on the Left Side (Example)

Table 8: Legend for Figure “Connectors PIO2 on the Left Side”

| Connector | Function |
|---|---|
| microSD | Slot for microSD and microSDHC cards with cap, sealable |

## 4.4.2 Connectors of Hardware PIO3

Figure 9: Connectors PIO3 on the Bottom (Example)

Table 9: Legend for Figure “Connectors PIO3 on the Bottom ”

| Connector | Function |
|---|---|
| X1 und X2 | ETHERNET Interface with LED |
| X3 | Serial Interface RS-232 or RS-485 |
| X4 | CAN Interface |
| X5 | POWER. Power supply |
| X6 und X7 | USB 2.0 Host Interface |
| X8 | Lineout audio output (headset) |
| X11 | 4 digital Inputs and Outputs DIO |


Figure 10: Connectors PIO3 on the Left Side (Example)

Table 10: Legend for Figure “Connectors PIO3 on the Left Side”

| Connector | Function |
|---|---|
| microSD | Slot for microSD and microSDHC cards with cap, sealable |

### 4.4.3 “X1” and “X2” ETHERNET Interfaces

The ETHERNET interfaces are RJ-45 ports. The orange LED illuminates when there is a LINK and the green one blinks during data transfer.

The connectors and cables meet category 5e requirements and guidelines for ETHERNET interfaces.

The integrated 10/100 Mbit ETHERNET switch supports Auto-MDI(X).
A crossover or patch cable can be used.

### 4.4.4 “X3” – RS-232/485 Serial Interface (Only with PIO3 Hardware)

This interface is designed as a D-sub 9 socket and is electrically isolated from the supply voltage of the product and the other interfaces. Baud rates from 1200 to 115,200 are supported.

The socket combines an interface as per RS-232 and an interface as per RS-485. However, the two interfaces must NOT be used simultaneously!

These communication partners must be set to the same interface type, since the voltage levels of the two types are NOT compatible!

Table 1: X3 Pin Assignment

| Pin | Assignment as per EIA 232 | Assignment as per EIA 485 |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | - | - |
| 2 | RxD (receive data) | - |
| 3 | TxD (transmit data) | RXTX-P (Signal pos.) |
| 4 | - | - |
| 5 | GND (system ground) | GND (system ground) |
| 6 | - | VPP (system 5 V)<br>(only for resistor or bias network) |
| 7 | - | - |
| 8 | - | RXTX-N (signal neg.) |
| 9 | - | - |
| Housing | Shielding | Shielding |

**NOTICE**

**Incorrect parameterization can damage the communication partners!**
The voltage levels for RS-232 and RS-485 are not compatible!
If the controller interfaces differ from those of the communication partners (RS-232 <> RS-485 or RS-485 <> RS-232), this may damage the interface of the communication partner. Therefore, always ensure that the controller interface matches those of its communication partners when configuring these items!

Continuous shielding is essential in order to increase the immunity to interference. For this purpose, the metallic housing of the socket is connected to functional ground.

The connected data cable must be shielded. The cable clamp that is used must guarantee sufficient strain relief and contact between the shield and housing over a large area at the same time.

The data direction of the RS 232 interface of the product corresponds to device type DCE.

#### 4.4.4.1 Operating as an RS-232 Interface

Depending on the device type DTE (Data Terminal Equipment, e.g., PC) or DCE (Data Communication Equipment, e.g., PFC, modem), the RS-232 signals have different data directions.

Table 11: Function of RS-232 Signals for DTE/DCE

| Contact | Signal | Data Direction | |
|---|---|---|---|
| | | DTE | DCE |
| 2 | RxD | Input | Output |
| 3 | TxD | Output | Input |
| 5 | FB_GND | --- | --- |

For a DTE-to-DCE connection, the signals are connected directly (1:1).

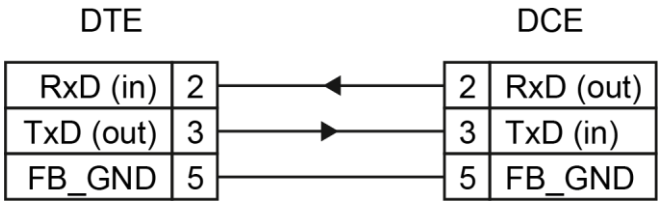



Figure 11: Termination with DTE-DCE Connection (1:1)

For a DCE-to-DCE connection, the signal connections are crossed (cross-over).

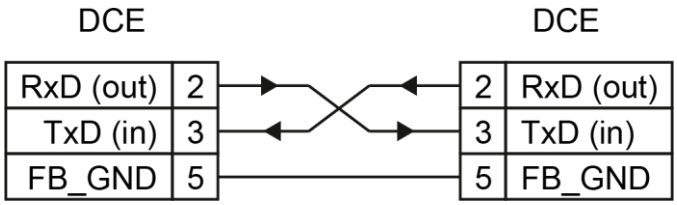



Figure 12: Termination with DCE-DCE Connection (Cross-Over)

#### 4.4.4.2 Operating as an RS-485 Interface

To minimize reflection at the end of the line, the RS-485 line must be terminated at both ends by a cable termination. If required, one pull-up or pull-down resistor may be used. These resistors ensure a defined level on the bus when no subscriber is active, i.e., when all subscribers are in “Tri-state”.

**Note**

**Attention — bus termination!**
The RS-485 bus must be terminated at both ends!
No more than two terminations per bus segment may be used!
Terminations may not be used in stub and branch lines!
Drop cables must be kept as short as possible!
Operation without proper termination of the RS-485 network may result in transmission errors.

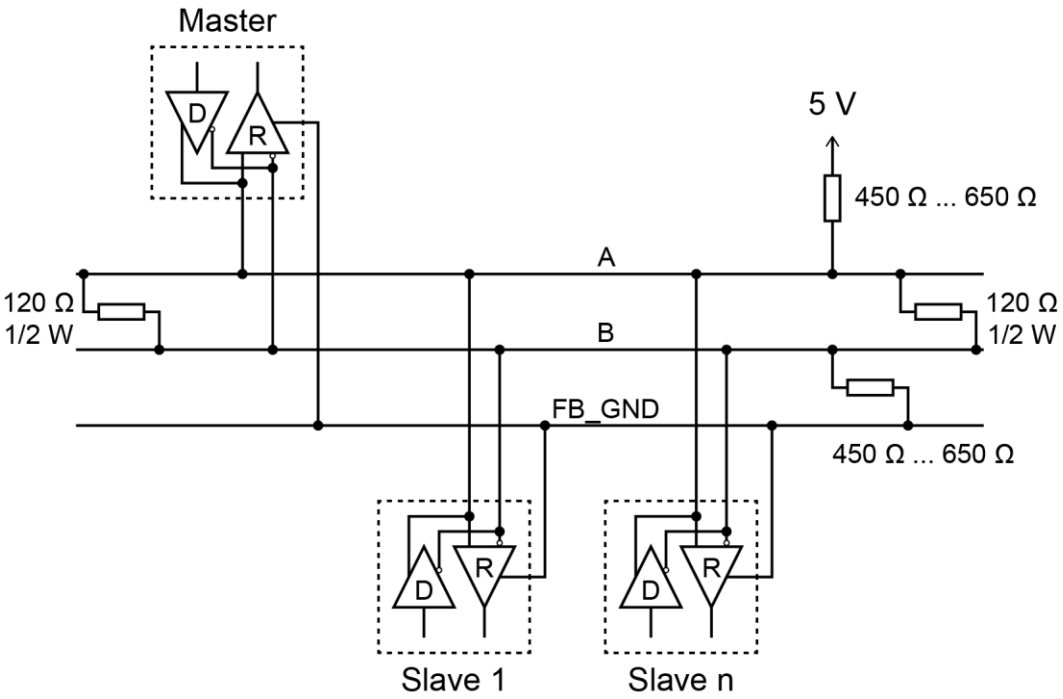



Figure 13: RS-485 Bus Termination

## 4.4.5 “X4” – CAN Interface (Only with PIO3 Hardware)

This interface is designed as a D-sub 9 plug and is electrically isolated from the supply voltage of the device and the other interfaces.
The interface corresponds to ISO 11898-2.

Table 1: X4 Pin Assignment

| Pin | Assignment |
|---|---|
| 1 | - |
| 2 | CAN-L (CAN data low) |
| 3 | GND (reference potential 0 V or ground) |
| 4 | - |
| 5 | - |
| 6 | - |
| 7 | CAN-H (CAN data high) |
| 8 | - |
| 9 | - |

Continuous shielding is essential in order to increase the immunity to interference. The metallic housing of the plug is capacitively connected to functional ground.
The connected data cable must be shielded. The cable clamp that is used must guarantee sufficient strain relief and contact between the shield and housing over a large area at the same time.

### 4.4.6 “X5” Supply Voltage

Connect the supply voltage to the X5 connector. For this, use the included 734-103 female connector featuring three CAGE CLAMP® connections.
For more information about the supply voltage, see section “Device Description” > “Technical Data”.

Table 12: X5 Pin Assignment

| Pin | Description | Assignment |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | 24VDC | Supply voltage: +24 VDC |
| 2 | GND | Reference potential 0V (ground) |
| 3 | FE | Functional earth |

### 4.4.7 “X6” and “X7” USB-2.0 Interfaces

The USB 2.0 host interfaces are designed with 4-pin type A sockets. Each interface can supply max. 500 mA.

The connectors comply with the USB 2.0 specification.

Keyboards or mice can be connected as alternative input devices or up to 2 USB memory devices. These USB devices must be connected before power ON.

### 4.4.8 “X8” – Line-out Audio Output (Headphones)

The audio output is a three-pole, 3.5 mm stereo socket. Headphones or a compatible audio device can be connected to this socket, e.g. in order to output acoustic warning signals or voice messages that the control application contains.

### 4.4.9 "X11" – Four Digital Inputs and Outputs DIO (Only with PIO3 Hardware)

There are four digital connectors, configurable as inputs or outputs, for connecting actuators and sensors.
A 10-pole *picoMAX*® plug is used with 10 push-in CAGE CLAMP®S connections (female connector 2091-1110).
The connections are specified per EN 61010-2-201:
DC, general use

Table 13: X11 Pin Assignment

| CAGE CLAMP® | Name | Assignment |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | GND | Reference potential 0 V (ground) |
| 2 | DIO 0 | Digital I/O 0 |
| 3 | GND | Reference potential 0 V (ground) |
| 4 | DIO 1 | Digital I/O 1 |
| 5 | GND | Reference potential 0 V (ground) |
| 6 | DIO 2 | Digital I/O 2 |
| 7 | GND | Reference potential 0 V (ground) |
| 8 | DIO 3 | Digital I/O 3 |
| 9 | GND | Reference potential 0 V (ground) |
| 10 | 24VDC | Supply voltage for digital inputs and outputs |

The digital inputs/outputs are electrically isolated from the supply voltage of the product and from the other interfaces.

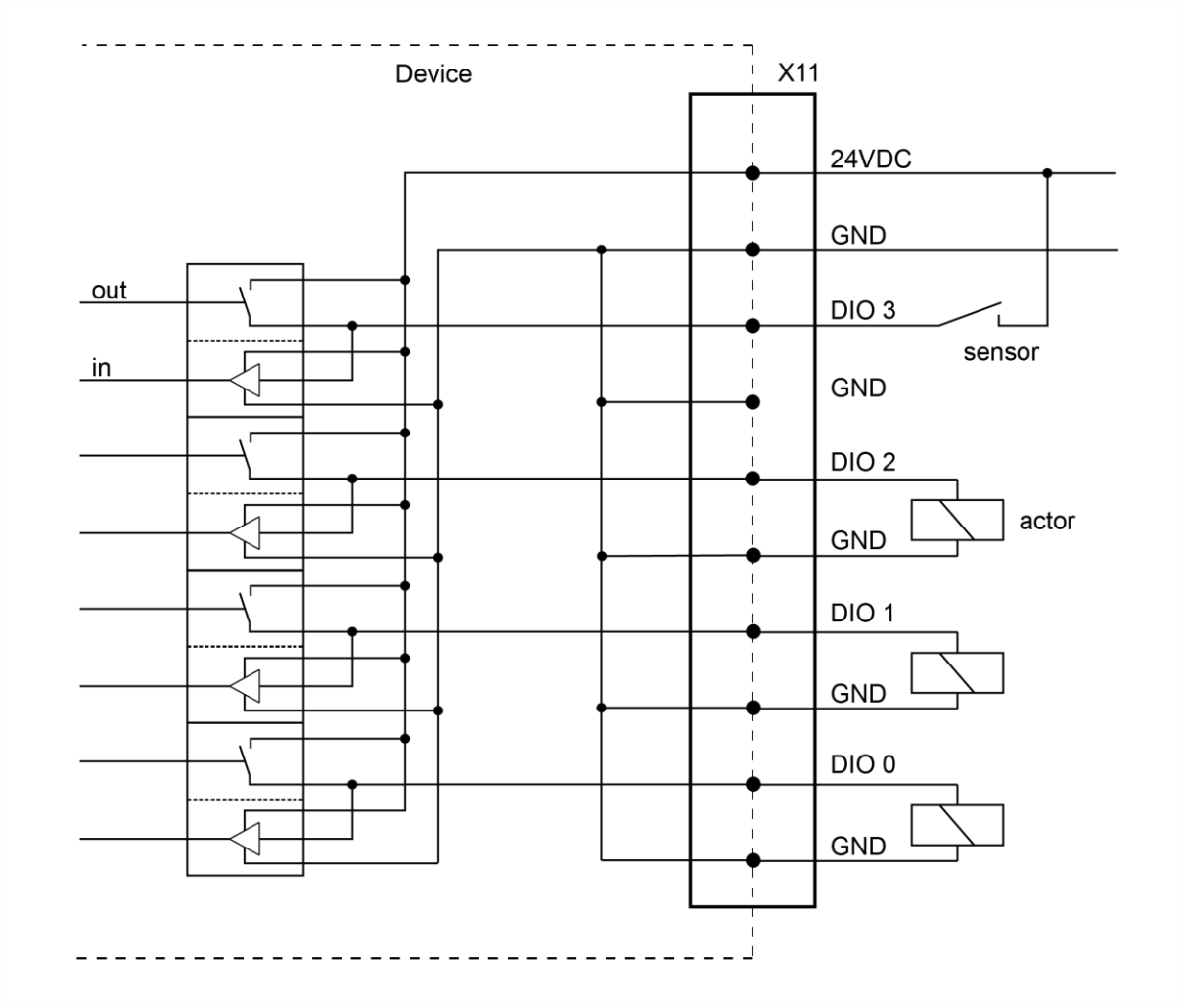



Figure 14: Connections DIO X11 (Example)

## 4.4.10 “microSD” Memory Card Slot

The product is equipped with a laterally mounted slot for microSD and microSDHC memory cards.

microSD (max. 2 GB) and microSDHC (max. 32 GB) cards tested by WAGO can be used.

**⚠ CAUTION**

**Use only WAGO memory cards!**
Proper function and performance cannot be ensured when using SD/SDHC memory cards not approved by WAGO.

**Note**

**Pay attention to the memory card preformatting!**
Please note that memory cards ≤ 2 GB are often formatted with the “FAT16” file system type and can generate up to 512 entries in the root directory. For more than 512 entries, generate them in a subdirectory or format the memory card as “FAT32.

## 4.5 Real-Time Clock

The real-time clock RTC is installed internally and not accessible. It is for internal use only.

**Deviation/accuracy**

The deviation is less than ± 4 sec/day with an ambient temperature of 25 °C.

**Power reserve**

The clock continues to run min. 35 days (corresponds to 840 hours) at 25 °C after shutting off the power supply.
After more than 35 days without a power supply, a clock setting dialog appears to enter the time again. The appearance of the dialog can be switched ON or OFF in the configuration.
There is no battery for buffering.

**Resolution**

The resolution of the clock for date and time is 1 sec.
Date and time are supplied and queried by the application.

# 4.6 Display Elements

## 4.6.1 Status LED

There is a three-color status LED on the front for displaying operating and error messages.

The indicators are explained as follows:

Table 14: Status LED

| LED Display | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Green, steady | The panel is ready to operate. |
| Red, flashing | There is an error.<br>The specific error message is displayed. |
| Blue, flashing | There is a connection error to the controller. No communication |

One three-color LED and four two-color LEDs are located on the left side. The meaning of the three-color SYS LED is analogous to that of the status LED on the front.

The RUN LED indicates the program status.

Table 15: RUN LED

| LED Display | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Green, flashing | No application and no boot project loaded. |
| Green, steady | CODESYS V3 applications running. |
| Red, steady | All CODESYS V3 applications have stopped. |

The CAN LED indicates the CANopen status.

Table 16: CAN LED

| LED Display | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Green, steady | CAN communication is running. |
| Red, steady | CAN communication is disrupted. |

Two other user LEDs, “H11” and “H22,” are provided for future applications.

## 4.6.2 Feedback LEDs for the Brightness Buttons

Two capacitive buttons with visual feedback from two white LEDs are used to set the display brightness.

# 4.7 Operating Elements

The panel is primarily operated from the touch screen. In addition, there are two capacitive buttons for brightness control on the front of the panel.

You can find the operating mode switch and the “CFG/RST” button on the left side.

External USB devices, e.g., a keyboard and mouse, can also be used to operate the panel.

## 4.7.1 Mode Selector Switch

The Mode Selector Switch has the following positions:

Table 17: Positions Mode Selector Switch

| Position | Actuation | Function |
|---|---|---|
| RESET | Spring-return | **Reset warm start** or<br>**Reset cold start**<br>(depending on length of actuation, see Section “Starting” > “Initiating Reset Functions”) |
| STOP | Latching | **Stop**<br>All CODESYS V3 applications have stopped. |
| RUN | Latching | **Normal operation**<br>CODESYS V3 applications running. |

Using the button “CFG/RST” button you can initiate a “Factory Reset”. See section „Service“ > „Factory Reset“.

## 4.7.2 “CFG/RST” Button

The “CFG/RST” button is installed inside a hole to prevent accidental operation. It is a shortstroke button with a low actuating force of 1.1 N … 2.1 N (110 gf … 210 gf). The button can be actuated using a suitable object (e.g., a pen).

With the “CFG/RST” button, you can:

- Change the configuration with the WBM
- Restore the factory settings (“factory reset”)

Please refer to the sections of the same names further back in this manual for information about the functions.

# 4.8 Schematic Diagram

**NOTICE**

**Do not use grounded USB devices!**
USB interface shielding is not grounded directly, but rather via interference-suppression capacitors. Only keyboards, mice and USB memory sticks should be connected to the USB ports. Do not connect devices that are grounded, e.g., printers, because they bridge the interference-suppression capacitors, and immunity to interference is reduced.

## 4.8.1 Schematic Diagram PIO2

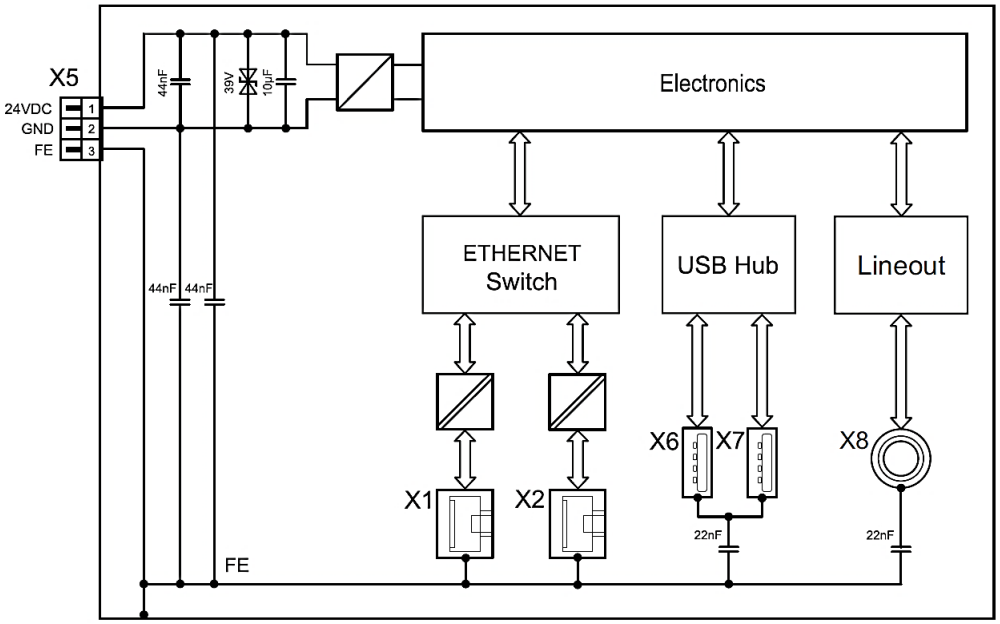



Figure 15: Schematic Diagram PIO2

# 4.9 Schematic Diagram PIO3

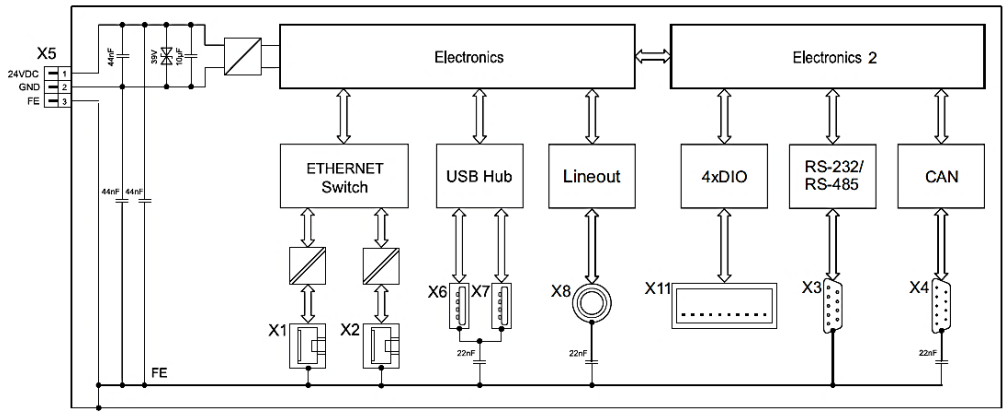



Figure 16: Schematic Diagram PIO3

# 4.10 Technical Data

## 4.10.1 Device PIO2

Table 18: Technical Data – Device PIO2

| | |
|---|---|
| Front panel | Matt black front, black anodized aluminum frame |
| Housing material | Anodized aluminum |
| Dimensions (width × height × depth) | 4.3”: 155 × 135 × 58 mm |
| | 5.7”: 172 × 163 × 58 mm |
| | 7.0”: 213 × 167 × 58 mm |
| | 10.1”: 293 × 223 × 58 mm |
| Mounting panel cutout (width × height) | 4.3”: 140 × 120 mm |
| | 5.7”: 157 × 148 mm |
| | 7.0”: 198 × 152 mm |
| | 10.1”: 278 × 208 mm |
| Mounting panel thickness | 2 … 6 mm |
| All-round clearance for ventilation and cable routing | 100 mm |
| Mounting | 4.3” with 4 clamping elements, 5.7” and 7.0” with 8 and 10.1” with 10 clamping elements<br>or VESA mount (4 × M4 × 8) |
| Weight | 4,3“: 560 g |
| | 5,7“: 850 g |
| | 7,0“: 1040 g |
| | 10,1“: 1570 g |
| IP degree of protection<br>• For installation in a control cabinet or housing | • Up to IP65/UL-NEMA4 (dust tight and water jets), depending on the degree of protection of the control cabinet or housing |
| • For VESA mounting | • IP20 (protection against foreign objects ≥ 12.5 mm, no protection against water) |
| Protection class | SK III |
| Overvoltage category | II |
| Pollution degree | 2 |

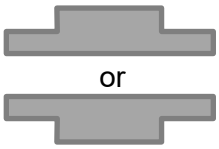
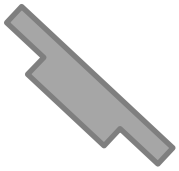
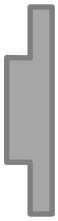
## 4.10.2 Device PIO3

Table 19: Technical Data – Device PIO3

| | |
|---|---|
| Front panel | Matt black front, black anodized aluminum frame |
| Housing material | Anodized aluminum |
| Dimensions (width × height × depth) | 4.3”: 155 × 135 × 78 mm |
| | 5.7”: 172 × 163 × 78 mm |
| | 7.0”: 213 × 167 × 78 mm |
| | 10.1”: 293 × 223 × 78 mm |
| Mounting panel cutout (width × height) | 4.3”: 140 × 120 mm |
| | 5.7”: 157 × 148 mm |
| | 7.0”: 198 × 152 mm |
| | 10.1”: 278 × 208 mm |
| Mounting panel thickness | 2 … 6 mm |
| All-round clearance for ventilation and cable routing | 100 mm |
| Mounting | 4.3” with 4 clamping elements, 5.7” and 7.0” with 8 and 10.1” with 10 clamping elements<br>or VESA mount (4 × M4 × 8) |
| Weight | 4,3“: 690 g |
| | 5,7“: 970 g |
| | 7,0“: 1160 g |
| | 10,1“: 1690 g |
| IP degree of protection<br>• For installation in a control cabinet or housing | • Up to IP65/UL-NEMA4 (dust tight and water jets), depending on the degree of protection of the control cabinet or housing |
| • For VESA mounting | • IP20 (protection against foreign objects ≥ 12.5 mm, no protection against water) |
| Protection class | SK III |
| Overvoltage category | II |
| Pollution degree | 2 |

## 4.10.3 Climatic Environmental Conditions

Table 20: Technical Data – Climatic Environmental Conditions

| Permissible ambient temperatures | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| | Mounting position horizontal<br>  <br> | Mounting position ± 45°<br>  | Mounting position vertical<br>  |
| 4.3” | −20 … 50 °C | −20 … 50 °C | −20 … 55 °C |
| 5.7” | −20 … 50 °C | −20 … 50 °C | −20 … 55 °C |
| 7.0” | −20 … 50 °C | −20 … 50 °C | −20 … 55 °C |
| 10.1” | −20 … 50 °C | −20 … 50 °C | −20 … 55 °C |
| Permissible storage temperature | | −20 ... +80 °C<br>Please refer to the chart below. | |
| Relative humidity<br>(without condensation) | | 10 ... 90 %<br>Please refer to the chart below. | |
| Operating altitude | | 0 … 2000 m | |

The permissible storage temperature and relative humidity that occurs are interdependent. The chart below shows the relationship. The permitted range is shaded in gray.

Example 1:
With relative humidity of 90 %, the device can be stored at a maximum temperature of 60 °C.

Example 2:
With a storage temperature of 68 °C, the maximum relative humidity can be 60 %.

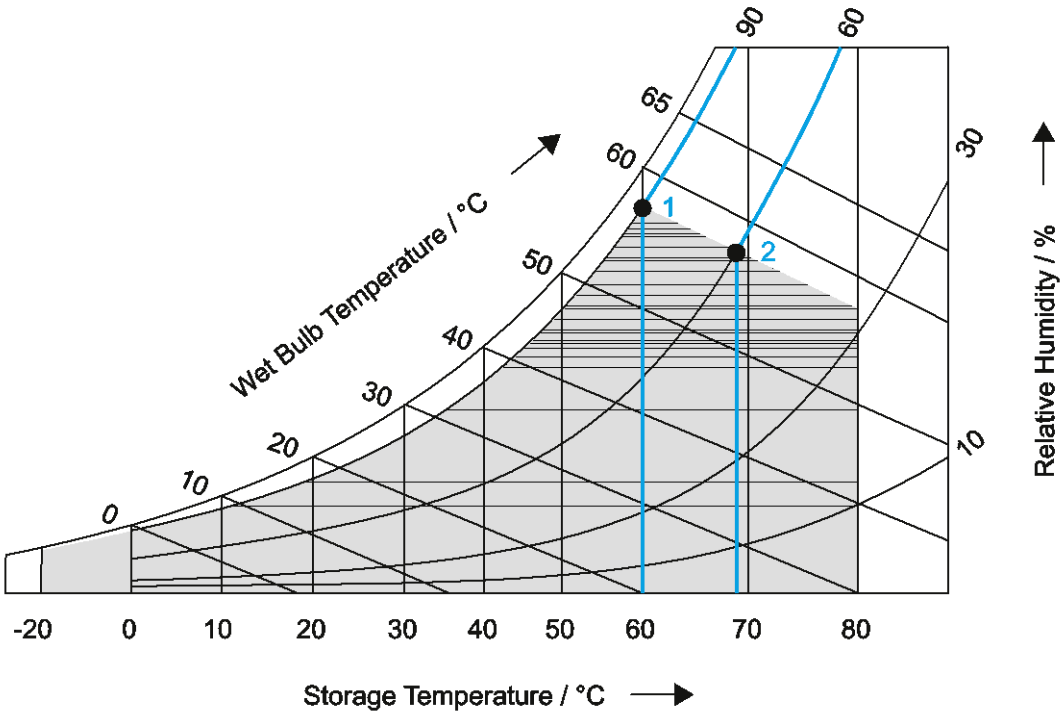



Figure 17: Dependence between Storage Temperature and Relative Humidity

## 4.10.4 Power Supply

Table 21: Technical Data – Power Supply PIO2

| | |
|---|---|
| Operating Voltage | SELV (Safety Extra Low Voltage) – voltage source that meets the requirements of a LPS (Limited Power Source) as per EN 60950-1<br>24 VDC (−25 ... +30 %)<br>with reverse voltage protection |
| Max. current and power consumption at 24 V, without external USB devices | 4,3“: 240 mA, 5,6 W |
| | 5,7“: 265 mA, 6,4 W |
| | 7,0“: 346 mA, 8,3 W |
| | 10,1“: 480 mA, 11,5 W |
| Max. current consumption across the entire voltage range, without/with external USB devices | 4,3“: 310 mA/575 mA |
| | 5,7“: 360 mA/640 mA |
| | 7,0“: 460 mA/760 mA |
| | 10,1“: 640 mA/940 mA |
| Max. power consumption across the entire voltage range, without/with external USB devices | 4,3“: 6,0 W /11,2 W |
| | 5,7“: 7,0 W/12,0 W |
| | 7,0“: 8,8 W/13,9 W |
| | 10,1“: 11,8 W/17,0 W |

Table 22: Technical Data – Power Supply PIO3

| | |
|---|---|
| Operating Voltage | SELV (Safety Extra Low Voltage) – voltage source that meets the requirements of a LPS (Limited Power Source) as per EN 60950-1<br>24 VDC (−25 ... +30 %)<br>with reverse voltage protection |
| Max. current and power consumption at 24 V, without external USB devices | 4,3“: 240 mA, 5,6 W |
| | 5,7“: 265 mA, 6,4 W |
| | 7,0“: 346 mA, 8,3 W |
| | 10,1“: 480 mA, 11,5 W |
| Max. current consumption across the entire voltage range, without/with external USB devices | 4,3“: 310 mA/575 mA |
| | 5,7“: 360 mA/640 mA |
| | 7,0“: 460 mA/760 mA |
| | 10,1“: 640 mA/940 mA |
| Max. power consumption across the entire voltage range, without/with external USB devices | 4,3“: 6,0 W /11,2 W |
| | 5,7“: 7,0 W/12,0 W |
| | 7,0“: 8,8 W/13,9 W |
| | 10,1“: 11,8 W/17,0 W |

## 4.10.5 Touch Screen

Table 23: Technical Data – Touch Screen 4.3” (109 mm)

| | |
|---|---|
| Display type | Resistive TFT LCD with LED backlight, wide viewing angle,<br>single-touch, reflection-free |
| Screen size (diagonal) | 4.3” (109 mm) |
| Aspect | 16:9 |
| Display colors | 16 million colors |
| Graphics resolution | 480 × 272 pixels |
| Contrast ratio | 600:1 |
| Viewing angle, horizontal/vertical | 80 ° / 80 ° |
| Brightness | Max. 500 cd/m², settable |
| HBT* | 50,000 hrs. |
| Durability | 100,000 activations with touch pen |

* The HBT (Half Brightness Time) defines the decrease in “LED brightness” by 50 % compared to the original brightness. This information applies to T = 25 ± 2 °C and RH = 60 ± 10 %.

Table 24: Technical Data – Touch Screen 5.7” (145 mm)

| | |
|---|---|
| Display type | Resistive TFT LCD with LED backlight, wide viewing angle, single-touch, reflection-free |
| Screen size (diagonal) | 5.7” (145 mm) |
| Aspect | 4:3 |
| Display colors | 262,000 colors |
| Graphics resolution | 640 × 480 pixels |
| Contrast ratio | 300:1 |
| Viewing angle, horizontal/vertical | 80 ° / 80 ° |
| Brightness | Max. 630 cd/m², settable |
| HBT* | 30,000 hrs. |
| Durability | 100,000 activations with touch pen |

* The HBT (Half Brightness Time) defines the decrease in “LED brightness” by 50 % compared to the original brightness. This information applies to T = 25 ± 2 °C and RH = 60 ± 10 %.

Table 25: Technical Data – Touch Screen 7.0” (180 mm)

| | |
|---|---|
| Display type | Resistive TFT LCD with LED backlight, wide viewing angle, single-touch, reflection-free |
| Screen size (diagonal) | 7.0” (180 mm) |
| Aspect | 16:9 |
| Display colors | 16 million colors |
| Graphics resolution | 800 × 480 pixels |
| Contrast ratio | 800:1 |
| Viewing angle, horizontal/vertical | 89 ° / 89 ° |
| Brightness | Max. 450 cd/m², settable |
| HBT* | 30,000 hrs. |
| Durability | 100,000 activations with touch pen |

* The HBT (Half Brightness Time) defines the decrease in “LED brightness” by 50 % compared to the original brightness. This information applies to T = 25 ± 2 °C and RH = 60 ± 10 %.

Table 26: Technical Data – Touch Screen 10.1” (257 mm)

| | |
|---|---|
| Display type | Resistive TFT LCD with LED backlight, wide viewing angle, single-touch, reflection-free |
| Screen size (diagonal) | 10.1” (257 mm) |
| Aspect | 16:9 |
| Display colors | 16 million colors |
| Graphics resolution | 1280 × 800 pixels |
| Contrast ratio | 800:1 |
| Viewing angle, horizontal/vertical | 85 ° / 85 ° |
| Brightness | Max. 800 cd/m², settable |
| HBT* | 70,000 hrs. |
| Durability | 100,000 activations with touch pen |

* The HBT (Half Brightness Time) defines the decrease in “LED brightness” by 50 % compared to the original brightness. This information applies to T = 25 ± 2 °C and RH = 60 ± 10 %.

## 4.10.6 Hardware

Table 27: Technical Data – Hardware

| | |
|---|---|
| Processor | ARM® Cortex® A9 Quadcore 1.0 GHz |
| External memory extension („µSD“ Slot) | microSD memory card (max. 2 GB) or microSDHC memory card (max. 32 GB) |

## 4.10.7 Communication

Table 28: Technical Data – Communication PIO2

| | |
|---|---|
| Fieldbus | MODBUS TCP/UDP |
| Protocols | ETHERNET TCP/IP, DHCP, DNS, FTP, FTPS, HTTP, HTTPS und SSH |

Table 29: Technical Data – Communication PIO3

| | |
|---|---|
| Fieldbus | MODBUS TCP/UDP und CAN |
| Protocols | ETHERNET TCP/IP, DHCP, DNS, FTP, FTPS, HTTP, HTTPS und SSH |

## 4.10.8 Interfaces

### 4.10.8.1 Interfaces Hardware PIO2

Table 30: Technical Data – Interfaces Hardware PIO2

| | |
|---|---|
| ETHERNET Interfaces X1 and X2 | 2 × RJ-45, with Switch, 10/100 Mbit/s, connecting cables twisted pair SF-UTP, 100 Ohms, category 5e, patch or crossover, max. 100 m |
| USB Interfaces X6 and X7 | 2 × USB 2.0 Host (type A),<br>480 Mbit/s,<br>Connecting cables max. 3 m, Current draw max. 2 × 500 mA |
| „µSD“ Slot | For memory cards microSD and microSDHC |

#### 4.10.8.2 Interface Hardware PIO3

Table 31: Technical Data – Interfaces Hardware PIO3

| | |
|---|---|
| ETHERNET Interfaces X1 and X2 | 2 × RJ-45,witht Switch, 10/100 Mbit/s, connecting cables twisted pair SF-UTP, 100 Ohms, category 5e, patch or crossover, max. 100 m |
| Serial Interface RS-232/-485 X3 | 1 x D-Sub-9 |
| CAN Interface X4 | 1 x D-Sub-9 |
| USB Interfaces X6 and X7 | 2 × USB 2.0 Host (type A),<br>480 Mbit/s,<br>connecting cables max. 3 m, Current draw max. 2 × 500 mA |
| „µSD“ Slot | For memory cards microSD and microSDHC |

## 4.10.9 Connectors

### 4.10.9.1 Connectors Hardware PIO2

Table 32: Technical Data – Connections Hardware PIO2

| | |
|---|---|
| X5 voltage supply | 3 × CAGE CLAMP®,<br>connection cable, max. 3 m to power supply,<br>conductor cross section: 0.14 … 1.5 mm² / AWG 25 … 14,<br>strip length: 7 mm / 0.28 inch |
| X8 audio output<br>for headphones | 3-pole stereo socket, 3,5 mm,<br>headphone output: 62.5 mW at 16 ohm,<br>frequency range: 20 … 20,000 Hz |

### 4.10.9.2 Connectors Hardware PIO3

Table 33: Technical Data – Connections Hardware PIO3

| | |
|---|---|
| X5 voltage supply | 3 × CAGE CLAMP®,<br>connection cable, max. 3 m to power supply,<br>conductor cross section: 0.14 … 1.5 mm² / AWG 25 … 14,<br>strip length: 7 mm / 0.28 inch |
| X8 audio output<br>for headphones | 3-pole stereo socket, 3,5 mm,<br>headphone output: 62.5 mW at 16 ohm,<br>frequency range: 20 … 20,000 Hz |
| Four DIO X11 digital inputs or outputs | 10 × push-in CAGE CLAMP®,<br>4 inputs as per IEC 61131-2 type 1/outputs as high-side switch, 24 V 0.5 A<br>conductor cross section: 0.2 … 1,5 mm² / AWG 24 … 14,<br>strip length: 8 … 9 mm / 0.31 … 0.35 inch |

## 4.11 Approvals

The following approvals have been granted to the products:

Conformity Marking

UK Conformity Assessed

cULus: UL61010-1, UL61010-2-201

Korea Certification: MSIP-REM-W43-WBP762

Eurasian Conformity: EAC RU C-DE.AM02.B.00087/19

DNV
(Det Norske Veritas): TAA00001FS

| | |
|---|---|
| Temperature: | A |
| Humidity: | A*/B |
| Vibration: | B |
| EMC: | B |
| Enclosure: | Required protection according to the Rules shall be provided upon installation on board |

**Information**

**Detailed information regarding approvals**
Detailed information regarding approvals can be found at:
https://www.wago.com <item no.>

## 4.12 Standards and Guidelines

The products meet the following requirements on emission and immunity of interference:

| | |
|---|---|
| EMC CE-Immunity to interference | EN 61000-6-2 |
| EMC CE-Emission of interference | EN 61000-6-3 |

# 5 Functions

## 5.1 Visu Panel

The Visu Panel combines HMI and control functions, since it is a PLC as per IEC 61131-3. Unlike the Web Panel, the visualization for the Visu Panel is generated directly on the panel. The variables are exchanged via an open fieldbus.

Commissioning is performed in the Web browser with the “Web-Based Management WBM” software. During ongoing operation of the system that is to be controlled, the target visualization is then displayed with the CODESYS V3 application. The visualization and data exchange are programmed with CODESYS V3 on the engineering PC. The visualization can also be provided to other display devices through the integrated Webserver.

ETHERNET is used for communication with the engineering PC.

## 5.2 Control Panel

The Control Panel combines HMI and control functions, since it is a PLC as per IEC 61131-3. Furthermore, four actuators/sensors can be connected to the four digital I/Os. If more are needed, fieldbus nodes can be connected via the fieldbus interfaces.

Commissioning is performed in the Web browser with the “Web-Based Management WBM” software. During ongoing operation of the system that is to be controlled, the target visualization, which was programmed on the engineering PC with the CODESYS V3 application, is then displayed with CODESYS V3. The visualization can also be provided to other display devices through the integrated Webserver.

ETHERNET is used for communication with the engineering PC. Communication with other controllers/couplers occurs over ETHERNET or a fieldbus.

## 5.3 Web Browser

The integrated Web browser displays the controller websites.
Up to 10 controllers can be configured in the WBM. The “PLC List”/”Browser Favorites” is used to select a controller and to launch his Web visualization directly.

The Web browser can display Web pages via encrypted connections (HTTPS).

The virtual keyboard opens automatically when an input field is actuated. The user can use the “Switch keyboard” button to switch between levels (letters and numbers).
The user can choose between the “virtual keyboard” and “CODESYS numpad and keypad” in a CODESYS visualization.

The following can be configured as the start page:

- the WBM
- the selection list “PLC List”/”Browser Favorites”
- the Web visualization of a specific controller directly
- the MicroBrowser of a specific controller

See “Favorites” Page in the WBM for the configuration of the start page.

## 5.4 MicroBrowser

The additionally integrated MicroBrowser supports web visualization based on CODESYS V2.3. The MicroBrowser is thus able to display JAVA applet-based websites. The virtual keyboard with key pad and number pad opens automatically when an input field is pressed.
To close the MicroBrowser and switch to the WBM, the touch must be pressed for 5 seconds outside of the control elements, buttons, etc.

The MicroBrowser can be set as the start page.
The MicroBrowser settings are made in the WBM on the “Favorites” page.

## 5.5 Connection Monitoring

If a CODESYS visualization connection is interrupted, an error message is displayed and the panel automatically attempts to restore the connection (reconnect) every 10 seconds.

## 5.6 WBM for Configuration/Parameterization

The Web-Based Management (WBM) provides an interface for configuring or parameterizing the panel optimized for the touch-sensitive screen. The WBM can be called up from the panel directly or on the engineering PC.

A detailed description of all available elements and functions is available in Section “Commissioning”.

## 5.7 Network

### 5.7.1 Interface Configuration

The X1 and X2 ETHERNET interfaces are connected to an internal 3-port switch, whose third port is connected to the CPU. The “Configuration Type” is set to “DHCP” by default. The TCP/IP settings such as IP address or subnet

#### 5.7.1.1 Operation with Separate Network Interfaces

When operating with separate network interfaces, both ETHERNET interfaces can be configured and used separately.
Note that the two interfaces still have the same MAC address. Therefore, they must not be operated in the same network segment.

When switching to operating with separate interfaces, interface X2 is initialized with the setting values last valid for it. The connections on the X1 interface persist.

When operating with separate interfaces and fixed IP address, the device can still be accessed via the interface X2 via the regular IP address.

### 5.7.2 Network Security

#### 5.7.2.1 Users and Passwords

There are several user groups that can be used for different services.

A default password is set for all users. We strongly recommend changing these passwords on startup!

**Note**

**Change passwords**
Default passwords are documented in these instructions and therefore do not offer adequate protection! Change the passwords to meet your particular needs.

### 5.7.2.2 Services and Users

All password-protected services and their associated users are listed in the following table.

| Service | Users | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | WBM | | Linux® | | | |
| | admin | user | root | admin | user | SNMP |
| Web-Based Management (WBM) | X | X | | | | |
| Linux® console | | | X | X | X | |
| CODESYS | | | | X | | |
| Telnet | | | X | X | X | |
| FTP | | | X | X | X | |
| FTPS | | | X | X | X | |
| SSH | | | X | X | X | |
| SNMP | | | | | | X |

### 5.7.2.3 WBM User Group

The Web-Based Management (WBM) has its own user management. The users in this system are isolated from the other user groups in the system for security reasons.
At initial start-up, you are prompted in the WBM to change the password when logging in as an Admin user.
This does not change the passwords for the Linux® “root” and “admin” users!

Table 34: WBM Users

| User | Permissions | Default Password |
|---|---|---|
| admin | All (administrator) | wago |
| user | Supported to a limited extent | user |

### 5.7.2.4 Linux® User Group

The Linux® user group includes the actual users of the operating system who are also used by most services. The passwords for these users are to be configured via SSH terminal connection.

Table 35: Linux® User

| User | Special Feature | Home Directory | Default Password |
|---|---|---|---|
| root | Superuser | /root | wago |
| admin | CODESYS user | /home/admin | wago |
| user | Normal user | /home/user | user |

**Note**

**Change passwords**
Default passwords are documented in these instructions and therefore do not offer adequate protection! Change the passwords to meet your particular needs.

**Example**

The PuTTY SSH client is used via ETHERNET to change the default password for the Linux® user “root”.
After launching putty.exe, “login as:” appears. Enter “root” and press [**Enter**]. You are prompted to enter the password. Enter “wago” as the default password. You are prompted to assign a “New password:”. Enter a unique password that meets the required level of security and press [**Enter**]. You are prompted to “Retype password:”. Enter your password again and press [**Enter**] to change the password.
Repeat the process when logging in as a Linux® “admin” user.

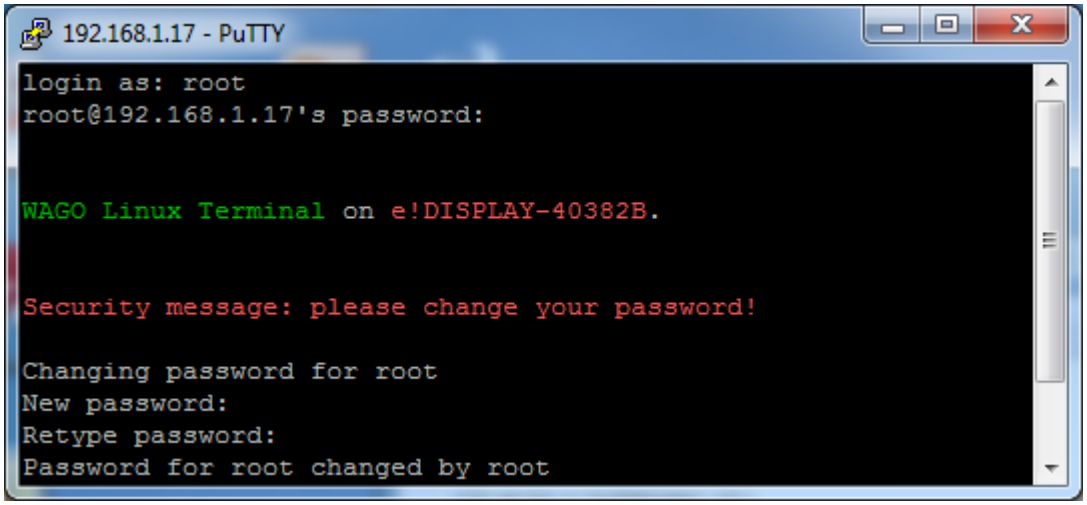



Figure 18: Example for Linux® Password

### 5.7.2.5 SNMP User Group

The SNMP service manages its own users. In its initial state, no users are stored in the system.

#### 5.7.2.6 Web Protocols for WBM Access

The HTTP and HTTPS web protocols can be used to access the WBM pages. HTTPS is preferred because it uses the SSL/TLS protocol. The SSL/TLS protocol ensures secure communication through encryption and authentication.

#### 5.7.2.7 TLS Encryption

When an HTTPS connection is established, the Web browser and Webserver negotiate what TLS version and what cryptographic method are to be used.

The “TLS Configuration” group of the WBM page “Security” can be used to switch the cryptographic methods allowed for HTTPS and the TLS versions that can be used.

The settings “Strong” and “Standard” are possible.
If “Strong” is set, the Webserver only allows TLS Version 1.2 and strong algorithms.
Older software and older operating systems may not support TLS 1.2 and encryption algorithms.
If “Standard” is set, TLS 1.0, TLS 1.1 and TLS 1.2 are allowed, as well as cryptographic methods that are no longer considered secure.

**Information**

**BSI Technical Guidelines TR-02102**
The rules for the “Strong” setting are based on technical guidelines TR-02102 of the German Federal Office for Information Security.
You can find the guidelines on the Internet at: https://www.bsi.bund.de > “Publications” > “Technical Guidelines.”

**Information**

**BSI Guidelines on Migration to TLS 1.2 or TLS 1.3**
The German Federal Office for Information Security guidelines on migration to TLS 1.2 or TLS 1.3 contain “compatibility matrices” that show what software is comparable with TLS 1.2 or TLS 1.3.
You can find the guidelines on the Internet at: https://www.bsi.bund.de > “Topics” > “Standards and Criteria” > “Minimum Standards“.

### 5.7.3 Network Configuration

#### 5.7.3.1 Host Name/Domain Name

If the host name is not configured, the product receives a default name based on the last three values of the product’s MAC address. The name applies as long as no host name is configured or no host name is given to the product by DHCP (to configure, see section “Commissioning” > “Configuring in the Web-Based Management (WBM)”). When the host name is set, a host name supplied by a

DHCP response is immediately active and displaces the configured or default host name. If only the configured name should apply, the network administrator must adjust the configuration of the active DHCP server, so that no host name is passed in the DHCP response.

The default host name or the configured name is active again if the network interfaces are set to static IP addresses or if a host name is not received via the DHCP response.

A similar mechanism is used for a domain name as for the host name. The difference is that a default domain name is not set. As long as a domain name is not configured or supplied by DHCP, the domain name is empty.

#### 5.7.3.2 Default Gateways

Two default gateways can be set for the product in the TCP/IP configuration. A network station transmits to a default gateway all network data packets for systems outside of its local network. This gateway is responsible for the appropriate routing of the data packets, so that they reach the target system.

A so-called metric is assigned to the default gateways that specifies with what time delay, sometimes called cost factor, a data packet can be forwarded via the gateway. If multiple default gateways are configured, the operating system transmits the data packets to the default gateway configured with the lowest metric. If this gateway is not accessible, an attempt is made to access the gateway with the next higher metric. If several of the gateways have the same metric, the gateway is determined randomly. If this gateway cannot transmit the data packet, the data packet is sent simultaneously to all other gateways of the same metric.

The metric of the configured default gateways can be specified for the product. The default value for the metric is 20. Besides the directly configured gateways, other gateways can be set via DHCP responses so that more than two gateways are possible. All gateways transferred via DHCP are assigned a permanent metric of 10. The DHCP gateways are thus normally given priority on account of their low metric.

## 5.8 Memory Card Functions

The memory card is optional and is used as an additional memory range for the internal memory or drive. Device settings and the product's firmware can be saved on the memory card.

### 5.8.1 Backup

This function enables the data of the internal memory and device settings to be saved on the memory card during operation.

The network, or when inserted, the memory card can be selected as the target medium.

The files of the internal drive are stored on the target medium in the directory media/sd/copy and in the corresponding subdirectories. Information that does not exist as files in the controller is saved in XML format in the media/sd/settings directory.

The device settings and files of the internal drive are then saved on the target medium.

### 5.8.2 Restore

This function is used to load the data and device settings from the memory card to the internal memory during operation.

The network, or when inserted, the memory card or can be selected as the source medium.

When loading the data, the files are copied from the directory media/sd/copy of the source medium to the appropriate directories on the internal memory.

**Note**

**The device restarts if parameters change!**
Note that the device loading the data executes a restart if parameters in the internal drive are overwritten with different parameter settings from the memory card.

**Note**

**Data size may not be larger than the internal drive size!**
Note that the size of data in the media/sd/copy directory may not exceed the total size of the internal drive.

### 5.8.3 Create Image

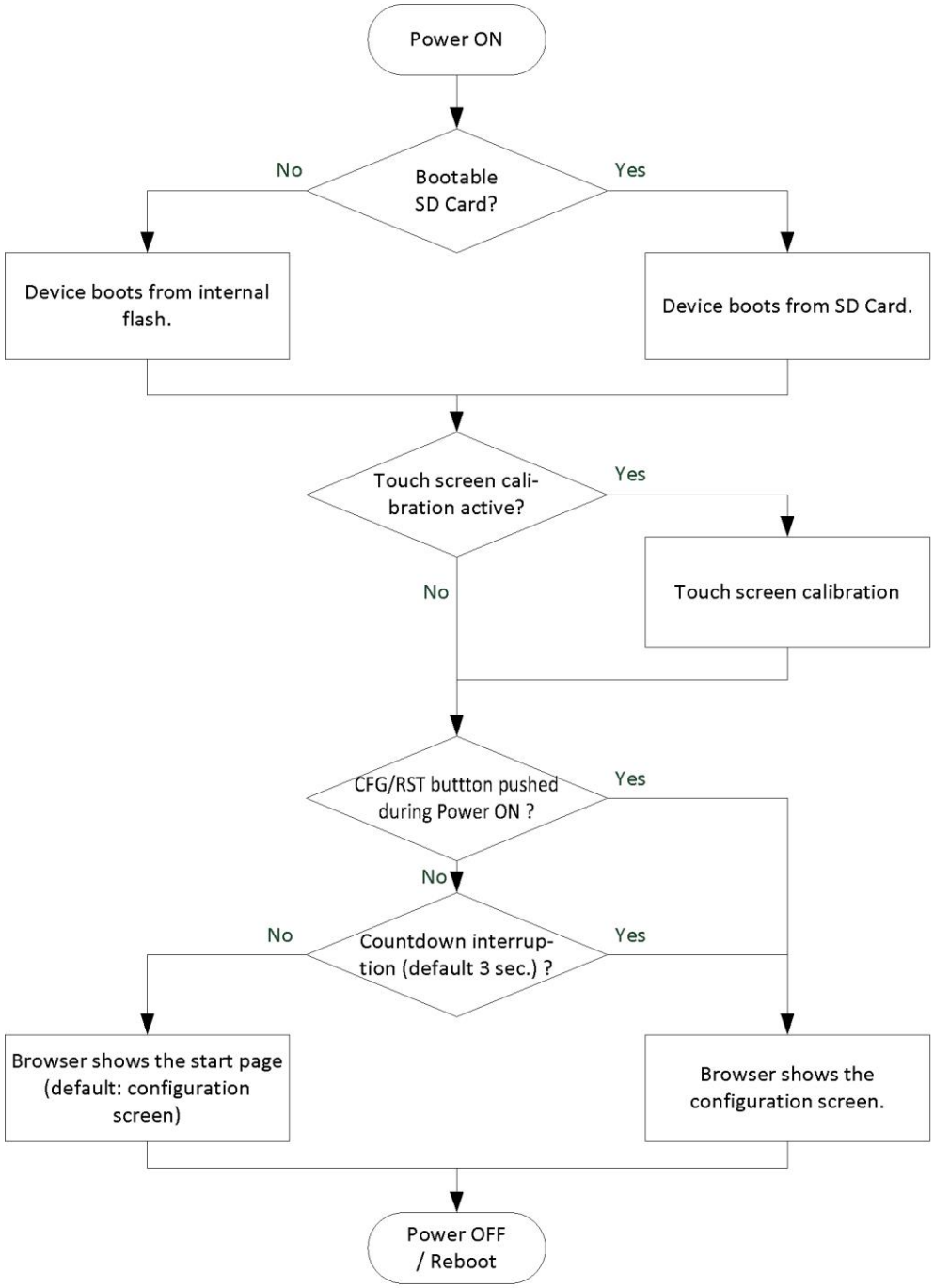
This WBM function can be used to create a bootable copy of the system currently booted. If the product was started from the internal flash, a copy is written to the memory card via the function “Create Image”. If the product was started from the memory card, a copy is saved to the internal flash. The existing image is deleted.

## 5.9 Downloading Software

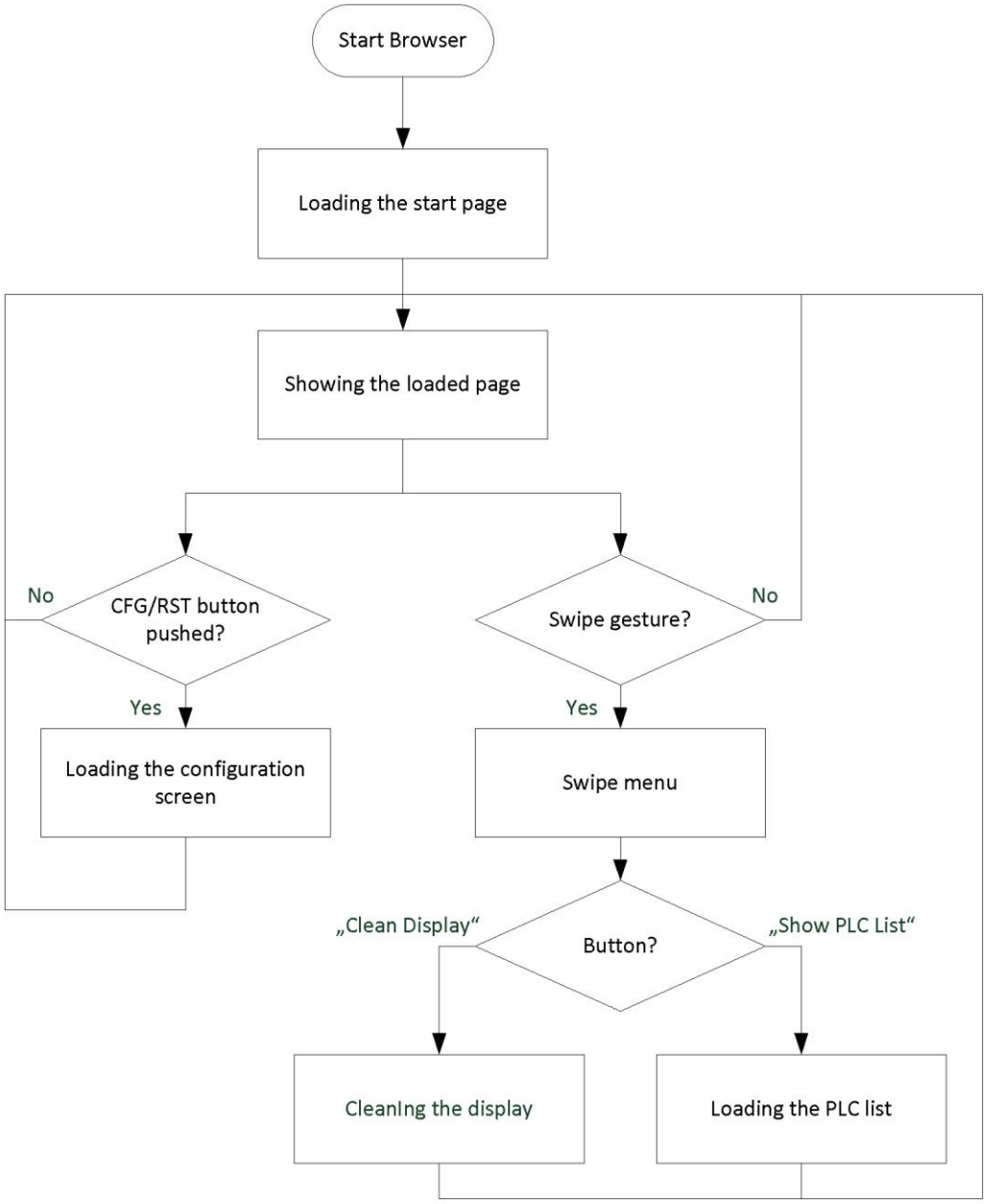
The product has the option to install or update individual software packages. The software packages are available from WAGO.
You can install them from your PC via WBM. See also WBM page „Software Uploads“.

# 5.10 Booting

### Start Behavior



### Browser


Start Browser
Loading the start page
Showing the loaded page
No
CFG/RST button pushed?
Yes
Loading the configuration screen
Swipe gesture?
No
Yes
Swipe menu
„Clean Display“
Button?
„Show PLC List“
Cleanlng the display
Loading the PLC list

**Button “CFG/RST”**

Pressing the button “CFG/RST” at run-time opens the WBM.
Pressing the button at products startup (power ON) prevents the normal auto start and only the WBM starts. The button is not used to make any changes to the settings.
Alternatively, you can also go to the WBM via the PLC list using a swipe gesture.

**Swipe Gesture**

The swipe gesture (from the top of the screen downwards) opens a menu with 4 buttons: ”WBM“, ”PLC-List“/”Browser Favorites” (incl. WBM), ”Visu“ and ”Cleaning“ (screen cleaning).
The swipe gesture works at any time.

## 5.11 Licensed Software Components

The CODESYS V3 runtime system software components that are subject to license verification are available for the product.

The Add-on Licensing can be used for licensing.

A license key is required for productive use without time restriction of a software component that is subject to licensing. Full use of the software component is possible even without a license is limited in time. This trial period only includes the amount of time that is required for actual use. Access without a license key is no longer possible after the trial period.

The license status (“Evaluation period not yet expired” or “Evaluation period has expired”) is displayed by the controller via the SYS LED.

# 6 Mounting

**NOTICE**

**Consider the IP protection type!**
The device is an open unit whose back side is IP20 protected, only. If the operating environment does not fulfill these requirements you have to install the device into cabinet resp. housing. Then a maximum protection type IP65 can be achieved depending on the cabinet resp. housing.

**Note**

**Avoid exposure to direct light!**
Position the product to avoid direct exposure to a strong light source, e.g., sunlight!

## 6.1 Assembly Guidelines/Standards

- DIN 60204 Electrical equipment of machines
- DIN EN 50178 Electronic equipment for use in power installations (replacement for VDE 0160)
- EN 60439 Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear assemblies

## 6.2 Installation in Front Door or Housing

The products are intended for installation that adheres to UL type 1, type 12 or type 4X, e.g., in a control cabinet’s front door or in an appropriate housing. To ensure adequate cooling and a suitable cable route, a free space of 100 mm must be available on all sides.

**Note**

**The permitted ambient temperature depends on the mounting position!**
If the panel is not installed vertically, cooling is affected, i.e., maximum permissible ambient temperature is reduced. For exact values, see section “Device Description” > “Technical Data”.

The panels are mounted from the front of the cabinet into the provided cutout. Press the panel into the cutout until the four mounting clips audibly engage. To hold the panel securely in place and to achieve IP65 or a UL-NEMA4 degree of protection (depending on the cabinet's protection class) you must also screw the panel from behind into the door using the included 4, 8 or 10 clamping elements. The following installation drawings must be observed.

Attach the clamping elements on positions 1 … 4 for 762-6x01, positions 1 … 8 for 762-6x02/-6x03 and positions 1 … 10 for 762-6x04.
The tightening torque is 0.1 Nm for 762-6x01 and 0.14 Nm for 762-6x02 … -6x04. This way, the seal makes a uniform contact.

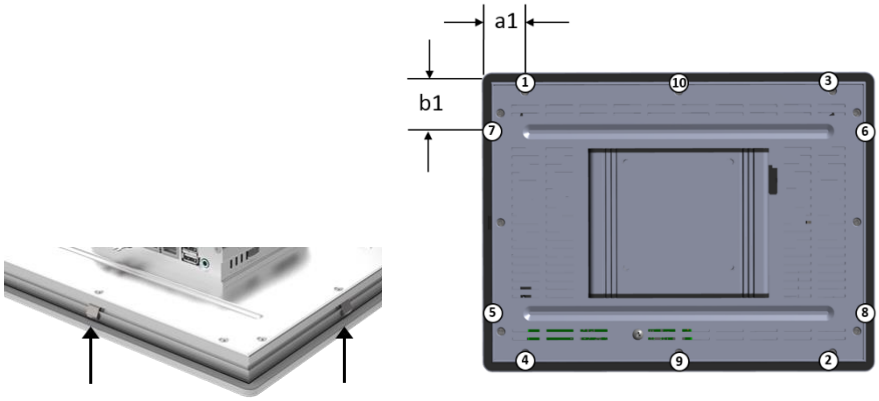



Figure 19: Mounting Clips and Positions of the Clamping Elements

Table 36: Positions of the Clamping Elements

| | Distance a1 | Distance b1 |
|---|---|---|
| **762-6x01** | * | * |
| **762-6x02** | 38 mm | 30 mm |
| **762-6x03** | 55 mm | 29 mm |
| **762-6x04** | 28 mm | 45 mm |

* Positions Depend on Housing Design.

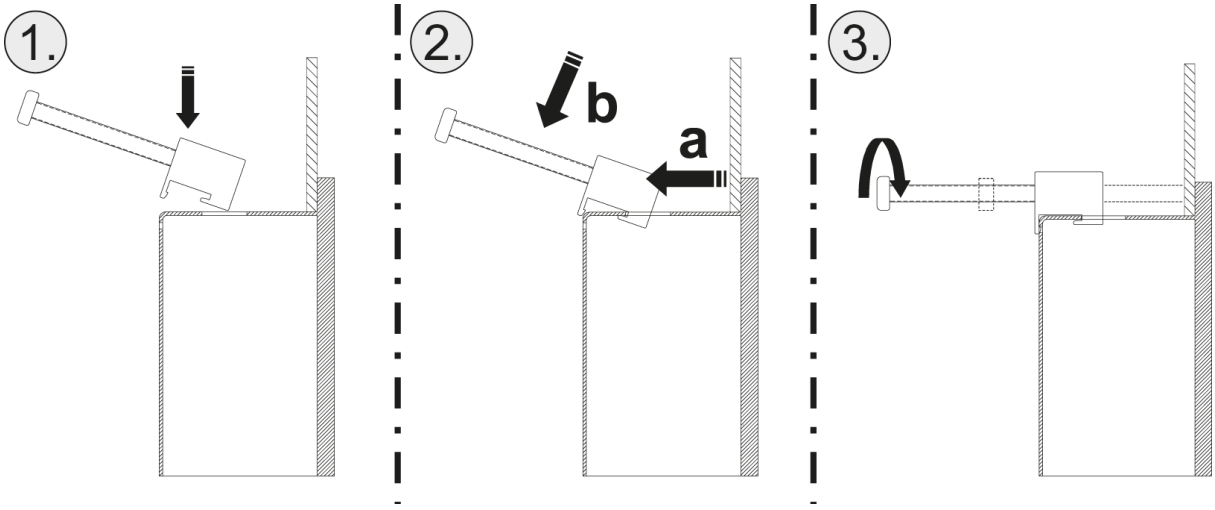



Figure 20: Securing the Clamping Elements via Screw

## 6.3 Mounting in Compliance with VESA Standard

**Note**

**No VESA mounting in the field of DNV GL applications!**
If a DNV GL approval is required for your application you must install the panel into cabinet resp. housing. Mounting in compliance with VESA standard is not permitted!

**Note**

**The permitted ambient temperature depends on the mounting position!**
If the panel is not installed vertically, cooling is affected, i.e., maximum permissible ambient temperature is reduced. For exact values, see section “Device Description” > “Technical Data”.

In addition to installation in a cutout, the panel can also be mounted, e.g., on a monitor stand, via four M4×8 screws (strength rating: 8.8). To support this, four threaded holes are drilled in a 75 × 75 mm square arrangement at the rear of the panel in compliance with the VESA MIS-D 75 C standard. Because the panel is unprotected when pole-mounted, it only has an IP20 degree of protection.
Insert the four screws 4 to 6 mm into the panel and torque to 3 Nm. Secure all cables using strain reliefs and sufficient cable ties.

# 7 Connecting

## 7.1 Connection Example

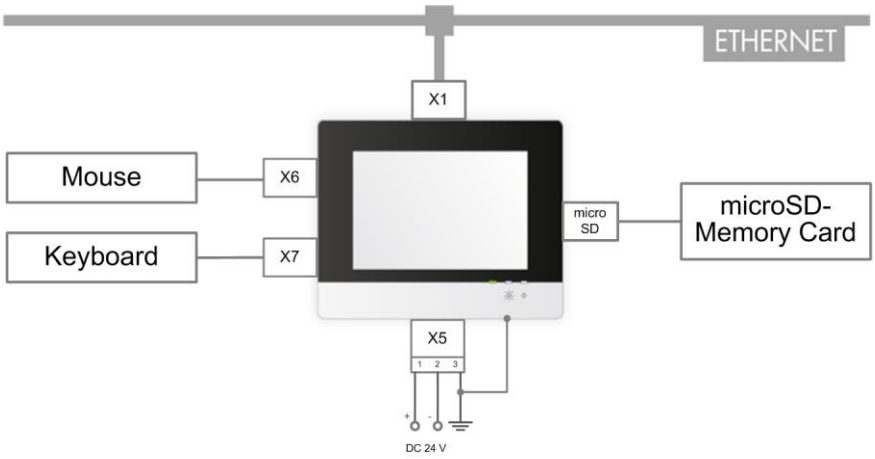



Figure 21: Connection Example

## 7.2 Earthing

Earthing is performed via connector X5, pin 3 “FE” (functional earth) and via the earthing screw or lug on the rear.
For this, use the included 734-103 Female Connector featuring three CAGE CLAMP® connections. First, open CAGE CLAMP® no. 3 using an operating tool. Then insert the conductor (strip length: 7 mm, max. 1.5 mm²) and remove the tool.
Plug the female connector into the X5 connector and then verify that the clamping connection is secured.

## 7.3 Connecting Devices

Peripherals are connected electrically by the interfaces on the bottom and left side.

The **ETHERNET interfaces** are used to connect to a LAN or to the Internet for communication with the controller. Crossover or patch cables category 5e can be used.

The **USB 2.0 interfaces** can be used to connect a keyboard or mouse as an alternative input device. Also, up to 2 USB memory devices can be connected. Because there are a large number of USB devices on the market, no guarantee can be made about the function of individual devices.
USB devices must be connected before power ON because they are not hot-pluggable.

**NOTICE**

**Do not use USB devices connected to earth!**
USB interface shielding is not earthed directly, rather via interference-suppression capacitor. Only keyboards, mice and USB memory sticks may be connected. Do not connect devices that are earthed, e.g., printers, because they bridge the interference-suppression capacitors and thus interference immunity is reduced.

Insert **microSD** memory cards as far into the slot until they click into place. The slot can be sealed to protect the card.
To remove, press the card further down until the lock releases. The card can then be removed.

If your application includes acoustic signals/warnings, you can plug the 3.5 mm stereo plug of headphones or similar audio systems into the **audio output socket**.

For more information about the interfaces, see section “Device Description” > “Connectors” and “Technical Data”.

## 7.4 Connecting the Power Supply

Connect the power supply to connector X5, pin 1 (+) and 2 (−). To do this, you must also use the included 734-103 Female Connector.

# 8 Commissioning

## 8.1 Removing the Protection Film

First remove the protection film from the touch screen. This film is not intended for permanent use but only for mounting resp. connecting works.

## 8.2 Switching ON

The product does not have an ON/OFF switch and is switched on together with your machine resp. system.

At commissioning, after a Firmware Update or if set, at each switching ON, following device startup you are prompted to calibrate the screen. The calibration is absolutely necessary. For this, touch the calibration points on the screen shown successively. The calibration process is skipped if you remain inactive for 20 seconds.

After booting the system, you are taken, either automatically or manually, to the WBM, “PLC-List”/“Browser Favorites” or a selected controller, depending on the settings (in the menu, accessed by swiping downward from the top edge of the screen). You can interrupt the automatic sequence and arrive at a selection menu if you interrupt the countdown shown by touching the screen.

## 8.3 Login

Before the WBM interface can be displayed, you are prompted to log in with a user name and password. When starting the WBM for the first time, you have to use the initial password. You can log in as “administrator” or “user”. Different functionalities are available to the different user groups. See “Configuring in the Web-Based Management (WBM) > User Management of the WBM” and “Configuring in the Web-Based Management (WBM) > Access Rights.”

## 8.4 Setting an IP Address

In the controller’s initial state, the following IP addresses are active for the ETHERNET interface (Port X1 and Port X2):

Table 37: Default IP Addresses for ETHERNET Interfaces

| ETHERNET Interface | Default Setting |
|---|---|
| X1/X2<br>(switched mode) | Dynamic assignment of IP address using DHCP<br>(“Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol”) |

Adapt IP addressing to your specific system structure to ensure that the PC and the controller can communicate with one another using one of the available configuration tools (see section “Configuration”).

**Example for incorporating the controller (192.168.2.17) into an existing network:**

- The IP address of the host PC is **192.168.1.2**.
- The controller and host PC must be in the same subnet (regardless of the IP address of the host PC).
- With a subnet mast of **255.255.255.0**, the first three digits of the IP address of the host PC and controller must match so that they are located in the same subnet.

Table 38: Network Mask 255.255.255.0

| Host PC | Subnet Address Range for the Controller |
|---|---|
| **192.168.1**.2 | **192.168.1**.1 or **192.168.1**.3 … **192.168.1**.254 |

### 8.4.1 Temporarily Setting a Fixed IP Address

This procedure temporarily sets the IP address for the X1 interface to the fixed address “192.168.1.17”.
When the switch is enabled, the fixed address is also used for interface X2.
When the switch is disabled, the original address setting for interface X2 is not changed.
No reset is performed.

To make this setting, proceed as follows:

1. Set the mode selector switch to STOP.
2. Press and hold the button “CFG/RST” for longer than 8 seconds.

Execution of the setting is signaled by the “SYS” LED flashing orange.

To cancel this setting, proceed as follows:

- Perform a software reset or
- Switch off the controller and then switch it back on.

## 8.5 Initiating Reset Functions

You can initiate various reset functions using the mode selector switch and the button “CFG/RST”.

### 8.5.1 Warm Start Reset

All CODESYS V3 applications are reset with a warm start reset. All global data is set to its initialization values. This corresponds to the CODESYS V3 IDE “Reset warm” command.

To perform a warm start reset, set the mode selector switch to "Reset" and hold it there for two to seven seconds.
Execution of the reset is signaled by the red “RUN LED” briefly going out when the mode selector switch is released.

### 8.5.2 Cold Start Reset

All CODESYS V3 applications are reset with a cold start reset. All global data and the retain variables are set to their initialization values.
This corresponds to the CODESYS V3 IDE “Reset Cold” command.

To perform a cold start reset, set the mode selector switch to “Reset” and hold it there for more than seven seconds.
Execution of the reset is signaled after seven seconds by the “RUN” LED going out for an extended period. You can then release the mode selector switch.

### 8.5.3 Software Reset

The controller is restarted on a software reset.

To perform a software reset, set the mode selector switch to RUN or STOP and then press the button “CFG/RST” for one to eight seconds.

Reset completion is indicated by the SYS LED, which lights up briefly red and then white. After a few seconds the SYS LED will indicate successful boot-up of the controller.

### 8.5.4 Factory Reset

**NOTICE**

**Do not switch the controller off!**
The controller can be damaged by interrupting the factory reset process.
Do not switch the controller off during the factory reset process, and do not disconnect the power supply!

**Note**

**All parameters and passwords are overwritten!**
All controller parameters and passwords are overwritten by a factory reset.
Stored boot projects are deleted, including existing web visualization data.
Subsequently installed firmware functions are not overwritten.
If you have any questions, contact WAGO Support.

The controller is restarted after the factory reset.
Proceed as follows to factory reset the controller:

1. Press the Reset button (CFG/RST).

2. Set the mode selector switch to the “RESET” position.

3. Press and hold both buttons until the “SYS” LED alternately flashes red/green after approx. 8 seconds.

4. When the “SYS” LED flashes red/green alternately, release the mode selector switch and Reset button.

**Note**

**Do not interrupt the reset process!**
If you release the Reset button (CFG/RST) too early, then the controller restarts without performing the factory reset.

## 8.6 Configuring in the Web-Based Management (WBM)

After the device is switched on for the first time, the WBM interface is displayed automatically, depending on the setting. If you want to change the configuration later during operation, press the “CFG/RST” button or use the swipe gesture (see also section “Visualization”).
In the WBM user interface, you can configure the Touch Panel directly on the touch screen.
Alternatively, you can also connect the Touch Panel to your PC via ETHERNET and configure the panel from the PC.

The HTML pages (from here on referred to as “pages”) of the Web-Based Management are used to configure the controller. Proceed as follows to access the WBM using a web browser:

1. Connect the controller to the ETHERNET network via the ETHERNET interface X1.

2. Start a Web browser on your PC.

3. Enter “https://” followed by the controller's IP address and “/wbm-ng” in the address line of your web browser, e.g., “https://192.168.1.17/wbm-ng”.
   Note that the PC and the controller must be located within the same subnet (see Section “Setting an IP Address”).
   If you do not know the IP address and cannot determine it, switch the controller temporarily to the pre-set address “192.168.1.17” (“Fixed IP address” mode, see Section “Commissioning” > … > “Temporarily Setting a Fixed IP Address”).

**Note**

**Take usage by the CODESYS program into account**
If the controller is at capacity due to a CODESYS program, this may result in slower processing in the WBM. As a result, timeout errors are sometimes reported in some circumstances. It is therefore important to stop the CODESYS application prior to performing complicated configurations using WBM.

→ When the connection has been established, a login window opens.

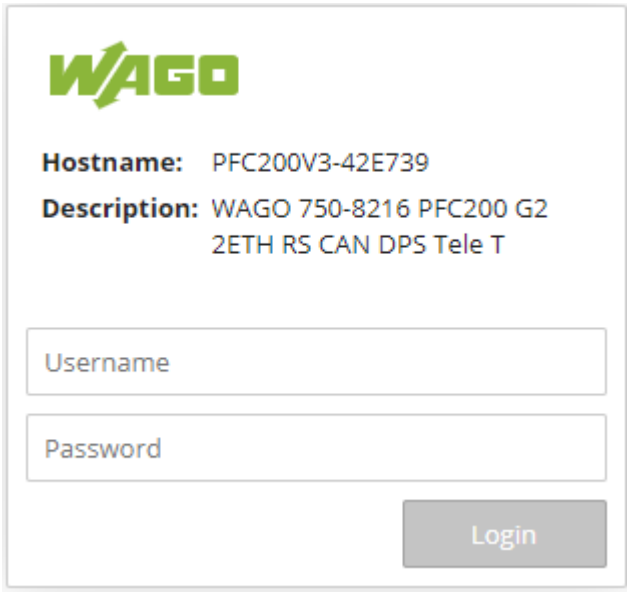



Figure 22: Entering Authentication

4. Enter the username and password.

5. Click the **[Login]** button.

→ Depending on the user selected, the navigation bar and the tabs of the WBM are displayed.

If you have disabled cookies in your web browser, you can continue to use the WBM as long as you move directly inside it. However, if you fully reload the website (e.g., with **[F5]**), you must log in again since the web browser is then not able to store the data of your login session.

## 8.6.1 WBM User Administration

To allow settings to be made only by a select number of users, limit access to WBM functions through User Administration.

**Note**

**Change passwords**
Default passwords are documented in these instructions and therefore do not offer adequate protection! Change the passwords to meet your particular needs.

If you do not change these passwords, a warning will appear each time you call up a website after logging in.

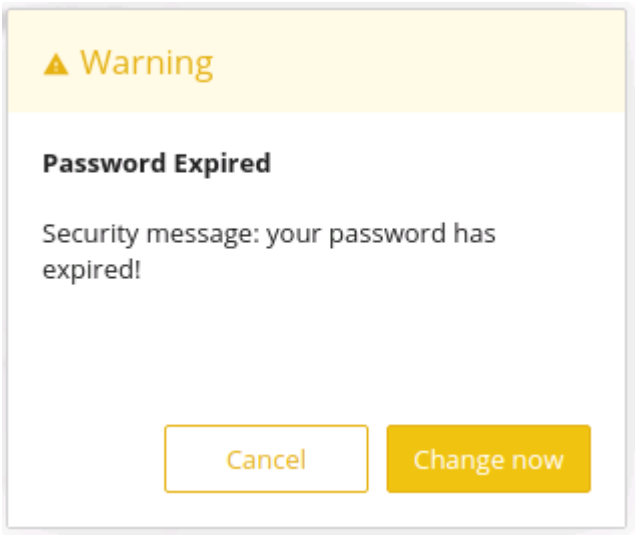



Figure 23: Password Reminder

Table 39:User Settings in the Default State

| Users | Permissions | Default Password |
|---|---|---|
| root | All (administrator) | wago |
| admin | All (administrator) | wago |
| user | Supported to a limited extent | user |

**Note**

**General Rights of WBM Users**
The WBM users “root”, “admin” and “user” have rights beyond the WBM to configure the system and install software.

User administration for controller applications is configured separately.

Access rights for the WBM pages are shown in the table below.
The “root” user has the same rights as the “admin” user and is therefore not listed separately.

Table 40: Access Rights for WBM Pages

| Tab/Navigation | WBM Page Title | User |
|---|---|---|
| Information | | |
| Device Status | Device Status | user |
| Vendor Information | Vendor Information | user |
| PLC Runtime | PLC Runtime Information | user |
| Legal Information | | |
| WAGO Licenses | WAGO Software License Agreement | user |
| Open Source Licenses | Open Source Licenses | user |
| WBM Licenses | WBM Third Party License Information | user |
| Trademarks Information | Trademarks Information | user |
| WBM Version | WBM Version Info | user |
| Configuration | | |
| PLC Runtime | PLC Runtime Configuration | user |
| Networking | | |
| TCP/IP Configuration | TCP/IP Configuration | user |
| Ethernet Configuration | Ethernet Configuration | user |
| Host/Domain Name | Configuration of Host and Domain Name | user |
| Routing | Routing | user |
| STP/RSTP | Spanning Tree Protocol | user |
| Clock | Clock Settings | user |
| Administration | | |
| Serial Interface | Configuration of Serial Interface RS232/RS485 | admin |
| Create Image | Create bootable Image | admin |
| Package Server | | |
| Firmware Backup | Firmware Backup | admin |
| Firmware Restore | Firmware Restore | admin |
| Active System | Active System | admin |
| Mass Storage | Mass Storage | admin |
| Software Uploads | Software Uploads | admin |
| Ports and Services | | |
| Network Services | Configuration of Network Services | admin |
| NTP Client | Configuration of NTP Client | admin |
| PLC Runtime Services | PLC Runtime Services | admin |
| SSH | SSH Server Settings | admin |
| DHCP Server | DHCP Server Configuration | admin |
| DNS | Configuration of DNS Service | admin |
| Cloud Connectivity | | |

Table 40: Access Rights for WBM Pages

| Tab/Navigation | | WBM Page Title | User |
|---|---|---|---|
| | Status | Overview | admin |
| | Connection 1 | Configuration | admin |
| | Connection 2 | Configuration | admin |
| SNMP | | | |
| | General Configuration | Configuration of general SNMP parameters | admin |
| | SNMP v1/v2c | Configuration of SNMP v1/v2c parameters | admin |
| | SNMP v3 | Configuration of SNMP v3 Users | admin |
| Browser Settings | | | |
| | Favorites | Favorites | user |
| | Autostart | Autostart | user |
| | Monitoring | Monitoring | user |
| | Browser Security | Browser Security | user |
| Commissioning | | Commissioning Settings | admin |
| Docker | | Docker Settings | admin |
| Display | | | |
| | Clean Display | Clean Display | user |
| | Touchscreen Calibration | Touchscreen Calibration | user |
| | Front Led | Front Led | user |
| | Font Upload | Fonts | user |
| | Brightness | Brightness | user |
| | Acoustic Signal | Acoustic Signal | user |
| | Display Orientation | Display Orientation | user |
| | Screensaver | Screensaver | user |
| Users | | WBM User Configuration | admin |
| Fieldbus | | | |
| OPC UA | | OPC UA Configuration | admin |
| BACnet | | | |
| | Status | BACnet Status | admin |
| | Configuration | BACnet Configuration | admin |
| | Data Link | BACnet Data Link | admin |
| | Storage Location | BACnet Storage Location | admin |
| Security | | | |
| OpenVPN / IPsec | | OpenVPN / IPsec Configuration | admin |
| Firewall | | | |
| | General Configuration | General Firewall Configuration | admin |
| | Interface Configuration | Interface Configuration | admin |
| | MAC Address Filter | Configuration of MAC Address Filter | admin |

Table 40: Access Rights for WBM Pages

| Tab/Navigation | | | WBM Page Title | User |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | User Filter | Configuration of User Filter | admin |
| | Certificates | | Certificates | admin |
| | Boot Mode | | Boot mode configuration | admin |
| | TLS | | Security Settings | admin |
| | Integrity | | Advanced Intrusion Detection Environment (AIDE) | admin |
| | WAGO Device Access | | WAGO Device Access | admin |
| Diagnostic | | | | |
| | Log Message | | Log Message Viewer | user |
| | Download | | Download | admin |
| | Network Capture | | Network Capture | admin |

## 8.6.2 General Information about the Page

The IP address of the active device is displayed in the entry line of the browser window.

The WBM pages are only displayed after logging in. To log in, enter your username and password in the login window and click the **[Login]** button.

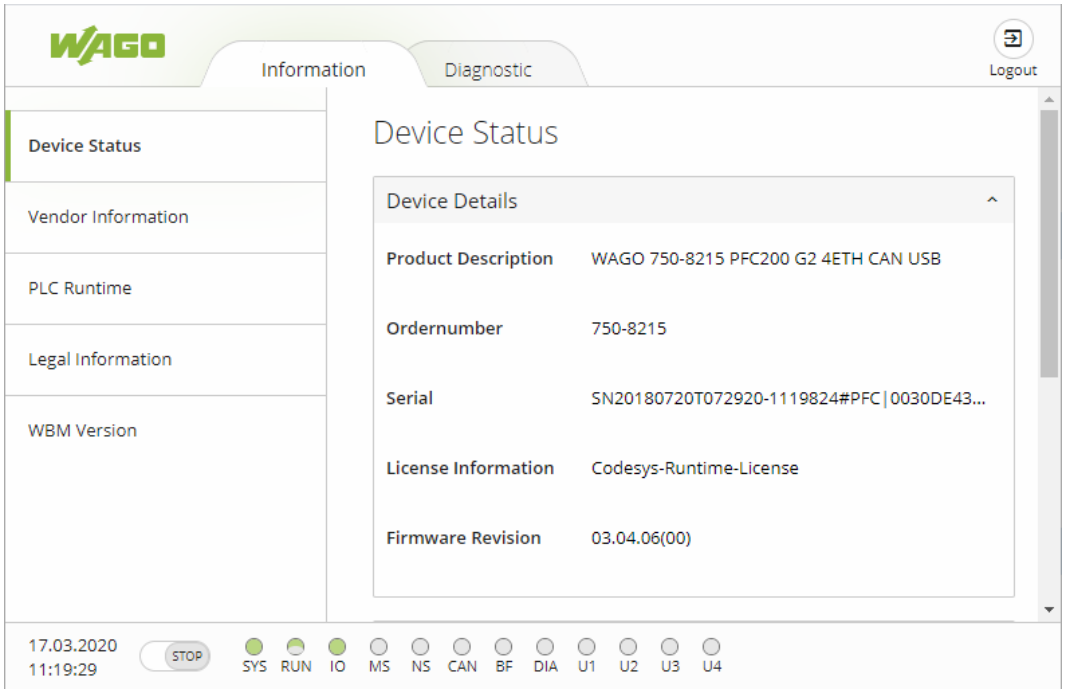



Figure 24: WBM Browser Window (Example)

The tabs for the various WBM areas and the **[Reboot]** and **[Logout]** buttons are displayed in the header of the browser window. The **[Reboot]** button only appears if you are logged in as an administrator.

If not all tabs can be displayed in the selected width of the window, a tab with ellipsis (...) is displayed instead of the tabs that cannot be displayed. This allows you to select the tabs (not shown) using a pull-down menu.


Figure 25: WBM Header with Tabs that Cannot be Displayed (Example)

The navigation tree is shown on the left of the browser window. The content of the navigation tree depends on the selected tab.
You can use this navigation tree to go to the individual pages and, where provided, subpages included in these pages.

The current device status is displayed in the status bar.

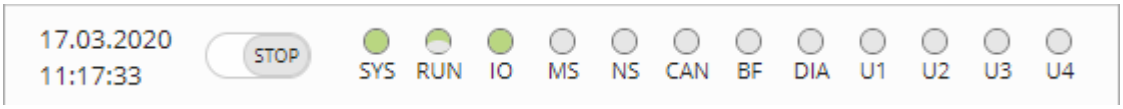



Figure 26: WBM Status Bar (Example)

- Date and Time - Local date and local time and on the device
- Setting of the mode selector switch
- LED status of the Device:
  All LEDs are graphically represented and are labeled with their particular designation (e.g., SYS, RUN, …). The following colors are possible:

  - gray: LED is off.
  - full color (green, red, yellow, orange): The LED is activated in the particular color.
  - half color:
    The LED is flashing in the corresponding color. The other half of the surface is then either gray or also colored. The latter case indicates that the LED is flashing sequentially in different colors.

  A tooltip containing more detailed information opens as long as the cursor is positioned over an LED. The text that is displayed also contains the message that put the LED into its current status. The time of the message is also shown.
  The states displayed in the WBM will not always correspond at the precise time to those on the controller. Data has a runtime during transmission and can only be queried at a certain interval. The time period between two queries is 30 seconds.

**Note**

**Do not power cycle the controller after changing any parameters!**
Some parameter changes require a controller restart for the changes to apply. Saving changes takes time.
Do not power cycle the controller to perform a restart, i.e., changes may be lost by shutting down the controller too soon.
Only restart the controller using the software reboot function. This ensures that all memory operations are completed correctly and completely.

A description of the WBM pages and the respective parameters can be found in the appendix in Section “Configuration Dialogs” > “Web-Based Management (WBM)”.

### 8.6.3 Reboot Function

Click the **[Reboot]** button. To restart, click the **[Reboot]** button. To cancel the restart, click **[Cancel]**.

# 9 Visualization

When operating the machine resp. system to be controlled, the application CODESYS V3 „HMI visualization“ resp. „Target visualization“ is used to display the programmed visualization.

Figure 27: Visualization Example

The Web visualization starts automatically after switching on the supply voltage if defined as the start page. You can then view the displayed values or diagrams and control the system using the buttons.

## 9.1 Touch Operation

The screen is touching sensitive. The buttons displayed are activated by touching with a finger or stylus.
Alternatively, you can also use a USB mouse and click the buttons.

**⚠ CAUTION**

**Take care when operating the touch screen!**
Always touch the screen at one point, i.e., do not touch multiple touch elements at the same time. Doing so can trigger unintended actions.
Do not use pointed or sharp objects to operate the touch screen to avoid damaging the plastic surface of the touch screen.
Only attach or disconnect the panel when all subassemblies in the system are disconnected from power supply.
Faulty or incorrect connections can lead to irreversible damage to the subassembly.
Fingertip operation causes the least amount of wear.
Avoid using the fingernail for operation.
A special stylus rounded, burr-free plastic tip must be used as the touch stylus. The radius must be min. 1 mm.

## 9.2 Swipe Gestures

The display recognizes swipe gestures that run from the top down a bit. Put your finger at the top of the transition of the black film to the display and drag down slowly approx. 2 cm while applying some pressure with the finger. This approach represents a conscious act, preventing faulty operation. A header appears at the top that offers the following options:

- Call up WBM
- Call up “PLC list”/”Browser Favorites” to select another controller
- Call up “PLC list”/”Browser Favorites” to subsequently call up the WBM for checking or changing the panel configuration. You must be logged in as the Administrator
- Call up visualization
- Disable display to allow cleaning

**NOTICE**

**Note buttons!**
If you want to use the swipe gestures, make sure you do not hit buttons on the visualization page as they are still active and can trigger control commands!

**Note**

**MicroBrowser disables the swipe gesture function!**
When the MicroBrowser is active, the swipe gesture function is disabled.

## 9.3 Screensaver

A screensaver can be set up and configured in the Web-Based Management. There are 5 different modes:

- Image: The WAGO logo is displayed.
- Text: A freely selectable text is displayed.
- Time: The actual time is displayed.
- Backlight: The brightness is reduced to the screensaver brightness and the WAGO logo displayed.
- Screen care: For screen care, all pixels are inverted for a few milliseconds (not visible).

The screensaver is disabled as soon as the motion sensor registers a gesture.

**Note**

**Black screen while the MicroBrowser is activated!**
When the MicroBrowser is active, a black screen is displayed as a screen saver.

## 9.4 Brightness Control

The brightness of the display can be adjusted manually:

- Manual control: A specific value is set using two capacitive buttons on the front. The value range is 0 … 255. Pressing the “little sun” button makes the display 10 points darker; pressing the “large sun” button makes the display 10 points brighter.

## 9.5 Application Notes for Web Visualizations

The panels are equipped with a powerful Cortex A9 processor. Delays may occur when switching between Web pages due to the Web technology. These depend on the complexity of the page, since the data must first be loaded into RAM and saved temporarily.

To keep the complexity as low as possible and the associated delay as short as possible, we have compiled the following tips/application notes for you.

### 9.5.1 Response Time

The panel was designed for presentation of simple to medium-sized Web visualizations. For this purpose, the panel builds up the connection to a controller and displays the visualization pages stored there.
Due to the properties given by the technologies used, the following points should be considered:
The response time depends on the number, type and characteristics of the objects displayed. The smaller the number of objects displayed per page, the faster the panel responds.
Since a visualization page is first fully constructed in the random access memory before being displayed, there is a delay in displaying the page for the first time after it is called up.
When changing the visualization page, a copy of the page remains in the cache memory, allowing the paged to be displayed significantly faster the next time it is called up.
Because the size of the cache memory is limited, not all pages can be maintained in the memory depending on the application. As a result, there can be some delay again in the course of time when switching the visualization pages.

The response time also depends on the mode of transmission selected: not encrypted http or encrypted https. See also section “Commissioning” > “Configuring in the Web-Based Management (WBM)” > “WBM Page ‘Ports and Services>Network Services’”. The bug-proof https encryption is achieved by an

additional layer between http and TCP, which happens at the expense of the transmission speed and display speed.

## 9.5.2 CODESYS V3 Web Visualizations

### 9.5.2.1 CODESYS V3 Version

Use CODESYS Version 3.5 or higher to exploit the full functional and performance scope of the panel.

### 9.5.2.2 Pointer Instruments and Bar Graphs

If you use pointer instruments or bar graphs in your CODESYS V3 Web visualizations, you should disable the “Scale in 3D” feature in the properties of the visualization element under “Scale > Scale in 3D”. This positively affects the refresh rate of the visualization elements without appreciable loss of quality.

### 9.5.2.3 Frame Objects

If you use frame objects together with pointer instruments or bar graphs in your CODESYS project, it is recommended to delete the “Color Variables > Color Change” setting in the frame object properties. This also positively affects the refresh rate.

You can also disable the option in the CODESYS project under “CODESYS Options > Visualization > Edit Options” by disabling the checkbox “Link to Switching/Key Variable”. When creating new visualization objects, the option is not set by default.

### 9.5.2.4 Visualization Style

If you use only visualizations with a fixed resolution in your project, it is recommended to use a visualization style in version 3.5.3.0. These visualization styles can be processed faster from a panel. The visualization style can be changed in the program structure in the “Visualization Manager” in the “Settings” tab. If you use these visualization styles in the “Isotropic” or “Anisotropic” scaling options, it may adversely affect the quality of the graphical representation.

### 9.5.2.5 URL Configuration

If you do not use communication encryption in your application (see also section “Response Time”), communication via http is recommended from the standpoint of response time. In this case, please use the following URL for a WAGO controller:
http://<IP address or name of the WAGO controller>:8080/webvisu.htm

### 9.5.2.6 Task Configuration of the WAGO Controller

The response time of the CODESYS V3 Web visualization largely depends on the control program, which is processed on the WAGO controller since user input is processed on the WAGO controller. Therefore, as long as the control application allows it, the priority of the “VISU_TASK” should be placed in the

priority range 4 ... 14. The cycle time of the “VISU_TASK” should be as short as possible, typically in the range of 25 ms ... 100 ms.

## 9.5.3 HTML5 Web Visualizations

When creating a Web visualization based purely on HTML5 and not on CODESYS, it is important to know the HTML5 capabilities of the integrated Web browser to ensure that the visualization can be displayed properly.
The panels use the “Qt WebEngine” of “Qt 5.9.4” Web browser.
You can obtain detailed information at
https://html5test.com/s/2abdf228f6dd0bc7.html about which elements, forms, graphics, etc. are available to you when planning your HTML5 Web visualization. Use only these elements to ensure the visualization is properly displayed.

In the Web browser, not all elements of the ECMA5 standard are available. E.g. the function bind() is missing. If possible, you can add this function in your website by a polyfill:
https://developer.mozilla.org/de/docs/Web/JavaScript/Reference/Global_Objects/Function/bind#Polyfill)

## 9.5.4 Graphic Elements

### 9.5.4.1 Antialiasing

The “Antialiasing” functionality (smooth edges of graphical elements) in the CODESYS causes an increase in the computing effort in the panel and should therefore be disabled if you do not have to use this function.
You find the setting in the program structure in the sub-item “Web Visualization” under “Display Options”.

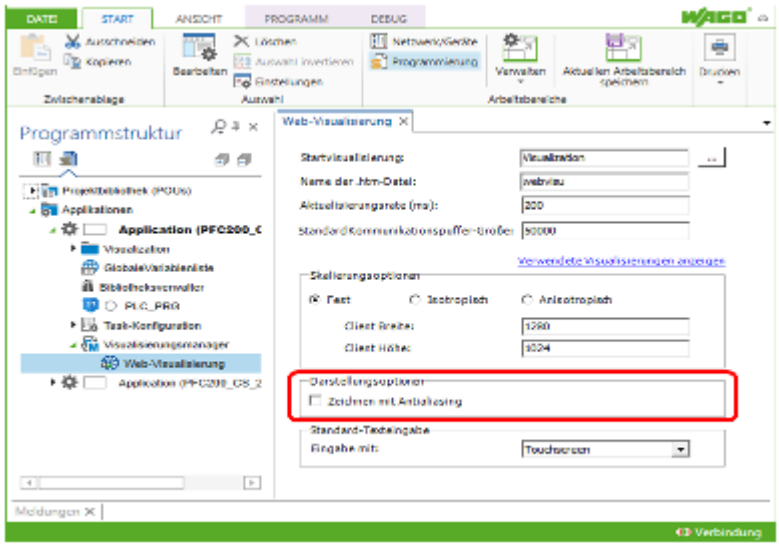



Figure 28: CODESYS – “Drawing with Antialiasing” Display Options

### 9.5.4.2 Graphic File Formats

The graphic elements contained in the visualization projects must have one of the following file formats:

BMP, GIF (not animated), ICO, JPG, PNG, SVG (as references in html, in canvas with limitations), TIFF (only in Target Visualization).

Other files formats are not supported, i.e., the graphics are not displayed correctly.

## 9.6 Application Notes on the Target Visualization

Target visualizations differ from Web visualizations by being planned directly in CODESYS, in their reaction speed, in the fact that the visualization is provided on the Visu Panel or Control Panel by means of a Webserver and in the communication options (Modbus® and network variables). Therefore, a connection to other controllers is possible.

Unlike the Web visualization, the target visualization is not generated on another controller, but rather directly in the panel. What this means for the display is that a website does not first need to be loaded from a controller and stored temporarily in the RAM, but can rather be generated and displayed directly in the panel. As a result, there are almost no delays when switching between different pages. The entire performance of the visualization is significantly better.
Another great advantage is that the data volumes exchanged between the controller and panel are significantly smaller.
Entire pages do not not need to be exchanged – only the corresponding variables. The frequency of exchange can be configured. Depending on the setting, it is possible for a variable to only be transferred if it has actually changed. This significantly relieves the burden on the network and PFC, since the data no longer needs to be provided via the Webserver and is instead provided by the Visu Panel or Control Panel itself. Therefore, the control and visualization functionality is independent of the network and PFC.

# 10 Run-time System CODESYS V3

## 10.1 General Notes

**Note**

**Additional Information**
Information on the installation, startup and programming is provided in the CODESYS V3 documentation.

## 10.2 CODESYS V3 Priorities

A list of priorities implemented for the controller is provided below as supplementary information to the CODESYS V3 documentation.

Table 41: CODESYS V3 Priorities

| Scheduler | Task | Linux® Priority | IEC Priority | Remark |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Preemptive scheduling - Real-time range | Local bus or fieldbus - HIGH | -95 … -86 | | Local bus (-88) |
| | Mode selector switch monitoring | -85 | | Task registers changes to the mode selector switch and changes the state of the PLC application. (start, stop, reset warm/cold) |
| | CODESYS watchdog | -83 | | Execution of the watchdog functions |
| | Cyclic and event-controlled IEC task | -55 … -53 | 1 … 3 | For real-time tasks which must not be influenced in execution by external interfaces (e.g., fieldbus). |
| | Local bus or fieldbus - MID | -52 … -43 | | CAN (-52 … -51)<br>PROFIBUS (-49 … -45)<br>Modbus® slave/master (-43) |
| | Cyclic and event-controlled IEC task | -42 … -32 | 4 … 14 | For real-time tasks which must not influence fieldbus communication during execution. |
| | Local bus or fieldbus – LOW | -13 … -4 | | |
| Fair scheduling - None real-time range | CODESYS communication | Back-ground (20) | | Communication with the CODESYS development environment |
| | Cyclic, event-controlled and freewheeling IEC task | | 15 | Incl. standard priority of the visualization task |

# 10.3 Memory Spaces under CODESYS V3

The memory spaces in the controller under CODESYS V3 have the following sizes:

- Program memory: 32 Mbytes
- Data memory: 128 Mbytes
- Input data: 64 kbytes
- Output data: 64 kbytes
- Retain/Persistent: 128 kbytes
- Function block limitation: 12 * 4096 bytes = 48 kbytes

## 10.3.1 Program and Data Memory

The program memory (also code memory) has a maximum size of 32 MB.
The data memory has a maximum size of 128 MB.
Both areas are separate from each other and are requested when downloading to the system depending on the scope of the program. If the size limit is exceeded, it is displayed as an error.

## 10.3.2 Function Block Limitation

Together with the data memory to be used by the application, memory is required for the individual program function blocks in the system.

The size of the administration space is calculated from the function block limitation * 12 (i.e., 4096 Byte * 12).

The actual size of the main memory required in the system for data is the sum of global program and data memory and function block limitation memory.

## 10.3.3 Remanent Memory

A total of 128 kbytes of remanent memory is available for the IEC-61131 application.
The remanent area is divided into the retain area and the persistence area. The areas are automatically distributed by CODESYS V3.

## 10.3.4 File Access from the IEC Application

Access to files via the IEC application is restricted to the following directories:

- /home/codesys
- /media/sd
- /tmp

### 10.3.5 Changing Network Settings from the IEC Application

To change network settings from an IEC application or via a fieldbus (e.g., PROFINET DCP), the “IP Source” parameter must be set to “external” (WBM “TCP/IP Configuration” page – “Bridge Interfaces” group).

The IEC application changes the network settings, for example, by enabling the “Adjust operating system settings” option in CODESYS (double-click the “ETHERNET (ETHERNET)” element in the device tree > “General” tab > “Adjust operating system settings” option).

### 10.3.6 EtherCAT

EtherCAT connection is possible via the CODESYS V3 functionality and the CODESYS V3 libraries.

To use the EtherCAT master function, the network interfaces must be switched from “switched” to “separated” (WBM “ETHERNET Configuration” page – “Bridge Configuration” group) and the controller or at least the runtime restarted so that the MAC addresses are assigned correctly.

To configure the EtherCAT master added to the project, the required AC adapter is selected in CODESYS (double-click the “EtherCAT_Master” element in the device tree > “General” tab > “Source address MAC” > **[Select]**).

# 11 Diagnostics

For diagnostic analysis, evaluate the indicator of the status LED on the front and read the error messages in the WBM under “Diagnostics”.
The possible indicators are explained as follows:

Table 42: LED Signaling

| LED Display | Message |
|---|---|
| Green, steady | The product is ready to operate. |
| Red, flashing | There is an error.<br>(The specific error message is displayed.) |
| Blue, flashing | There is a connection error to the controller.<br>No communication |

In the case of a connection error, check if:

- The controller is in operation.
- The network settings are correct.
- The controller URL is correct.

If the errors cannot be resolved, please contact WAGO Support.
support@wago.com
Disclose the color that is output.

**Logbook**

System messages, e.g., “Start of the controller” or “Communication interruptions”, are logged in the logbook.
In the tab “Diagnostic” in the WBM it is possible to read the logbook.

# 12 Service

## 12.1 Changing the Configuration with the WBM

The button “CFG/RST” is on the left side. The button calls up the Web-Based Management WBM to configure the device. The button must only be pressed using a pointed non-metallic object.
During the visualization run-time, the WBM is called up.
When starting up the device (Power ON), the autostart list is stopped and the device only starts the WBM. The button is not used to make any changes to the settings.

You can also call up the WBM at any time with a swipe gesture on the touch display.

## 12.2 Firmware Changes

**NOTICE**

**Do not switch the controller off!**
The controller can be damaged by interrupting the factory reset process.
Do not switch the controller off during the factory reset process, and do not disconnect the power supply!

**Note**

**Obtain documentation appropriate for the firmware target version!**
A firmware change can modify, remove or add controller properties and functions. As a result, described properties or functions of the controller may not be available or available properties or functions may not be described in the documentation.

Therefore, use only documentation appropriate for the target firmware after a firmware change.

If you have any questions, feel free to contact our WAGO Support.

You can update the firmware in two different ways using:

- WAGOupload
- Memory card and WBM

### 12.2.1 Use WAGOupload to Update/Downgrade the Firmware

1. Launch WAGOupload.
2. Click the **[Update Firmware]** action.
3. In the “Select Target Controllers” dialog, enter the IP address of your controller in the “Transfer via TCP/IP” option.
4. Click **[Find Controller]**.

   Your controller is now displayed in the list.
5. Select the displayed controller and click **[Next]**.
6. In the “Select Update File” dialog, select the *.wup firmware file for the required firmware.
7. Click **[Next]**.
8. Click **[Next]** to confirm the summary.
9. Wait until the operation ends with a status message and only then click **[Exit]** to close the window.

The newly installed firmware is now available on your controller.

### 12.2.2 Perform Firmware Update/Downgrade

Proceed as follows if you want to update the controller to a later firmware version or to downgrade the controller to an earlier firmware version:

1. Copy the firmware image (*.img file) of the required firmware to the memory card using a suitable PC tool.
2. Save your application and the controller settings.
3. Switch off the controller.
4. Insert the memory card with the new firmware image into the memory card slot. Use a special downgrade image if necessary (see above).
5. Switch on the controller.
6. After booting the controller, launch the WBM “Create Boot Image” page (you may have to temporarily change the IP address).
7. Create a new boot image on the internal memory.
8. Switch off the controller after completing the process.
9. Remove the memory card.
10. Switch on the controller.

The controller can now be started with the new firmware version.

# 13 Disposal

## 13.1 Electrical and electronic equipment

Electrical and electronic equipment may not be disposed of with household waste. This also applies to products without this symbol.

Electrical and electronic equipment contain materials and substances that can be harmful to the environment and health. Electrical and electronic equipment must be disposed of properly after use.
WEEE 2012/19/EU applies throughout Europe. Directives and laws may vary nationally.

Environmentally friendly disposal benefits health and protects the environment from harmful substances in electrical and electronic equipment.

- Observe national and local regulations for the disposal of electrical and electronic equipment.
- Clear any data stored on the electrical and electronic equipment.
- Remove any added battery or memory card in the electrical and electronic equipment.
- Have the electrical and electronic equipment sent to your local collection point.

Improper disposal of electrical and electronic equipment can be harmful to the environment and human health.

## 13.2 Packaging

Packaging contains materials that can be reused.
PPWD 94/62/EU and 2004/12/EU packaging guidelines apply throughout Europe. Directives and laws may vary nationally.

Environmentally friendly disposal of the packaging protects the environment and allows sustainable and efficient use of resources.

- Observe national and local regulations for the disposal of packaging.
- Dispose of packaging of all types that allows a high level of recovery, reuse and recycling.

Improper disposal of packaging can be harmful to the environment and wastes valuable resources.

# 14 Accessories

Several certified accessory items are available for the product.

Table 43: Accessories – Memory Cards

| | |
|---|---|
| microSD memory card, 1 GB | 758-879/000-002 |
| microSD memory card, 2 GB | 758-879/000-3102 |

Table 44: Accessories – Connecting Cable and connector

| | |
|---|---|
| USB A-B connecting cable, 3 m | 758-879/000-101 |
| Connector for power supply | 734-103 |
| Fieldbus connector CANopen | 750-963 |

Table 45: Accessories – Mounting Kit

| | |
|---|---|
| Mounting kit incl. 4 clamping elements | 762-9001 |

# 15 Appendix

## 15.1 Configuration Dialogs

### 15.1.1 Web-Based-Management (WBM)

#### 15.1.1.1 “Information” Tab

##### 15.1.1.1.1 “Device Status” Page

The “Device Status” page shows information about product identification and the most important network properties.

**“Device Details” Group**

This group shows information about product identification.

Table 46: WBM “Device Status” Page – “Device Details” Group

| Parameters | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Product Description | Product Designation |
| Order Number | Product Item Number |
| Serial | Unique Product Serial Number |
| License Information | Notification that the CODESYS runtime system is available |
| Firmware Revision | Firmware Version |

### “Network TCP/IP Details” Group

The network and interface properties of the product are displayed in this group.

Table 47: WBM “Device Status” Page – “Network TCP/IP Details” Group

| Parameter | Meaning | |
|---|---|---|
| Bridge <n> | Bridge currently configured;<br>the properties are displayed in a separate area for each configured bridge. | |
| MAC Address | MAC address used for product identification and addressing | |
| IP Source | Current reference type of the IP address | |
| | None | No IP allocation method is selected; this occurs, for example, if a bridge was added due to changes to the bridge configuration.<br>Select a source in the **Configuration** tab on the **Networking** > **TCP/IP Configuration** page. |
| | static IP | Static IP address assignment |
| | dhcp | Dynamic IP address assignment via DHCP |
| | bootp | Dynamic IP address assignment via BootP (if BootP is supported) |
| | external | The IP address may be assigned by the fieldbus application; this occurs e.g., if the IP address is controlled by the application. |
| IP Address | Current product IP address | |
| Subnet Mask | Current product subnet mask | |

#### 15.1.1.1.2 “Vendor Information” Page

You can find the manufacturer and address on the “Vendor Information” page.

#### 15.1.1.1.3 “PLC Runtime Information” Page

All information about the enabled runtime system is provided on the “PLC Runtime Information” page. You will also find a link here to open WebVisu.

**“Runtime” Group**

Table 48: WBM “PLC Runtime Information” Page – “Runtime” Group

| Parameter | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Version | The version of the enabled runtime system is shown.<br>If the runtime system is disabled, “None” is displayed and the subsequent fields of this group are hidden. |

**“WebVisu” Group**

You will find a link that you can use to open WebVisu.

#### 15.1.1.1.4 “WAGO Software License Agreement” Page

The “WAGO Software License Agreement” page lists the license terms for the WAGO software used in the product.

#### 15.1.1.1.5 “Open Source Licenses” Page

The license conditions for the open source software used for the product are listed in alphabetical order on the “Open Source Licenses” page.

#### 15.1.1.1.6 “WBM Third Party License Information” Page

On the “WBM Third Party License Information” page, you can find the license text of the open source licenses that apply to the WBM itself.

#### 15.1.1.1.7 “Trademarks Information” Page

On the “Trademarks Information” page you will find a list of property and trademark rights.

#### 15.1.1.1.8 “WBM Version” Page

On the “WBM Version” page, you can find the version information for the various sections (“Plug-ins”) that the WBM contains. This information may be useful for support if an error is found in the WBM.

### 15.1.1.2 “Configuration” Tab

#### 15.1.1.2.1 “PLC Runtime Configuration” Page

On the "PLC Runtime Configuration" page, you will find the settings for the boot project created with the programming software and the settings for the web visualization created in the runtime system.

**“General PLC Runtime Configuration” Group**

Table 49: WBM “PLC Runtime Configuration” Page – “General PLC Runtime Configuration” Group

| Parameter | Meaning | |
|---|---|---|
| PLC runtime version | Select here the PLC runtime system to be enabled. | |
| | None | No runtime system is enabled. |
| | CODESYS V3 | CODESYS V3 runtime system is enabled. |
| Home directory on memory card enabled | Define if the home directory for the runtime system should be moved to the memory card. | |
| | Disabled | The home directory is stored in the internal memory. |
| | Enabled | The home directory is moved to the memory card. |

**Note**

**All data is deleted when switching the runtime system!**
The runtime system’s home directory is completely deleted when switching the runtime system!

**Note**

**Only the first partition can be used as the Home directory!**
Only the first partition of a memory card can be accessed at **/media/sd** and used as the home directory.

Click **[Submit]** to apply the change. The runtime system change is effective immediately.
The home directory change only takes effect after the product restarts. For this purpose, use the WBM reboot function. Do not switch off the product too early!

### “Webserver Configuration” Group

Table 50: WBM “PLC Runtime Configuration” Page – “Webserver Configuration” Group

| Parameter | Meaning | |
|---|---|---|
| CODESYS V3 Webserver State | This displays the status (enabled/disabled) of the CODESYS V3 Webserver. | |
| Default Webserver | Choose here whether the Web-based Management or web visualization of the runtime system should be displayed when only entering the IP address of the controller. | |
| | Web-Based Management | The Web-based Management is displayed. |
| | WebVisu | The web visualization of the runtime system is displayed. |

Click **[Submit]** to apply the change. The change takes effect immediately.

In its default setting, the WBM is called up when only entering the IP address.

To update the display after switching, enter the IP address again in the address line of the Web browser.

To display the web visualization, the Webserver must be enabled (in WBM under “Ports and Services” -> “PLC Runtime Services”) and there must be a suitably configured application.

Regardless of the default Webserver setting, the WBM can be called up at any time with “https://<IP address>/wbm” and the Web visualization with “https://<IP address>/webvisu”.

**Note**

**Possible error messages when calling up the web visualization**
The “500 − Internal Server Error” message indicates that the Webserver is not enabled.
A page with the header “WebVisu not available” means that no application has been loaded in the product using web visualization.

#### 15.1.1.2.2 “TCP/IP Configuration” Page

The TCP/IP settings for the ETHERNET interfaces are shown on the “TCP/IP configuration” page.

**“Bridge Interfaces” Group**

The properties are displayed in a separate area for each configured bridge interface.

Table 51: WBM “TCP/IP Configuration” Page – “Bridge Interfaces” Group

| Parameter | Meaning | |
|---|---|---|
| Network Details Bridge <n> | Settings for the bridge interface currently configured | |
| Current IP Address | This displays the current IP address. | |
| Current Subnet Mask | This displays current subnet mask. | |
| Current Default Gateway | The IP address of the current default gateway is displayed. | |
| IP Source | You can specify whether to use a static or dynamic IP address. | |
| | Static IP | Static IP addressing |
| | DHCP | Dynamic IP addressing via DHCP |
| | BootP | Dynamic IP addressing via BootP |
| | external | The IP address may be assigned by the fieldbus application; this occurs e.g., if the IP address is controlled by the application. |
| IP Address | Enter a static IP address. This is enabled if “Static IP” is enabled in the **IP Source** field. | |
| Subnet Mask | Enter the subnet mask. This is enabled if “Static IP” is enabled in the **IP Source** field. | |
| Default Gateway | Enter the IP address of the default gateway here. | |

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply a change. The change takes effect immediately.

### “Dummy Interfaces” Group

The properties are displayed in a separate area for each configured Dummy interface.

Table 52: WBM “TCP/IP Configuration” Page – “Dummy Interfaces” Group

| Parameter | Meaning | |
|---|---|---|
| Network Details Bridge <n> | Settings for the Dummy interface currently configured | |
| Current IP Address | This displays the current IP address. | |
| Current Subnet Mask | This displays current subnet mask. | |
| IP Source | You can specify whether to use a static or dynamic IP address. | |
| | Static IP | Static IP addressing |
| IP Address | Enter a static IP address. This is enabled if “Static IP” is enabled in the **IP Source** field. | |
| Subnet Mask | Enter the subnet mask. This is enabled if “Static IP” is enabled in the **IP Source** field. | |

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply a change. The change takes effect immediately.

### “VLAN Interfaces” Group

The properties are displayed in a separate area for each configured VLAN interface.

Table 53: WBM “TCP/IP Configuration” Page – “VLAN Interfaces” Group

| Parameter | Meaning | |
|---|---|---|
| VLAN <n> | Settings for the VLAN interface currently configured | |
| Current IP Address | This displays the current IP address. | |
| Current Subnet Mask | This displays current subnet mask. | |
| IP Source | You can specify whether to use a static or dynamic IP address. | |
| | Static IP | Static IP addressing |
| | DHCP | Dynamic IP addressing via DHCP |
| IP Address | Enter a static IP address. This is enabled if “Static IP” is enabled in the **IP Source** field. | |
| Subnet Mask | Enter the subnet mask. This is enabled if “Static IP” is enabled in the **IP Source** field. | |

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply a change. The change takes effect immediately.

### “DNS Server” Group

Table 54: WBM “TCP/IP Configuration” Page – “DNS Server” Group

| Parameters | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Active | The active DNS servers are displayed.<br>Up to 3 active DNS servers can be used.<br>The index reflects the query order.<br>The first DNS server assigned via DHCP is given the highest priority. |
| Assigned by DHCP | The DNS servers assigned if necessary by DHCP (or BootP) are displayed. If no DNS server has been assigned by DHCP (or BootP), “No DNS Servers assigned by DHCP” is displayed. |
| Assigned by user | The addresses of the defined DNS servers are displayed. If no server has been entered, “No DNS Servers configured” is displayed. |
| New Server IP | Add additional DNS server addresses.<br>You can enter a maximum of 3 addresses.<br>The entries actually used result from an alternating combination of the “Assigned by DHCP” and ”Assigned by user” lists. |

Click the **[Delete]** button to delete the selected DNS server. The change takes effect immediately.

Click the **[Add]** button to add the entered DNS server. The change takes effect immediately.

#### 15.1.1.2.3 “Ethernet Configuration” Page

The settings for ETHERNET are located on the “Ethernet Configuration” page.

**“Bridge Configuration” Group**

Table 55: WBM “Ethernet Configuration” Page – “Bridge Configuration” Group

| Parameter | Meaning |
|---|---|
| Bridge 1 … <n> | Assign the physical ports X1… X <n> to a logical bridge.<br>To do so, click the respective option button. The assignment is marked in color.<br>A port can only be assigned to one bridge at a time. |

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply the change. The change takes effect immediately.

### “Switch Configuration” Group

This group only appears if parameter configuration is supported.

Table 56: WBM “Ethernet Configuration” Page – “Switch Configuration” Group

| Parameters | Explanation | |
|---|---|---|
| Port Mirror | Enable or disable mirroring of the data traffic between the ports. | |
| | None | Both ETHERNET ports are operating normally. |
| | X1 | The entire data traffic between X1 and the PFC system is mirrored at port X2. |
| | X2 | The entire data traffic between X2 and the PFC system is mirrored at port X1. |
| Broadcast Protection | You can set the broadcast limit for protection against overloads. | |
| | Disabled | No broadcast packet limit |
| | 1 % … 5 % | Limits incoming broadcast packets to the selected percentage of the total possible data throughput (10/100 Mbit) |
| Rate Limit | You can set the basic limitation of the incoming data traffic. | |
| | Disabled | No limitation of the incoming data traffic |
| | 64 kbps … 99 mbps | Limits the incoming data traffic to the entered value |

Click **[Submit]** to apply the change. The change takes effect immediately.

### "Dummy Interfaces" Group

Table 57: WBM "Ethernet Configuration" Page – "Dummy Interfaces" Group

| Parameter | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Name | Name of the selected dummy interface |
| Add dummy interface | Create a new dummy interface. |
| Name | Enter the name of the new dummy interface. |

To delete a selected entry, click the **[Delete]** button. The changes take effect immediately.

To create a new entry, click the **[Add]** button. The changes take effect immediately.

### "VLAN Interfaces" Group

Table 58: WBM "Ethernet Configuration" Page – "VLAN Interfaces" Group

| Parameter | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Name | Name of the selected VLAN interface |
| VLAN ID | VLAN ID of the selected VLAN interface |
| Link | Assigned bridge of the selected VLAN interface |
| Add | Create a new VLAN interface. |
| Name | Enter the name of the new VLAN interface. |
| VLAN ID | Enter the VLAN ID;<br>Permissible values are 3 … 4094. |
| Link | Select assigned bridge. |

To delete a selected entry, click the **[Delete]** button. The changes take effect immediately.

To create a new entry, click the **[Add]** button. The changes take effect immediately.

### “Ethernet Interface Configuration” Group

Table 59: WBM “Ethernet Configuration” Page – “Ethernet Interface Configuration” Group

| Parameter | Meaning |
|---|---|
| Interface X<n> | A separate area is displayed for each interface in the controller. |
| Enabled | You can enable or disable the interface. |
| MAC Learning | You can disable or enable “MAC Learning”. |
| Speed/Duplex | Select the transmission speed and the transmission method.<br>The drop-down menu is generated depending on the device and interface.<br>When “Autonegotiation” is selected, the connection modalities are negotiated automatically between the peer devices. |

Click **[Submit]** to apply changes. The changes take effect immediately.

#### 15.1.1.2.4 Configuration of Host and Domain Name" Page

The settings for the hostname and domain are displayed on the "Configuration of Host/Domain Name" page.

**"Hostname" Group**

Table 60: WBM "Configuration of Host and Domain Name" Page – "Hostname" Group

| Parameter | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Currently used | If you have selected dynamic assignment of an IP address via DHCP, the name of the host currently being used is displayed. |
| Configured | Enter the product hostname here; it is then used if the network interface is changed to a static IP address or if no hostname is assigned per DHCP response. |

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply a change.

Click the **[Clear]** button to reset the input field.

The change takes effect immediately.

If the controller has been assigned a host name via DHCP, it is given preference and the manually configured host name is not used.
To accept the manually configured host name, the configuration of the DHCP server may have to be reduced by assigning the host name.

**"Domain Name" Group**

Table 61: WBM "Configuration of Host and Domain Name" Page – "Domain Name" Group

| Parameter | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Currently used | If you have selected dynamic assignment of an IP address via DHCP, the name of the domain currently being used is displayed. |
| Configured | Enter the product domain name here; it is then used if the network interface is changed to a static IP address or if no domain name is assigned per DHCP response. |

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply a change.

Click the **[Clear]** button to reset the input field.

The change takes effect immediately.

If the controller has been assigned a domain name via DHCP, it is given preference and the manually configured domain name is not used.
To accept the manually configured domain name, the configuration of the DHCP server may have to be reduced by assigning the domain name.

### 15.1.1.2.5 “Routing” Page

On the “Routing” page you can find settings and information on the routing between the network interfaces.

#### “IP Forwarding through multiple interfaces” Group

Table 62: WBM “Routing” Page – “IP Forwarding through multiple interfaces” Group

| Parameter | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Enabled | Specify whether forwarding of IP data packets is allowed between different network interfaces.<br>If the box is not checked, the settings under “Static Routes” are used, without allowing IP data packets that arrive at the controller on one network interface to leave the controller on different network interface.<br>If the box is checked, IP packets can be forwarded between the interfaces.<br>Other settings may be necessary on this WBM page. |

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply the change. The changes take effect immediately.

### “Custom Routes” Group

Each configured static route has its own area in the display. If no static routes have been entered, “(no custom routes)” is displayed.

Table 63: WBM “Routing” Page – “Custom Routes“ Group

| Parameter | Explanation | |
|---|---|---|
| Enabled | Specify whether the selected route should be used. | |
| | Disabled | The route is not used. |
| | Enabled | The route is used. |
| Destination Address | Specify whether any network devices or only a specific network device or device pool should be accessible. | |
| | Default | Any network devices can be reached. |
| | Network address | Only a specific network device or device from the specified address pool can be reached. |
| Destination Mask | Enter the subnet mask of the device.<br>If “default” is entered for Destination Address, the value “0.0.0.0” must be entered. | |
| Gateway Address | Enter the address of the gateway.<br>If the “Interface” input field is empty, an entry is required here. If a value is entered in the “Interface” input field, the input here is optional. | |
| Gateway Metric | Set the number used as the metric.<br>When there are multiple routes with the same destination address and destination mask, the metric specifies the gateway to which network data packets are first sent. Priority is given to routes with a lower value for the metric.<br>The lowest value is 0.<br>The highest value is $2^{32}$ - 1 = 4294967295. | |
| Interface | Enter an interface via which the packets sent to the destination address are routed. Bridges (br0-br3) as well as modems (wwan0) or VPN interface names can be used.<br>If the “Gateway Address” input field is empty, an entry is required here. If a value is entered in the “Gateway Address” input field, the input here is optional. | |

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply the changes. The changes take effect immediately.

To add a new route, click the **[Add]** button. The change takes effect immediately.

Click the **[Delete]** button to delete an existing route. The change takes effect immediately.

### “Dynamic Routes” Group

All default gateways received via DHCP are displayed.
Default gateways configured via DHCP are given the metric value 10, which means that they are normally used before the statically configured default gateways.

Each dynamic route has its own area in the display. If no dynamic routes are received via DHCP, “(no dynamic route)” appears.

### “IP-Masquerading” Group

Each entry has its own area in the display.

Table 64: WBM “Routing” Page – “IP-Masquerading” Group

| Parameters | Explanation | |
|---|---|---|
| Enabled | Specify whether IP masquerading should be used. | |
| | Disabled | IP masquerading is not used. |
| | Enabled | IP masquerading is used. |
| Interface | You can select the specified name of a network interface. Alternatively, selecting “other” allows you to specify any network interface name. | |

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply the changes. The changes take effect immediately.

Click the **[Add]** button to add a new entry. The change takes effect immediately.

Click the **[Delete]** button to delete an existing entry. The change takes effect immediately.

An entry is only transferred to the system if “Enabled” is enabled in the “General Routing Configuration” group. This allows you to configure a default setting that is not applied until the general switch-on.

### “Port-Forwarding” Group

Each entry has its own area in the display.

Table 65: WBM “Routing” Page – “Port Forwarding” Group

| Parameters | Explanation | |
|---|---|---|
| Enabled | Specify whether port forwarding should be used. | |
| | Disabled | Port forwarding is not used. |
| | Enabled | Port forwarding is used. |
| Interface | You can select the specified name of a network interface. Alternatively, selecting “other” allows you to specify any network interface name. | |
| Port | Enter the port here on which the product receives network data packets to be forwarded. | |
| Protocol | You can select the protocol to be used for the port forwarding. The options are TCP, UDP or both protocols. | |
| Destination Address | Specify the network address of the destination device. This address replaces the original destination address of the network data packet. | |
| Destination Port | Specify the port number of the destination device. This value replaces the original destination port of the network data packet. | |

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply the changes. The changes take effect immediately.

Click the **[Add]** button to add a new entry. The change takes effect immediately.

Click the **[Delete]** button to delete an existing entry. The change takes effect immediately.

An entry is only transferred to the system if “Enabled” is enabled in the “General Routing Configuration” group. This allows you to configure a default setting that is not applied until the general switch-on.

#### 15.1.1.2.1 “Spanning Tree Protocol” Page

The settings for STP/RSTP are shown on the “Spanning Tree Protocol” page.

**“Status” Group**

The “Status” group displays the current values of the enabled STP/RSTP configuration.

Table 66: WBM “Spanning Tree Protocol” Page – “Status” Group

| Parameters | Explanation | |
|---|---|---|
| Current Status | Current Status | |
| | ☐ | STP/RSTP is disabled. |
| | ☑ | STP/RSTP is enabled. |
| Current Bridge | Selected Bridge | |
| Current Mode | Current Protocol | |
| | STP | Spanning Tree Protocol is enabled. |
| | RSTP | Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol is enabled. |
| Current Priority | Current Bridge Priority | |
| Current Hello Time (sec) | Current “Hello” time in seconds | |
| Current Forward Delay (sec) | Current “Forward Delay” time in seconds | |
| Current Max Age (sec) | Current “Max Age Time” in Seconds | |
| Current Max Hops | Current Max Hops | |
| Current Path Cost | Current Path Cost | |
| Port X[n] | A separate area is displayed for each port X[n] of the selected bridge.<br>The port settings are only displayed after STP/RSTP has been successfully enabled. | |
| Current Bpdu Filter | Current “Bpdu Filter” status | |
| | ☐ | Bpdu filter is disabled. |
| | ☑ | Bpdu filter is enabled. |
| Current Bpdu Guard | Current “Bpdu Guard” status | |
| | ☐ | Bpdu Guard is disabled. |
| | ☑ | Bpdu Guard is enabled. |
| Current Edge Port | Current Port Status | |
| | ☐ | Port is not an edge port. |
| | ☑ | Port is an edge port. |
| Current Root Guard | Hier wird der aktuelle „Root Guard“-Status angezeigt. | |
| | ☐ | Root-Guard ist nicht aktiv. |
| | ☑ | Root-Guard ist aktiv. |
| Current Path Cost | Current path costs | |
| Current Priority | Current priority | |

Table 66: WBM “Spanning Tree Protocol” Page – “Status” Group

| Parameters | Explanation | |
|---|---|---|
| Current Role | Current role of the port | |
| | Designated | The port selected in each LAN segment that offers the lowest root path cost. The higher the connection speed, the lower the cost value. |
| | Disabled | The port is disabled. |
| Current Status | Current port status | |
| | Forwarding | The port can send and receive data, learn MAC addresses and forward data to its destination. |
| | Discarding | The port does not forward data to other switches in the network and does not update MAC address tables. |

### “Parameter Settings” Group

In the “Parameter Settings” group, you can change the settings for the STP/RSTP configuration.

Table 67: WBM “Spanning Tree Protocol” Page – “Parameter Settings” Group

| Parameters | Explanation | |
|---|---|---|
| Enabled | Enable/disable Spanning Tree Protocol. | |
| | ☐ | Spanning Tree Protocol is disabled. |
| | ☑ | Spanning Tree Protocol is enabled. |
| Bridge | Select bridge. | |
| Mode | Select protocol. | |
| | STP | Spanning Tree Protocol |
| | RSTP | Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol |
| Priority | Set bridge priority;<br>Permissible values: 1 ... 15 | |
| Hello Time | Set Hello Time;<br>Permissible Values: 1 ... 19 | |
| Forward Delay | Set forward delay;<br>Permissible values: 4 ... 30 | |
| Max Age | Set max age;<br>Permissible values: 6 ... 40 | |
| Max Hops | Set max hops;<br>Permissible values: 6 ... 40 | |
| Port X[n] | Each port X[n] has its own area.<br>The port settings are only available after STP/RSTP has been successfully enabled. | |

Table 67: WBM “Spanning Tree Protocol” Page – “Parameter Settings” Group

| Parameters | Explanation | |
|---|---|---|
| Bpdu Filter | Enable/disable Bpdu filter. | |
| | ☐ | Bpdu filter is disabled. |
| | ☑ | Bpdu filter is enabled. |
| Bpdu Guard | Enable/disable the Bpdu Guard. | |
| | ☐ | Bpdu Guard is disabled. |
| | ☑ | Bpdu Guard is enabled. |
| Edge Port | Enable/disable port as edge port. | |
| | ☐ | Port is not an edge port. |
| | ☑ | Port is an edge port. |
| Root Guard | Enable/disable root guard. | |
| | ☐ | Root Guard is disabled. |
| | ☑ | Root Guard is enabled. |
| Path Cost | Set Path Cost;<br>Permissible Values: 0 ... 65535 | |
| Priority | Set priority;<br>Permissible values: 0 ... 15, Default = 8 | |

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply a change. The change takes effect immediately.

#### 15.1.1.2.2 “Clock Settings” Page

The date and time settings are displayed on the “Clock Settings” page.

**“Timezone and Format” Group**

Table 68: WBM “Clock Settings” Page – “Timezone and Format” Group

| Parameter | Explanation | |
|---|---|---|
| Timezone | Select the appropriate time zone for your location. Default setting: | |
| | AST/ADT | “Atlantic Standard Time,” Halifax |
| | EST/EDT | “Eastern Standard Time,” New York, Toronto |
| | CST/CDT | “Central Standard Time,” Chicago, Winnipeg |
| | MST/MDT | “Mountain Standard Time,” Denver, Edmonton |
| | PST/PDT | “Pacific Standard Time”, Los Angeles, Whitehouse |
| | GMT/BST | “Greenwich Mean Time”, GB, P, IRL, IS, … |
| | CET/CEST | “Central European Time,” B, DK, D, F, I, CRO, NL, … |
| | EET/EEST | “Eastern European Time,” BUL, FI, GR, TR, … |
| | CST | “China Standard Time” |
| | JST | “Japan/Korea Standard Time” |
| TZ string | For time zones that cannot be selected with the “Time Zone” parameter, enter the name of the time zone or the country or city applicable to you. You can determine a valid name for the time zone here: http://www.timeanddate.com/time/map/ | |
| Time Format | For switching between 12-hour and 24-hour time display | |

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply a change. The change takes effect immediately.

**“UTC Time and Date” Group**

Table 69: WBM “Clock Settings” Page – “UTC Time and Date” Group

| Parameter | Explanation |
|---|---|
| UTC Date | Set the date. |
| UTC Time | Set GMT time. |

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply a change. The change takes effect immediately.

### “Local Time and Date” Group

Table 70: WBM “Clock Settings” Page – “Local Time and Date” Group

| Parameter | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Local Date | Set the date. |
| Local Time | Set the local time. |

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply a change. The change takes effect immediately.

#### 15.1.1.2.3 “Configuration of Serial Interface” Page

The settings for the serial interface are shown on the “Configuration of Serial Interface” page.

**“Current Serial Interface Configuration” Group**

Here, the application to which the serial interface is currently assigned and the interface mode are displayed.

Table 71: WBM “Configuration of Serial Interface” Page – “Current Serial Interface Configuration” Group

| Parameters | Explanation | |
|---|---|---|
| Assigned to | Here, the application to which the serial interface is currently assigned is displayed. | |
| | Unassigned (usage by Applications, Libraries, PLC Runtime) | The serial interface is not assigned to any application and is available, so that the CODESYS program, for example, can access it via function blocks. |
| | Linux Console | The serial interface is assigned to the Linux console. |
| Mode | Here, the interface mode of the serial interface is displayed. | |
| | RS232 | The serial interface is operated in the “RS-232” mode. |
| | RS485 | The serial interface is operated in the “RS-485” mode. |

**NOTICE**

**Material damage due to a change of owner or mode!**
Switching may damage connected RS-232/RS-485 devices.
Remove the devices before switching!

**“Assign Owner of Serial Interface” Group**

You can specify the application that the serial interface is to assigned after the next controller reboot.

Table 72: WBM “Configuration of Serial Interface” Page – “Assign Owner of Serial Interface” Group

| Parameters | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Linux® Console | Specify that the serial interface is assigned to the Linux console. |
| Unassigned (usage by applications, libraries, CODESYS) | Specify that the serial interface is not to be assigned to any application and is available, so that the CODESYS program, for example, can access it via function blocks. |

Click **[Submit]** to apply the change. The change only takes effect once the controller restarts. For this purpose, use the WBM reboot function. Do not shut down the controller too early!

### "Assign Mode of Serial Interface" Group

You can select the mode in which the serial interface is operated after the next controller reboot. The mode can only be changed if the serial interface is set to “Unassigned”.

Table 73: WBM “Configuration of Serial Interface” Page – “Assign Owner of Serial Interface” Group

| Parameter | Explanation |
|---|---|
| RS-232 | Here, specify that the serial interface is to be operated in the “RS-232” mode. |
| RS-485 | Here, specify that the serial interface is to be operated in the “RS-485” mode. |

Click **[Submit]** to apply the change. The change only takes effect once the controller restarts. For this purpose, use the WBM reboot function. Do not shut down the controller too early!

### 15.1.1.2.4 “Configuration of Service Interface” Page

The settings for the service interface are shown on the “Configuration of the Service Interface” page.

**“Service Interface assigned to” Group**

The application that the service interface is currently assigned to is displayed.

**“Assign Owner of Service Interface” Group**

You can specify the application to which the service interface is assigned after the next controller reboot.

Table 74: WBM “Configuration of Service Interface” Page – “Assign Owner of Service Interface” Group

| Parameters | Explanation |
|---|---|
| WAGO Service Communication | Specify that the service interface is used for the WAGO Service communication or runtime system communication. |
| Linux Console | Specify that the service interface is assigned to the Linux® console. |
| Unassigned (usage by applications, libraries, CODESYS) | Specify that the service interface is not to be assigned to any application and is available, so that the CODESYS program, for example, can access it via function blocks. |

Click **[Submit]** to apply the change. The change only takes effect once the controller restarts. For this purpose, use the WBM reboot function. Do not shut down the controller too early!

### 15.1.1.2.5 “Create Bootable Image” Page

You can create a bootable image on the “Create Bootable Image” page.

**“Create bootable image from boot device” Group**

Once the destination has been determined and output, it is then checked and the results of this check are displayed below the settings:

Table 75: WBM “Create Bootable Image” Page – “Create bootable image from active partition” Group

| Parameters | Meaning | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Boot Device | The medium from which the boot was made is displayed. | | |
| Destination | Depending on which medium has been booted, the following destination is available for selection after boot-up for the image to be generated: | | |
| | System was booted from | | Target partition for “bootable image” |
| | Memory Card | → | Internal Flash |
| | Internal memory | → | Memory Card |

- Free space on target device:
  If the available memory space is less than 5% a warning is displayed. You can still start the copy process despite the warning. If the available space is too low, a corresponding message is displayed and copying cannot be started.

- Device being used by CODESYS:
  If the device is being used by CODESYS, a warning is displayed. Although it is not recommended, you can still start the copying procedure despite this warning.

Click **[Start Copy]** to start the copying procedure. If the outcome of the test is positive, copying begins immediately. If errors have been detected, a corresponding message is displayed and copying is not started. If warnings have been issued, these are displayed again and you must then confirm that you still wish to continue.

### 15.1.1.2.6 “Firmware Backup” Page

You can find the controller data backup settings on the “Firmware Backup” page.

#### “Firmware Backup” Group

Table 76: WBM “Firmware Backup” Page – “Firmware Backup” Group

| Parameter | Explanation | |
|---|---|---|
| Boot Device | The storage medium from which the device was booted is displayed here. | |
| Destination | Select the storage location for the backup here. | |
| | Memory Card | The data is written to the memory card.<br>This selection only appears if a memory card is inserted and the device has not been booted from the memory card. |
| | Network | The data is saved in the file system and then made available as a download on the PC. |
| PLC runtime project | If you want to save the PLC runtime project (boot project, CODESYS settings), select this checkbox. | |
| Settings | If you want to save the device settings, select this checkbox. | |
| System | If you want to back up the operating system of the device and the root file system, select this checkbox. | |
| Encryption | If you want to save the data in encrypted form, select this button. | |
| Encryption passphrase | Enter the encryption password here.<br>This input field only appears if the “Encryption” checkbox is selected. | |
| Confirm passphrase | Enter the encryption password again here to check it.<br>This input field only appears if the “Encryption” checkbox is selected. | |

**Note**

**Note the firmware version!**
Restoring the controller operating system (“System” selection) is only permissible and possible if the firmware versions at the backup and restore times are identical.
If necessary, skip restoring the controller operating system, or match the firmware version of the controller to the firmware version of the backup time beforehand.

**Note**

**Only one package may be copied to the network!**
If you have specified “Network” as the storage location, only one package may be selected for each storing process.

**Note**

**No backup of the memory card!**
Backup from the memory card to the internal flash memory is not possible.

**Note**

**Account for backup time!**
Generation of backup files can take several minutes. Stop the CODESYS program before you start the backup procedure to help shorten the time required.

Click the **[Create Backup]** button to start the backup operation.

### 15.1.1.2.7 “Firmware Restore” Page

The settings for restoring the controller data are shown on the “Firmware Restore” page.

#### “Firmware Restore” Group

Table 77: WBM “Firmware Restore” Page – “Firmware Restore” Group

| Parameter | Explanation | |
|---|---|---|
| Source | Select the data source for the restore here. | |
| | Memory Card | The data is read from the memory card.<br>This selection is only enabled if a memory card is inserted and the device has not been booted from the memory card. |
| | Network | The data is uploaded from the PC and restored. |
| Boot Device | The storage medium from which the device was booted is displayed here. | |
| PLC runtime project | Enter the name of the backup file for the CODESYS project here.<br>The input field only appears if the network is selected as the data source. | |
| Settings | Enter the name of the backup file for the settings here.<br>The input field only appears if the network is selected as the data source. | |
| System | Enter the name of the backup file for the system data and the root file system here.<br>The input field only appears if the network is selected as the data source. | |
| Decryption | If you have backed up the data in encrypted form, select this checkbox. | |
| Decryption passphrase | Enter the encryption password here.<br>This input field only appears if the “Decryption” checkbox is selected. | |

**Note**

**Note the firmware version!**

Restoring the controller operating system (“System” selection) is only permissible and possible if the firmware versions at the backup and restore times are identical.

If necessary, skip restoring the controller operating system, or match the firmware version of the controller to the firmware version of the backup time beforehand.

**Note**

**File size must not exceed the size of the internal drive!**
Note that the amount of data in the media/sd/copy/ directory must not exceed the total size of the internal drive.

**Note**

**Restoration only possible from internal memory!**
If the device was booted from the memory card, the firmware cannot be restored.

**Note**

**Reset by restore**
A reset is performed when the system or settings are restored by CODESYS!

**Note**

**Connection loss through restore**
If the restore changes the parameters of the ETHERNET connection, the WBM may then no longer be able to open a connection to the device. You must call the WBM again by entering the correct IP address of the device in the address line.

**Note**

**Note the restore time!**
The restore process takes approx. 2 … 3 minutes.
After the restore process, the controller is restarted and is then ready for use again.

Click the **[Restore]** button to start the restore operation.

### 15.1.1.2.8 “Active System” Page

The settings for specifying the partition from which the system is started are shown on the “Active System” page.

#### “Boot Device” Group

Table 78: WBM “Active System” Page – “Boot Device” Group

| Parameter | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Boot Device | The storage medium from which the device was booted is displayed here. |

#### “System <n> (Internal Flash)” Groups

Table 79: WBM “Active System” Page – “System <n> (Internal Flash)” Group

| Parameter | Explanation | |
|---|---|---|
| Active | This shows whether the system is active. | |
| Configured | This shows whether the system should be active after the next reboot. | |
| State | The system status is displayed here. | |
| | good | The system is valid and can be used. |
| | bad | The system is not valid and cannot be used. |

Click the respective **[Activate]** button to start the required system at the next reboot.

**Note**

**Provide a bootable system!**
A functional firmware backup must be available on the boot system!

### 15.1.1.2.9 “Mass Storage” Page

The “Mass Storage” page displays information and settings for the storage media.

The group title contains the designation for the storage media (“Memory Card” or “Internal Flash”) and, if this storage medium is also the active partition, the text “Active Partition”.

**“Devices” Group**

An area with information on the storage medium is displayed for each storage medium found.

Table 80: WBM “Mass Storage” Page – “Devices” Group

| Parameter | Explanation |
|---|---|
| <Device> | The storage medium is displayed. |
| Boot device | This shows whether the device has booted from this storage medium. |
| Volume name | The name of the storage medium is displayed. |

**“Create new Filesystem on Memory Card” Group**

Table 81: WBM “Mass Storage” Page – “Create new Filesystem on Memory Card” Group

| Parameter | Meaning | |
|---|---|---|
| Filesystem type | You can select the format in which the filesystem should be created on the memory card. | |
| | Ext4 | The filesystem is created in Ext4 format. The files are not readable under Windows! |
| | FAT | The filesystem is created in FAT format. |
| Label | Specify the name for the storage medium when formatted. | |

**Note**

**Data is deleted!**
Any data stored in the storage medium is deleted during formatting!

To format the specified storage medium, click **[Start]**.

#### 15.1.1.2.10 “Software Uploads” Page

On “Software Upload” page, you can install software packages (IPK files) on the product from your PC.

**Note**

**Install IPK files from trusted sources only!**
IPK files are installed with extended rights (root rights), as long as not stated otherwise in the metadata.
Be careful when installing IPK files and install them from trusted sources only.

Table 82: WBM “Software Uploads” Page – “Upload New Software” Group

| Parameters | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Software file | The file name of your selected software package is displayed, as long as you have not yet transferred it to the product.<br>If you have not yet selected a package, “Choose ipk file...” appears. Click the input field and select a file with a software package on your PC. |

To install the package, click **[Install]**.

The file with the software package is deleted from the device again after the installation process. If this is not possible due to a processing error, it is deleted no later than the next time the product restarts.

### 15.1.1.2.11 “Configuration of Network Services” Page

The settings for various services are shown on the “Configuration of Network Services” page.

**Note**

**Close any ports and services that you do not need!**
Unauthorized persons may gain access to your automation system through open ports.
To reduce the risk of cyber attacks and thus increase cyber security, close all ports and services not required by your application in the control components (e.g., port 6626 for WAGO-I/O-*CHECK* and port 11740 for CODESYS V3).
Only open ports and services during commissioning and/or configuration.

#### “FTP” Group

Table 83: WBM “Configuration of Network Services” Page – “FTP” Group

| Parameter | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Service active | Enable/disable the FTP service.<br>This service is disabled by default. |

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply a change. The change takes effect immediately.

#### “FTPES (explicit FTPS)” Group

Table 84: WBM “Configuration of Network Services” Page – “FTPES (explicit FTPS)” Group

| Parameter | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Service active | Enable/disable the FTPS service.<br>This service is disabled by default. |

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply a change. The change takes effect immediately.

### “HTTP” Group

Table 85: WBM “Configuration of Network Services” Page – “HTTP” Group

| Parameter | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Service active | Enable/disable the HTTP service.<br>This service is disabled by default. |

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply a change. The change takes effect immediately.

**Note**

**Disconnection abort on disabling**
If the HTTP service is disabled, the connection to the product may be interrupted. In that case, reopen the page.

### “HTTPS” Group

Table 86: WBM “Configuration of Network Services” Page – “HTTPS” Group

| Parameter | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Service active | State of HTTPS service is displayed here. |

### “I/O-*CHECK*” Group

This group appears if the controller supports WAGO-I/O-*CHECK*.

Table 87: WBM “Configuration of Network Services” Page – “I/O-*CHECK*” Group

| Parameter | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Service active | Enable/disable the WAGO-I/O-*CHECK*-Service. |

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply a change. The change takes effect immediately.

#### 15.1.1.2.12 “Configuration of NTP Client” Page

The settings for the NTP service are shown on the “Configuration of NTP Client” page.

**“NTP Client Configuration” Group**

Table 88: WBM “Configuration of NTP Client” Page – “NTP Client Configuration” Group

| Parameters | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Service enabled | Enable/disabled time update. |
| Update interval (sec) | Specify the update interval of the time server. |
| Time Server <n> | Enter here the IP addresses of up to 4 time servers. Time server No. 1 is queried first. If no data is accessible via this server, time server No. 2 is queried, etc. |
| Additionally assigned (DHCP) | The NTP servers assigned if necessary by DHCP (or BootP) are displayed. If no NTP server has been assigned by DHCP (or BootP), “(No additional servers assigned)” is displayed. |

To update the time regardless of interval, click the **[Update Time]** button.

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply the changes. The changes take effect immediately.

#### 15.1.1.2.13 “PLC Runtime Services” Page

The settings for various services of the runtime systems are displayed on the “PLC Runtime Services” page.

**“CODESYS V3” Group**

This group only appears if the controller supports the CODESYS V3 runtime system.

Table 89: WBM “PLC Runtime Services” Page – “CODESYS V3” Group

| Parameter | Explanation |
|---|---|
| CODESYS V3 State | This displays the status (enabled/disabled) of the CODESYS V3 runtime system. |
| Webserver enabled | Enable or disable the Webserver for the CODESYS V3 web visualization. |
| Seperated WebVisu ports (8080/8081) | Enter here whether the CODESYS V3 web visualization is provided on ports 8080/8081. By default the web visualization is provided on WBM ports 80/443. |
| Port authentication enabled | Enter here whether a login is required for connecting to the device. The user name is admin and the password specified at “General Configuration.” |

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply the change.
The change in authentication takes effect after the next restart.
All other changes take effect immediately.

#### 15.1.1.2.14 “SSH Server Settings” Page

The settings for the SSH service are shown on the “SSH Server Settings” page.

**“SSH Server” Group**

Table 90: WBM “SSH Server Settings” Page – “SSH Server” Group

| Parameters | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Service active | You can enable/disable the SSH server. |
| Port Number | Enter the port number. |
| Allow root login | You can enable or inhibit root access. |
| Allow password login | Enable or disable the password query function. |

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply the changes. The changes take effect immediately.

#### 15.1.1.2.15 “DHCP Server Configuration” Page

The “DHCP Server Configuration” page displays the DHCP service settings.

**“DHCP Server Configuration Bridge <n>” Group**

Table 91: WBM “DHCP Server Configuration” Page – “DHCP Configuration Bridge <n>” Group

| Parameter | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Service active | Enable or disable the DHCP service for the interface X<n>. |
| Start IP for Range | Enter the start value of the available IP address range. |
| End IP for Range | Enter the end value of the available IP address range. |
| Lease time (min) | Specify the lease time here in seconds. 120 minutes are entered by default. |
| Static Hosts | This displays the static assignments of MAC IDs to IP addresses. If no assignment was defined, “No static hosts configured” is displayed. |
| Add Static Host | You can add static MAC addresses or host names and IP addresses. |
| MAC Address or Hostname | Enter a new static assignment, e.g., “01:02:03:04:05:06=192.168.1.20” or “hostname=192.168.1.20”.<br>You can enter 15 assignments or host names. |
| Ip Address | Enter the IP address.<br>You can enter 15 IP addresses. |

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply the changes. The changes take effect immediately.

To accept a new assignment click the **[Add]** button. The change takes effect immediately.

Click **[Delete]** to delete an existing assignment. The change takes effect immediately.

#### 15.1.1.2.16 “Configuration of DNS Server” Page

The “Configuration of DNS Server” page displays the DNS service settings.

**“DNS Server” Group**

Table 92: WBM “Configuration of DNS Server” Page – “DNS Server” Group

| Parameter | Explanation | |
|---|---|---|
| Service active | You can enable/disable the DNS server service. | |
| Mode | Select the operating mode of the DNS server. | |
| | Proxy | Requests are buffered to optimize throughput. |
| | Relay | All requests are routed directly. |
| Static Hosts | This displays the names for IP addresses. If no assignment was defined, “No static hosts configured” is displayed. | |
| Add Static Host | You can add static IP addresses and host names below. | |
| IP Address | Enter a new static assignment,<br>e.g., “192.168.1.20:hostname”.<br>You can enter 10 assignments. | |
| Hostname | Enter a host name. | |

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply the changes. The changes take effect immediately.

To accept a new assignment click the **[Add]** button. The change takes effect immediately.

Click **[Delete]** to delete an existing assignment. The change takes effect immediately.

#### 15.1.1.2.17 “Status overview” Page

On the “Status overview” page, you can find information about cloud access.

**“Connection <n>” Group**

A group is displayed for each cloud access.

Table 93: WBM “Status Overview” Page – “Connection <n>” Group

| Parameter | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Is Active | The status of the cloud connectivity application is displayed. |
| Data from PLC Runtime | This shows how many data collections have been registered on the IEC application side for transfer to the cloud. |
| Cloud Connection | The status of the connection to the cloud service is shown. |
| Heartbeat | This shows the current heartbeat interval setting in seconds. |
| Telemetry Data Transmission | This indicates whether transfer of data is enabled or disabled. |
| Cache fill level (QoS 1 and 2) | This shows the fill level of the memory cache for outgoing messages as a percentage. |

**“Diagnosis” Group**

This group is visible only when diagnostic information is available.

Warnings and errors are displayed here, along with information (when available) on how to potentially eliminate the error(s).

#### 15.1.1.2.18 “Configuration of Connection <n>” Page

You can find settings and information for cloud access on the “Configuration of Connection <n>” page.

A page is displayed for each cloud access.

**“Configuration” Group**

The parameters indicated depend on the cloud platform setting and, if applicable, on other settings in this group.
The dependencies are shown in a separate table.

Table 94: WBM “Configuration of Connection <n>” Page – “Configuration” Group

| Parameter | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Enabled | You can enable/disable the cloud connectivity function. |
| Cloud platform | Select the cloud platform. |
| Hostname | Enter the host name or IP address for the selected cloud platform. |
| ID Scope | Enter the end point for the Azure Device Provisioning Service (DPS). |
| Registration ID | Enter the Registration ID for the Azure Device Provisioning Service (DPS). |
| Port number | Enter the port here to which a connection is to be established.<br>Typical values are 8883 for encrypted connections and 1883 for unencrypted connections. |
| Device ID | Enter the device ID for the selected cloud platform. |
| Client ID | Enter the client ID for the selected cloud platform. |
| Authentication | Select the authentication method.<br>Possible settings are “Shared Key Access” or “X.509 Certificate”. |
| Activation Key | Enter the activation key for the selected cloud platform. |
| Clean Session | Specify whether clean session should be enabled during the connection to the cloud service. If clean session is enabled, the information and messages on this connection are not stored persistently on the cloud service. |
| TLS | You can specify whether TLS encryption should be used for the connection to the cloud platform.<br>Amazon Web Services (AWS) always uses TLS. |

Table 94: WBM “Configuration of Connection <n>” Page – “Configuration” Group

| Parameter | Explanation |
|---|---|
| CA file | Enter the path here to the file encoded in PEM format that contains the trusted CA certificate to use to establish an encrypted connection. The default value is the CA certificate /etc/ssl/certs/ca-certificates.crt that is already installed on the controller. |
| Users | Enter the user name for cloud service authentication. |
| Password | Enter the password for cloud service authentication. |
| Certification file | Enter the path here to the file encoded in PEM format that is used for cloud service authentication. |
| Key file | Enter the path to the file encoded in PEM format that contains the private key for cloud service authentication. |
| Use websockets | Here, you can specify whether the connection to the cloud platform is to be set up using the Websocket protocol via Port 443.<br>If this checkbox is not selected, the connection to the cloud platform is set up using the MQTT protocol via Port 8883. |
| Proxy Type | Select which type of proxy should be used. |
| HTTP Proxy Host | Enter the host name or IP address of the proxy. |
| HTTP Proxy Port | Enter the port number of the proxy. |
| HTTP Proxy User | Enter the name of the proxy user. |
| HTTP Proxy Password | Enter the password for the proxy user. |
| Use compression | Here, you can set whether the data is to be compressed using GZIP compression. |
| Data Protocol | Here you can select the data protocol. |
| Cache mode | Specify in which memory the cache for the data telegrams should be created.<br>This selection field is only enabled if a correctly formatted SD card is inserted (more information is available in Application Note A500920). |
| Last Will | You can specify whether a last will message should be enabled/disabled. |
| (Last Will) Topic | You can specify the topic under which the last will messages should be sent. |
| (Last Will) Message | You can enter the message you wish to use as the last will message. |
| (Last Will) QoS | You can specify the “Quality of Service” (QoS) of the last will message. |
| (Last Will) Retain | Here, you can set whether the previous last-will message sent under a topic from the broker is to be handled as a retained message. |

Table 94: WBM “Configuration of Connection <n>” Page – “Configuration” Group

| Parameter | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Device info | Specify whether a device info message should be generated that informs the cloud service of the basic configuration of the controller (more information is available in the Application Note A500920). |
| Device status | Specify whether device state messages should be generated that inform the cloud service about changes in the mode selector switch and the LEDs (more information is available in the Application Note A500920). |
| Standard commands | Specify whether the integrated standard commands should be supported (list of standard commands is available in the Application Note A500920).<br>If the checkbox is disabled, only the commands defined in the IEC program are supported. |
| Application property template | You have the option of creating your own property for the individual MQTT messages to the Azure cloud.<br>This parameter is optional; i.e., if the field is left blank, this property is not sent.<br>The following placeholders are available to create this property:<br>• <m>: Message type<br>• <p>: Protocol version<br>• <d>: Device ID<br>Examples:<br>• MyKey=HelloWorld_<m><br>• TestKey=<m>/<p>/<d><br>• DeviceId=<d> |

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply a change.

The changes only take effect after the controller restarts. For this purpose, use the WBM reboot function. Do not shut down the controller too early!

The following tables show the dependencies of the selection and input fields as well as the possible settings.

Table 95: Display of the Selection and Input Fields Depending on the Selected Cloud Platform

| Selection or Input Field | Cloud Platform | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | WAGO Cloud | Azure | MQTT AnyCloud | Amazon Web Services | SAP IoT Services | Azure Device Provisioning Service (DPS) |
| Enabled | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Cloud platform | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Hostname | X | X | X | X | X | |
| Port number | | | X | (X) | X | |
| Device ID | X | X | | | | |
| Client ID | | | X | X | X | |
| Authentication | | X | | | | X |
| Activation Key | X | X2 | | | | X2 |
| Clean Session | | | X | (X) | X | |
| TLS | | | X | (X) | X | |
| CA file | | | X | X | X | X |
| User | | | X | | | |
| Password | | | X | | | |
| Certification file | | X2 | X | X | X | |
| Key file | | X2 | X | X | X | |
| Use websockets | X | X1 | | | | X |
| Proxy Type | X4 | X4 | | | | X4 |
| HTTP Proxy Host | X5 | X5 | | | | X5 |
| HTTP Proxy Port | X5 | X5 | | | | X5 |
| HTTP Proxy User | X5 | X5 | | | | X5 |
| HTTP Proxy Password | X5 | X5 | | | | X5 |
| Data Protocol | | X | X | X | (X) | X |
| Use compression | X | X1 | X1 | | | X1 |
| Cache mode | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Last Will | | | X | X | X | |
| Last Will Topic | | | X3 | X3 | X3 | |
| Last Will Message | | | X3 | X3 | X3 | |
| Last Will QoS | | | X3 | X3 | X3 | |
| Last Will Retain | | | X3 | (X3) | X3 | |
| Device info | | X1 | X1 | X1 | | X1 |
| Device status | | X1 | X1 | X1 | | X1 |
| Standard commands | | X1 | X1 | X1 | | X1 |
| Application property template | | X1 | | | | X1 |

Table 95: Display of the Selection and Input Fields Depending on the Selected Cloud Platform

| Selection or Input Field | Cloud Platform | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | WAGO Cloud | Azure | MQTT AnyCloud | Amazon Web Services | SAP IoT Services | Azure Device Provisioning Service (DPS) |

X: Visible and enabled
(X): Visible, but disabled
X1: Visible and enabled, depending on the selected data protocol
X2: Visible and enabled, depending on the selected authentication
X3: Visible and enabled when “Last Will” is switched on
(X3): Visible, but disabled when “Last Will” is switched on
X4: Enabled if “Use websockets” is switched on.
X5: Visible and enabled if “Use websockets” is switched on and if “HTTP” is set as the “Proxy Type”.

Table 96: Choice of Data Protocol Depending on the Selected Cloud Platform

| Data Protocol | Cloud Platform | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | WAGO Cloud | Azure | MQTT AnyCloud | Amazon Web Services | SAP IoT Services | Azure Device Provisioning Service (DPS) |
| WAGO Protocol | | X | X | X | | X |
| WAGO Protocol 1.5 | | X | X | X | | X |
| Native MQTT | | | X | X | (X) | |
| Sparkplug payload B | | X | X | X | | |

X: Selection possible
(X): Fixed setting

Table 97: Display of the Selection and Input Fields Depending on the Selected Data Protocol

| Selection or Input Field | Data Protocol | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | WAGO Protocol | WAGO Protocol 1.5 | Native MQTT | Sparkplug payload B |
| Client ID | X | X | X | X |
| Use compression | X | X | X | |
| Device info | X | X | | |
| Device status | X | X | | |
| Standard commands | X | X | | |
| Application property template | X | X | | |

X: Visible and enabled

Table 98: Choice of Cache Mode Depending on the Selected Data Protocol

| Cache Mode | Data Protocol | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | WAGO Protocol | WAGO Protocol 1.5 | Native MQTT | Sparkplug payload B |
| RAM | X | X | X | (X) |
| SD-Card | X1 | X1 | X1 | |

X: Selection possible
X1: Selection only possible if “Compression” is not switched on
(X): Fixed setting

Table 99: Display of the Selection and Input Fields Depending on the Selected Authentication

| Selection or Input Field | Authentication | |
|---|---|---|
| | Shared Access Key | X.509 Certificate |
| Activation Key | X | |
| Certification file | | X |
| Key file | | X |

X: Visible and enabled

#### 15.1.1.2.19 “Configuration of General SNMP Parameters” Page

The general settings for SNMP are given on the “Configuration of General SNMP Parameters” page.

**“General SNMP Configuration” Group**

Table 100: WBM “Configuration of General SNMP Parameters” Page – “General SNMP Configuration” Group

| Parameter | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Service active | Activate/deactivate the SNMP service. |
| Name of Device | Enter here the device name (sysName). |
| Description | Enter here the device description (sysDescription). |
| Physical Location | Enter here the location of the device (sysLocation). |
| Contact | Enter here the email contact address (sysContact). |
| ObjectID | Enter here the object ID (sysOID). |

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply the changes.

### 15.1.1.2.20 “Configuration of SNMP v1/v2c Parameters” Page

The general settings for SNMP v1/v2c are shown on the “Configuration of SNMP v1/v2c Parameters” page.

**“Communities” Group**

Table 101: WBM “Configuration of SNMP v1/v2c Parameters” Page – “Communities” Group

| Parameters | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Community <n> | Each configured community has its own area in the display. If no community has been configured, “(no Communities configured)” is displayed. |
| Name | The community name for the SNMP manager configuration is displayed. The community name can establish relationships between SNMP managers and agents who are respectively referred to as “Community” and who control identification and access between SNMP participants. |
| Access | This displays the access rights for the community. Possible values: “ReadOnly” or “ReadWrite”. |
| Add new Community | In this area, you can enter a new community. |
| Name | Specify the community name for the SNMP manager configuration. (See above)<br>The community name can be up to 32 characters long and must not include spaces.<br>To use the SNMP protocol, a valid community name must always be specified. The default community name is “public.” |
| Access | Specify the access rights for the new community. Possible values: “ReadOnly” or “ReadWrite”. |

Click the corresponding **[Delete]** button to delete an existing community.

Click the **[Add]** button to add a new community.

### “Trap Receivers” Group

Table 102: WBM “Configuration of SNMP v1/v2c Parameters” Page – “Trap Receivers” Group

| Parameters | Meaning |
|---|---|
| Trap Receiver <n> | Each configured trap receiver has its own area in the display. If no trap receiver has been configured, “(no Trap Receivers configured)” is displayed. |
| Host | The host name or the IP address for the trap receiver (management station) is displayed. |
| Community Name | This displays the community name for the trap receiver configuration. The community name can be evaluated by the trap receiver. |
| Version | This displays the SNMP version, via which the traps are sent. |
| Add new Trap Receiver | In this area, you can enter a new trap receiver. |
| Host | Specify the host name or the IP address for the new trap receiver (management station). |
| Community Name | Specify the community name for the new trap receiver configuration. (See above).<br>The community name can be up to 32 characters long and must not include spaces. |
| Version | Specify the SNMP version that will send the traps.<br>Possible values: “v1” or “v2c”. |

Click the corresponding **[Delete]** button to delete an existing trap receiver.

Click the **[Add]** button to add a new trap receiver.

### 15.1.1.2.21 “Configuration of SNMP v3 Parameters” Page

The general settings for SNMP v3 are shown on the “Configuration of SNMP v3 Parameters” page.

#### “Users” Group

Table 103: WBM “Configuration of SNMP v3 Parameters” Page – “Users” Group

| Parameters | Meaning |
|---|---|
| User <n> | Each configured v3 user has its own area in the display. If no v3 user has been configured, “(no Users configured)” is displayed. |
| Security Authentication Name | The user name is displayed. |
| Authentication Type | The authentication type for the SNMP v3 packets is displayed.<br>Possible values:<br>- Use no authentication (“None”)<br>- Message Digest 5 (“MD5”)<br>- Secure Hash Algorithm (“SHA”, “SHA224”, “SHA256”, “SHA384”, “SHA512”) |
| Authentication Key | The authentication key is displayed. |
| Privacy | The encryption algorithm for the SNMP message is displayed.<br>Possible values:<br>- No encryption (“None”)<br>- Data Encryption Standard (“DES”)<br>- Advanced Encryption Standard (“AES”, “AES128”, “AES192”, “AES192C”, “AES256”, “AES256C”) |
| Privacy Key | The key for encryption of the SNMP message is displayed. If nothing is displayed, the “authentication key” is automatically used. |
| Access | This displays the access rights for the user.<br>Possible values: “ReadOnly” or “ReadWrite”. |
| Add new v3 User | In this area, you can enter a new v3 user. You can create up to 10 users. |
| Security Authentication Name | Enter the user name. This name must be unique; a pre-existing user name is not accepted when entered. The name must be min. 8 and max. 32 characters long and contain lower case letters (a … z), upper case letters (A … Z), numbers (0 … 9), special characters !()*~'.-_ but no spaces. |
| Authentication Type | Specify the authentication type for the SNMP v3 packets.<br>Possible values:<br>- Use no authentication (“None”)<br>- Message Digest 5 (“MD5”)<br>- Secure Hash Algorithm (“SHA”, “SHA224”, “SHA256”, “SHA384”, “SHA512”) |

Table 103: WBM “Configuration of SNMP v3 Parameters” Page – “Users” Group

| Parameters | Meaning |
|---|---|
| Authentication Key | Specify the authentication key. The key must be min. 8 and max. 32 characters long and contain lower case letters (a … z), upper case letters (A … Z), numbers (0 … 9), special characters !()*~'.-_ but no spaces. |
| Privacy | Specify the encryption algorithm for the SNMP message.<br>Possible values:<br>- No encryption (“None”)<br>- Data Encryption Standard (“DES”)<br>- Advanced Encryption Standard (“AES”, “AES128”, “AES192”, “AES192C”, “AES256”, “AES256C”) |
| Privacy Key | Enter the key for encryption of the SNMP message. If nothing is specified here, the “authentication key” is automatically used. The key must be min. 8 and max. 32 characters long and contain lower case letters (a … z), upper case letters (A … Z), numbers (0 … 9), special characters !()*~'.-_ but no spaces. |
| Access | Specify the access rights for the new user.<br>Possible values: “ReadOnly” or “ReadWrite”. |

Click the respective **[Delete]** button to delete an existing user.

Click **[Add]** to add a new user.

### “Trap Receivers” Group

Table 104: WBM “Configuration of SNMP v3 Parameters” Page – “Trap Receivers” Group

| Parameters | Meaning |
|---|---|
| Trap Receiver <n> | Each configured v3 trap receiver has its own area in the display. If no v3 trap receiver has been configured, “(no Trap Receivers configured)” is displayed. |
| Security Authentication Name | The user name is displayed. |
| Authentication Type | The authentication type for the SNMP v3 packets is displayed.<br>Possible values:<br>- Use no authentication (“None”)<br>- Message Digest 5 (“MD5”)<br>- Secure Hash Algorithm (“SHA”, “SHA224”, “SHA256”, “SHA384”, “SHA512”) |
| Authentication Key | The authentication key is displayed. |
| Privacy | The encryption algorithm for the SNMP message is displayed.<br>Possible values:<br>- No encryption (“None”)<br>- Data Encryption Standard (“DES”)<br>- Advanced Encryption Standard (“AES”, “AES128”, “AES192”, “AES192C”, “AES256”, “AES256C”) |
| Privacy Key | The key for encryption of the SNMP message is displayed. If nothing is displayed, the “authentication key” is automatically used. |
| Host | The host name or the IP address of a trap receiver for v3 traps is displayed. |
| Add new Trap Receiver | In this area, you can enter a new v3 trap receiver. You can create up to 10 trap receivers. |
| Security Authentication Name | Enter the user name. This name must be unique; a pre-existing user name is not accepted when entered. The name must be min. 8 and max. 32 characters long and contain lower case letters (a … z), upper case letters (A … Z), numbers (0 … 9), special characters !()*~'.-_ but no spaces. |
| Authentication Type | Specify the authentication type for the SNMP v3 packets.<br>Possible values:<br>- Use no authentication (“None”)<br>- Message Digest 5 (“MD5”)<br>- Secure Hash Algorithm (“SHA”, “SHA224”, “SHA256”, “SHA384”, “SHA512”) |

Table 104: WBM “Configuration of SNMP v3 Parameters” Page – “Trap Receivers” Group

| Parameters | Meaning |
|---|---|
| Authentication Key | Specify the authentication key. The key must be min. 8 and max. 32 characters long and contain lower case letters (a … z), upper case letters (A … Z), numbers (0 … 9), special characters !()*~'.-_ but no spaces. |
| Privacy | Specify the encryption algorithm for the SNMP message.<br>Possible values:<br>- No encryption (“None”)<br>- Data Encryption Standard (“DES”)<br>- Advanced Encryption Standard (“AES”, “AES128”, “AES192”, “AES192C”, “AES256”, “AES256C”) |
| Privacy Key | Enter the key for encryption of the SNMP message. If nothing is specified here, the “authentication key” is automatically used. The key must be min. 8 and max. 32 characters long and contain lower case letters (a … z), upper case letters (A … Z), numbers (0 … 9), special characters !()*~'.-_ but no spaces. |
| Host | Specify the host name or the IP address for a trap receiver for v3 traps. |

Click the respective **[Delete]** button to delete an existing trap receiver.

Click **[Add]** to add a new trap receiver.

#### 15.1.1.2.1 “Commissioning Settings” Page

The “Commissioning Settings” page contains information and settings for the “Commissioning Agent” service.

**“Commissioning” Group**

Table 105: WBM “Commissioning Settings” Page – “Commissioning” Group

| Parameters | Explanation | |
|---|---|---|
| Service Enabled | Enable/disable “Commissioning Agent” service | |
| | ☐ | The “Commissioning Agent” service is disabled. |
| | ☑ | The “Commissioning Agent” service is enabled. |
| Commissioning State | Current status of the “Commissioning Agent” service | |
| | inactive | The service is disabled. |
| | searching | The service is looking for a server. |
| | requesting | The service has found a server and is attempting to connect. |
| | awaiting response | The service is waiting to be accepted by the server. |
| | no server found | The service did not find a valid server within the given time of five minutes. To restart the scan, the device must be restarted. |
| | processing | The service starts installing packages received from the server. |
| | error exit | The service aborted the installation due to an internal error. |
| | success | The service has successfully completed the installation. |
| Connected Server | Domain of the server to which the product is connected;<br>If the product is not connected, “-” is displayed. | |

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply a change. The change takes effect immediately.

#### 15.1.1.2.2 Page “Docker Settings”

On the page “Docker Settings”, see the settings for the "Docker®" service.

**Group “Docker Status”**

Table 106: WBM Page “Docker Settings” – group “Docker Status”

| Parameter | Meaning | |
|---|---|---|
| Current State | The current status of the “Docker®” service is displayed. | |
| | stopped | The “Docker®” service is disabled. |
| | running | The “Docker®” service is enabled. |
| Service Enabled | If you want to enable the “Docker®” service, check this box. | |

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply the changes. The changes take effect immediately.

#### 15.1.1.2.3 “Favorites” Page

The “Favorites” page displays the product start page. This page also maintains a list of adjustable controllers for you.

For the start page, you can choose a specific controller from the available list that is displayed when the product is powered up.

If a website or controller has been selected as the start page, regardless of whether a boot project is available or not, the website or controller is displayed as the start page.

If the WBM or “Browser Favorites” has been activated as the start page and a boot project is available, the target visualization is displayed as the start page.

If the WBM or “Browser Favorites” has been activated as the start page and no boot project is available, the WBM or “Browser Favorites” are displayed as the start page.

**Note**

**Start page cannot be set when target visualization has been started!**
If a target visualization has been configured and started on the product, selecting a start page has no effect because the target visualization is started directly.

**“WBM” Group**

Here you enable/disable the WBM as the start page, which is displayed when the product is switched on.

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply a change.

**“Browser Favorites” Group**

Here you enable/disable the “Browser Favorites” selection list as the start page, which is displayed when the product is switched on.

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply a change.

**“Favorite n” Groups**

Each group describes the connection to a specific controller. If the name of a controller is changed, this name also becomes the new group label.

Here you enable/disable a favorite as the start page, which is displayed when the product is switched on.

Here you enable/disable the “MicroBrowser” for the specific controller.

Table 107: WBM “Favorites” Page – “Favorite n” Groups

| Parameter | Meaning |
|---|---|
| Startpage | Enable/disable this favorite as the start page, which is displayed when the product is switched on. |
| Name | Enter any name for the controller. |
| URL | Enter the URL at which the controller’s Web visualization is reached. |
| Virtual Keyboard | Specify whether the virtual panel keyboard is to be used when displaying the URL of this controller. This is useful if, e.g., you want to display a WebVisu that requires its own virtual keyboard. |
| WebVisu | Specify whether the indicated URL is a WebVisu or not. |
| MircoBrowser | Enable/disable the “MicroBrowser” for the controller. |

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply a change. To reset all input fields of the entry, click the **[Clear]** button. Click **[Submit]** to confirm the reset.

The activation/deactivation of the MicroBrowser only takes effect after restarting the product again. For this purpose, use the WBM reboot function. Do not switch off the product too early!

**Note**

**CODESYS V3 application prevents web visualization in the MicroBrowser!**
No CODESYS V3 application may be installed on the product to activate the MicroBrowser.

**Note**

**Display calibration required for 762-5xxx!**
The first time you restart after activating the MicroBrowser, you are prompted to perform a one-time display calibration.

In the event of a faulty or interrupted connection from the browser to the controller, an orange rectangle with an exclamation mark is displayed in the MicroBrowser.

If the remote station (PLC) is not yet available when the product is started, a start screen is displayed.

The default login data applies to the MicroBrowser:

Table 108: MicroBrowser – Login Data

| Users | Default password |
|---|---|
| admin | wago |

#### 15.1.1.2.4 “Autostart” Page

You can set the Autostart options for the Runtime on this page.

**Group “Autostart Delay”**

Set the countdown displayed when booting before displaying the start page. Within the time set, you have the option to prevent the panel from switching to the start page and to go to the WBM directly. A delay of “0” displays the start page immediately.

#### 15.1.1.2.5 “Monitoring” Page

Make settings here for monitoring the product.

**“Monitoring” Group**

Table 109: WBM “Browser Settings > Monitoring” Page – “Monitoring” Group

| Parameter | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Reconnect | Specify whether an attempt is made automatically to restore a connection if the connection to the product is interrupted. |
| Interval (s) | Specify an interval for the attempts. |

### 15.1.1.2.6 “Browser Security” Page

Specify the browser security level.

#### “Browser Security” Group

Select the required security level (Low or High).

Table 110: WBM “Browser Settings > Browser Security” Page – “Browser Security” Group

| Parameter | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Browser Security | • Low: At this security level, HTTPS connections are permitted with:<br>•• Certificates that are not yet valid<br>•• Certificates that have expired<br>•• Certificates that are self-signed<br>•• Certificates with host names that do not match<br>• High: At this security level, the connections that are permitted at the “Low” low level and listed above are rejected. |

### 15.1.1.2.7 Page “Docker Settings”

On the page “Docker Settings”, see the settings for the "Docker®" service.

#### Group “Docker Status”

Table 111: WBM Page “Docker Settings” – group “Docker Status”

| Parameter | Meaning | |
|---|---|---|
| Current State | The current status of the “Docker®” service is displayed. | |
| | stopped | The “Docker®” service is disabled. |
| | running | The “Docker®” service is enabled. |
| Service Enabled | If you want to enable the “Docker®” service, check this box. | |

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply the changes. The changes take effect immediately.

#### 15.1.1.2.8 “Clean Display” Page

You can adjust the settings for display cleaning on this page.

**“Clean Display” Group**

Here, you can set how long the display should be disabled for cleaning.

#### 15.1.1.2.9 “Touchscreen Calibration” Page

The display calibration settings options are found on the “Display > Touchscreen Calibration” page.

**“Touchscreen Calibration” Group**

Specify whether or not the display should be calibrated when the panel is switched on.

#### 15.1.1.2.10 “Front Led” Page

On this page you can enable/disable the front LED.

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply the change. The change takes effect immediately.

#### 15.1.1.2.11 “Fonts” Page

This page allows you to upload or delete fonts from a PC.

Click in the “Choose file ...” field. Select the required true-type font file (*.ttf).

Click the **[Upload]** button to upload the font. The uploaded font appears in the list above the “Choose file ...” field. The font is only available after restarting.

Click the **[Delete]** button to delete a font.

#### 15.1.1.2.12 “Brightness” Page

You can set the display brightness on this page.

**“Brightness” Group**

You can set the brightness here. If you wish to then set a shift for day/night brightness you can set the day shift brightness here.

Click **[Test]** to test the brightness you have set. The screen will show the display with the set brightness for 2 seconds.

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply the changes. The change takes effect immediately.

**“Brightness Control” Group**

Here, you can specify a day/night shift for display brightness.

Table 112: WBM “Brightness” Page – Group “Brightness Control”

| Parameter | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Enabled | Here, you can enable/disable the day/night shift for display brightness. |
| Day / Night Settings | |
| Starting Time Day | Here, you can set the time at which the brightness you specified above is activated for the day shift. |
| Starting Time Night | Here, you can set the time at which the brightness you specified below is activated for the night shift. |
| Brightness Night | Here, you can set the brightness for the night shift. |

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply the changes. The change takes effect immediately.

#### 15.1.1.2.13 “Acoustic Signal” Page

On this page you can enable/disable the acoustic signal when touching the display.

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply the change. The change takes effect immediately.

#### 15.1.1.2.14 “Display Orientation” Page

You can make display orientation settings on the “Display > Display Orientation” page.

**“Display Orientation” Group**

Specify whether the display should appear in portrait or landscape mode. The options are landscape, portrait, landscape rotated and portrait rotated.

#### 15.1.1.2.15 “Screensaver” Page

You can adjust the screensaver on the “Display > Screensaver” page.

**“Screensaver Settings” Group**

Specify whether and how a screensaver should be used.

Table 113: WBM “Screensaver” Page – “Screensaver Settings” Group

| Parameter | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Enabled | You can enable or disable the screensaver here. |
| Setting | Specify whether an image, the time, a text or a backlight should be displayed or whether screen care should be performed.<br>• Image: The screensaver with the WAGO logo is activated after a time set under “Duration.”<br>• Text: Enter text here that is activated as the screensaver after the time set under “Duration” has elapsed.<br>• Time: The current time is displayed as the screensaver.<br>• Backlight: The brightness is reduced to the screensaver brightness and the WAGO logo displayed.<br>• Screen care: For screen care, all pixels are inverted for a few milliseconds (not visible).<br>• Off: No screensaver is displayed. |
| Text | Enter any text display as the text screensaver.<br>(Can be adjusted in the “Text” option.) |
| Duration (s) | When the display is not in use, the screensaver is activated after the time set here has elapsed. |

**“Screen Care” Group**

Set how long the display should be disabled for cleaning.

Table 114: WBM “Screensaver” Page – “Screen Care” Group

| Parameter | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Enabled | You can enable or disable the screen care function here. |
| Time (hh:mm:ss) | Enter the time at which screen care should be performed.<br>(Can be adjusted in the “Screen care” option.) |

### 15.1.1.2.16 “WBM User Configuration” Page

The settings for user administration are displayed on the “WBM User Configuration” page.

**“Change Password” Group**

**Note**

**Changing Passwords**
The initial passwords as delivered are documented in this manual and therefore do not provide sufficient protection. Change the passwords to meet your particular needs!

Table 115: WBM “WBM User Configuration” Page – “Change Password” Group

| Parameter | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Old Password | Enter the current password here for authentication. |
| New Password | Enter the new password here.<br>Permitted characters for the password are the following ASCII characters:<br>a … z, A … Z, 0 … 9,<br>and special characters:<br>!"#$%&'()*+,./:;<=>?@[]^_`{}\|~-. |
| Confirm Password | Enter the new password again here for confirmation. |

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply a change. The change takes effect immediately.

**Note**

**Note the permitted characters for WBM passwords!**
If passwords with invalid characters are set for the WBM outside the WBM (e.g., from a USB keyboard), access to the pages directly on the display is no longer possible because only permitted characters are available from the virtual keyboard.

**Note**

**General Rights of WBM Users**
The WBM users “admin” and “user” have rights beyond the WBM to configure the system and install software.

User administration for controller applications is configured and managed separately.

### 15.1.1.3 “Fieldbus” Tab

#### 15.1.1.3.1 “OPC UA Configuration” Page

The settings for the OPC UA service are shown on the “OPC UA Configuration” page.

**“OPC UA Server Configuration” Group**

Table 116: WBM “OPC UA Configuration” Page – “OPC UA Server Configuration” Group

| Parameter | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Enabled | Enable or disable the WAGO OPC UA Server here. |
| Log level | Select the log level. The following values can be set: Info / Debug / Warning / Error.<br>With log level “Error,” only error messages are read out; with log level “Info,” status messages are read out too. The specific log level selection affects server reaction time. Therefore, select the lowest level necessary; e.g., “Debug” for in-depth analyses. |
| Ctrl Configuration name | Enter the configuration names the controller contains in the PLC Open Device Set. |

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply the changes.

### “OPC UA Server Security Settings” Group

Table 117: WBM “OPC UA Configuration” Page – “OPC UA Server Security Settings” Group

| Parameter | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Anonymous Access | Permit anonymous access to the server. This requires that runtime port authentication also be deactivated. |
| Allow Password On Plaintext | Transfer of password in readable format |
| Security Modes | Security Mode of the OPC UA Server<br>Depending on the operating mode you select, different OPC UA endpoints for setting up the connection are available:<br>None:<br>Only the OPC UA endpoint **None** is activated. This allows an unsecured connection to the OPC UA server to be established.<br>None + Sign + SignAndEncrypt:<br>The enpoints **None, Sign and SignAndEncrypt** are available. **Sign** provides an endpoint that is password protected. **SignAndEncrypt** specifies an endpoint that povides both a password and encryption.<br>Sign + SignAndEncrypt:<br>The **Sign** and **SignAndEncrypt** endpoints are available.<br>SignAndEncrypt:<br>Only the **SignAndEncrypt** enpoint is available. |
| Security Policies | Selection of security policies<br>Here, you can set the encryption level for the OPC UA server. The following options are available for this:<br>Aes128Sha256RsaOaep and better,<br>Basic256Sha256 and better,<br>Aes256Sha256RsaPss. |

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply the changes.

#### 15.1.1.3.1 “BACnet Status” Page

The “BACnet Status” page displays specific information about your product for the BACnet fieldbus and the BACnet license.

**“BACnet Information” Group**

Table 118: WBM “BACnet Status” Page – “BACnet Information” Group

| Parameters | Explanation | |
|---|---|---|
| State | BACnet Fieldbus Status | |
| | ☐ | Fieldbus BACnet is disabled. |
| | ☑ | Fieldbus BACnet is enabled. |
| Mode | BACnet operating mode | |
| | Ip | Communication via BACnet/IP |
| | sc | Communication via BACnet/SC |
| Version | Installed BACnet version | |
| Status Info | BACnet Fieldbus Status | |
| Device-ID | Current product device ID | |

**“BACnet License” Group**

Table 119: WBM “BACnet Status” Page – “BACnet License” Group

| Parameters | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Type | Display of BACnet licenses |
| User Objects | Display of the number of existing and possible BACnet objects with the license |

**“BACnet Data Link” Group**

Table 120: WBM “BACnet Status” Page – “BACnet Data Link” Group

| Parameters | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Connection Info | Display of the connection status |

### 15.1.1.3.2 “BACnet Configuration” Page

You can make special settings for the BACnet fieldbus on this page.

#### “Restart” Group

Table 121: WBM “BACnet Data Link” Page – “BACnet Restart” Group

| Parameters | Explanation |
|---|---|
| **[Restart]** | Restart the BACnet service |

#### “BACnet Service” Group

Table 122: WBM “BACnet Configuration” Page – “BACnet Service” Group

| Parameters | Explanation | |
|---|---|---|
| Service active | Enable/disable fieldbus BACnet. | |
| | ☐ | BACnet is disabled. |
| | ☑ | BACnet is enabled. |
| Mode | Select the BACnet operating mode here. | |
| | Ip | Communication via BACnet/IP |
| | sc | Communication via BACnet/SC |
| Who-Is online interval time (sec) | Time interval between controller requests to the fieldbus and which other subscribers are online (minimum: 60 sec). | |
| Broadcast I-Am answer | Enable/disable the device's I-Am messages to be sent to the BACnet broadcast address. | |
| | ☐ | I-Am messages are not sent to the BACnet broadcast address. |
| | ☑ | I-Am messages are sent to the BACnet broadcast address. |

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply a change. The change is only applied after the controller is restarted or after a BACnet restart.

#### “BACnet Data” Group

Table 123: WBM “BACnet Configuration” Page – “BACnet Data” Group

| Parameters | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Delete Persistence Data | Persistent BACnet data is deleted on the next restart. |
| Reset all BACnet Data and Settings to Default | BACnet-specific settings and data are reset to factory settings the next time you restart. |
| override.xml<br>Chose file … | Select the required file on the PC. |
| **[Upload]** | Transfer the selected file from the PC to the controller. |

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply a change. The change is only applied after the controller is restarted or after a BACnet restart.

### “BACnet Log Level” Group

Table 124: WBM “BACnet Configuration” Page – “BACnet Log Level” Group

| Parameters | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Error | Enable/disable error log outputs. |
| Warning | Enable/disable warning log outputs. |
| Info | Enable/disable info log output. |
| Debug | Enable/disable debug log output. |

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply a change. The change is only applied after the controller is restarted or after a BACnet restart.

### “BACnet Network Capture” Group

Table 125: WBM “BACnet Configuration” Page – “BACnet Network Capture” Group

| Parameters | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Enable | Enable/disable logging of network traffic with the corresponding BACnet filters. |
| Log pre-master secrets | Enable/disable saving of secrets for decryption of BACnet/SC network traffic. |
| BACnet Network Capture Archive **[Download]** | Click the [Download] button to download the logged network traffic, including the secrets, from the device if the option is enabled. |

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply a change. The change is only applied after the controller is restarted or after a BACnet restart.

### 15.1.1.3.3 “BACnet Data Link” Page

#### “BACnet Restart” Group

Table 126: WBM “BACnet Data Link” Page – “BACnet Restart” Group

| Parameters | Explanation |
|---|---|
| **[Restart]** | Restart the BACnet service. |

#### “BACnet/IP” Group

Table 127: WBM “BACnet Data Link” Page – “BACnet/IP” Group

| Parameters | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Port number | Input of the port for BACnet/IP communication |

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply a change. The change is only applied after the controller is restarted or after a BACnet restart.

#### “BACnet/SC” Group

Table 128: WBM “BACnet Data Link” Page – “BACnet/SC” Group

| Parameters | Explanation | |
|---|---|---|
| Mode | Selection of the BACnet/SC operating mode | |
| | Node | The device is operated as a BACnet/SC node. |
| | Primary Hub | The device is operated as a BACnet/SC Primary HUB. |
| | Failover Hub | The device is operated as a BACnet/SC Failover HUB. |
| Port number | Input of the port for BACnet/SC communication | |
| Primary Hub URI | Input of the URI for the primary HUB;<br>wss://<IP address>:<port of the HUB> or<br>wss://<domain name>:<port of the HUB><br>(e.g., wss://192.168.178.19:47808 or<br>wss://PFC200V3-XXXXXX.localdomain.lan:47808) | |
| Failover Hub URI | Enter the URI for the failover HUB;<br>wss://<IP address>:<port of the HUB> or<br>wss://<domain name>:<port of the HUB><br>(e.g., wss://192.168.178.19:47808 or<br>wss://PFC200V3-XXXXXX.localdomain.lan:47808) | |
| Allow self signed certificates | Enable/disable whether communication can be established via self-signed certificates. | |
| Allow expired certificates | Enable/disable whether communication via expired certificates can be established. | |
| Accept any certificates | Enable/disable whether communication can be established via any certificates. | |

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply a change. The change is only applied after the controller is restarted or after a BACnet restart.

### “BACnet/SC Certificate Authority (CA)” Group

Table 129: WBM “BACnet Data Link” Page – “BACnet/SC Certificate Authority (CA)” Group

| Parameters | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Chose file … | Select the CA certificate on the computer for transfer to the device. |
| **[Upload]** | Transfer of the selected CA certificate to the device; after restart, this certificate is used as the CA certificate for BACnet/SC communication. |

### “BACnet/SC Certificate” Group

Table 130: WBM “BACnet Data Link” Page – “BACnet/SC Certificate” Group

| Parameters | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Chose file … | Select the device certificate on the computer for transfer to the device |
| **[Upload]** | Transfer of the selected device certificate to the device;<br>After restart, this certificate is used for BACnet/SC communication. |

### “BACnet/SC Certificate Signing Request (CSR)” Group

Table 131: WBM “BACnet Configuration” Page – “BACnet/SC Certificate Signing Request (CSR)” Group

| Parameters | Explanation |
|---|---|
| **[Generate]** | Generate a CSR and a new private key on the device. |
| **[Download]** | Download CSR from device. |

### “BACnet/SC Default Certificates” Group

Table 132: WBM “BACnet Data Link” Page – “BACnet/SC Default Certificates” Group

| Parameters | Explanation |
|---|---|
| **[Generate]** | Generation of a new certificate |

### 15.1.1.3.4 “BACnet Storage Location” Page

You can specify settings for saving of BACnet-specific parameters on this page.

Changes are applied without having to restart.

**“BACnet Persistence” Group**

This group lets you select the storage location (SD card/internal flash) for the persistence data.

If the persistence settings are changed, a pop-up window warns that data loss may occur until the next persistence is completed.

Table 133: WBM Page “BACnet Storage Location” – “BACnet Persistence” Group

| Parameter | Meaning | |
|---|---|---|
| Storage location | You can select the storage location for the persistence data.<br>Selection is possible only when both storage options are available. | |
| | Internal-Flash | Data will be stored in the controller's internal memory. |
| | SD-Card | Data will be stored on the SD card. If “SD card” has been selected and the card is no longer inserted, this option is no longer enabled and only the “internal flash” option can be selected. |

**“BACnet Trendlog” Group**

This group lets you select the storage location (SD card/internal flash) for the trend log data.

Table 134: WBM Page “BACnet Storage Location” – “BACnet Trendlog” Group

| Parameter | Meaning | |
|---|---|---|
| Storage location | You can select the storage location for the trend log data.<br>Selection is possible only when both storage options are available. | |
| | Internal-Flash | Data will be stored in the controller's internal memory. |
| | SD-Card | Data will be stored on the SD card. If “SD card” has been selected and the card is no longer inserted, this option is no longer enabled and only the “internal flash” option can be selected. |

### “BACnet Eventlog” Group

This group lets you select the storage location (SD card/internal flash) for the event log data.

Table 135: WBM Page “BACnet Storage Location” – “BACnet Eventlog” Group

| Parameter | Meaning | |
|---|---|---|
| Storage location | Select the storage location for the event log data here.<br>Selection is possible only when both storage options are available. | |
| | Internal-Flash | Data will be stored in the controller's internal memory. |
| | SD-Card | Data will be stored on the SD card.<br>If “SD card” has been selected and the card is no longer inserted, this option is no longer enabled and only the “internal flash” option can be selected. |

### 15.1.1.4 “Security” Tab

#### 15.1.1.4.1 “OpenVPN / IPsec Configuration” Page

The “OpenVPN / IPsec Configuration” page displays the settings for OpenVPN and IPsec.

**“OpenVPN” Group**

Table 136: WBM “OpenVPN / IPsec Configuration” Page – “OpenVPN” Group

| Parameter | Explanation | |
|---|---|---|
| Current State | The current status of the OpenVPN service is displayed. | |
| | stopped | The service is disabled. |
| | running | The service is enabled. |
| OpenVPN enabled | Enable or disable the OpenVPN service. | |
| openvpn.config | Select an OpenVPN configuration file to be transferred from PC to product or vice versa. | |

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply a change.

To select a file on the PC, click the **Choose file …** selection field.

To transfer the selected file from the PC to the product, click **[Upload]** button.

To transfer a file from product to PC, click the **[Download]** button.

The changes only take effect after the product restarts. For this purpose, use the WBM reboot function. Do not switch off the product too early!

### “IPsec” Group

Table 137: WBM “OpenVPN / IPsec Configuration” Page – “IPsec” Group

| Parameter | Explanation | |
|---|---|---|
| Current State | The current status of the IPsec service is displayed. | |
| | stopped | The service is disabled. |
| | running | The service is enabled. |
| IPsec enabled | Enable or disable the IPsec service. | |
| ipsec.conf | Select an IPsec configuration file to be transferred from PC to product or vice versa. | |
| ipsec.secrets | Select an IPsec configuration file to be transferred from PC to product or vice versa. | |

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply a change.

To select a file on the PC, click the **Choose file …** selection field.

To transfer the selected file from the PC to the product, click **[Upload]** button.

To transfer a file from product to PC, click the **[Download]** button.

The changes only take effect after the product restarts. For this purpose, use the WBM reboot function. Do not switch off the product too early!

### 15.1.1.4.2 “General Firewall Configuration” Page

The “General Firewall Configuration” page displays the global firewall settings.

#### “Global Firewall Parameter” Group

Table 138: WBM “General Firewall Configuration” Page – “Global Firewall Parameter” Group

| Parameter | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Firewall enabled entirely | Enables/disables the complete functionality of the firewall. This setting has the highest priority. If the firewall is disabled, all other settings have no direct effect. The configuration of the other parameters is possible nevertheless so that you can set the firewall parameters correctly before you enable the firewall.<br>This setting is independent of the “Filter enabled” setting in the “MAC address filter state bridge <n>” group on the “MAC address filter state bridge <n>” page. |
| ICMP echo broadcast protection | Enable or disable the “ICMP echo broadcast” protection. |
| Max. UDP connections per second | You can specify the maximum number of UDP connections per second. |
| Max. TCP connections per second | You can specify the maximum number of TCP connections per second. |

Click **[Submit]** to apply the change. The change takes effect immediately.

#### 15.1.1.4.3 “Interface Configuration” Page

The individual interfaces for the firewall settings are displayed on the “Interface Configuration” page.

**“Firewall Configuration Bridge <n> / VPN / WAN” Group**

A separate group is displayed for each configured bridge.
The settings in this group are based on the firewall configuration on the IP level.

Table 139: WBM “Interface Configuration” Page – “Firewall Configuration Bridge <n> / VPN / WAN” Group

| Parameter | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Firewall enabled for Interface | Enable or disable the firewall for the respective bridge. |
| ICMP echo protection | Enable or disable the “ICMP echo” protection for the respective bridge.<br>If you enable ICMP echo protection, all ICMP echo requests (pings) will be rejected and the ICMP echo limit per second and ICMP burst limit entries will be ineffective. |
| ICMP echo limit per second | You can specify the maximum number of “ICMP pings” per second.<br>Input is only effective when ICMP echo protection is disabled.<br>“0” = “Disabled” |
| ICMP burst limit<br>(0 = disabled) | You can specify the maximum number of “ICMP echo bursts” per second.<br>Input is only effective when ICMP echo protection is disabled.<br>“0” = “Disabled” |
| Service Configuration | Enable or disable the firewall for the respective service. |
| FTP/FTPES | The services themselves must be enabled or disabled separately on the “Ports and Services” page. |
| FTPS (implicit) | |
| HTTP | |
| HTTPS | |
| I/O-CHECK | |
| PLC Runtime | |
| WebVisu – HTTP (port 8080) | |
| WebVisu – HTTPS (port 8081) | |
| SSH | |
| SNMP | |
| OPC UA (Port 4840) | |
| BACnet (Port 47808) | |
| DNP3 (port 20000) | |
| IEC60870-5-104 (port 2404) | |
| IEC61850 (port 102) | |

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply the change. The change takes effect immediately.

### 15.1.1.4.4 “Configuration of MAC Address Filter” Page

The “Configuration of MAC address filter” page displays the firewall configuration on the ETHERNET level.

The “MAC Address Filter Whitelist” contains two default entries with the following values:

| | |
|---|---|
| Description: | All WAGO devices |
| MAC address: | 00:30:DE:00:00:00 |
| MAC mask: | ff:ff:ff:00:00:00 |

| | |
|---|---|
| Description. | Enable docker bridges |
| MAC address: | 02:42:00:00:00:00 |
| MAC mask: | ff:ff:00:00:00:00 |

If you enable the first default entry, this already allows communication between different WAGO devices in the network.

**Note**

**Enable the MAC address filter before activation!**
Before activating the MAC address filter, you must enter and activate your own MAC address in the “MAC Address Filter Whitelist.”
Otherwise you cannot access the device via the ETHERNET. This also applies to other services that are used by your device, e.g., the IP configuration via DHCP.
If the “MAC Address Filter Whitelist” does not contain the MAC address of your DHCP server, your device will lose its IP settings after the next refresh cycle and is then no longer accessible.
If the “MAC Address Filter Whitelist” does not contain an entry, the activation of the filter is prevented.
If at least one enabled address is entered, you will receive an appropriate warning before activation, which you have to acknowledge.
The check described above is only performed in the WBM but not in the CBM!

#### “Global MAC address filter state” Group

Table 140: WBM “Configuration of MAC Address Filter” Page – “Global MAC address filter state” Group

| Parameters | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Filter enabled | Enable or disable the global MAC address filter. |

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply the change. The change takes effect immediately.

### “MAC address filter state Bridge <n>” Group

A separate group is displayed for each configured bridge.

Table 141: WBM “Configuration of MAC Address Filter” Page – “MAC address filter state Bridge <n>” Group

| Parameter | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Filter enabled | Enable or disable here the MAC address filter for the specific bridge.<br>This setting is independent of the “Firewall enabled entirely” setting on the General Firewall Configuration page. |

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply the change. The change takes effect immediately.

### “MAC address filter whitelist” Group

Each list entry has its own area in the display.

Table 142: WBM “Configuration of MAC Address Filter” Page – “MAC address filter whitelist” Group

| Parameters | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Description | Description of the devices or areas that can be enabled by activating the filter when the firewall is generally enabled.<br>The description is only visible for entries initially available in the factory default settings. |
| MAC address | Displays the MAC address of the relevant list entry. |
| MAC mask | This displays the MAC mask of the relevant list entry. |
| Filter enabled | Enable or disable the filter for the relevant list entry. |
| Add filter to whitelist | Create a new list entry. |
| MAC address | Enter here the MAC address for a new list entry.<br>You can enter 10 filters. |
| MAC mask | Enter the MAC mask for the new list entry. |
| Filter enabled | Enable or disable the filter for the new list entry. |

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply the change. The change takes effect immediately.

Click the appropriate **[Delete]** button to remove an existing list entry. The change takes effect immediately.

Click **[Add]** to accept a new list entry. You can enter 10 filters. The change takes effect immediately.

### 15.1.1.4.5 “Configuration of User Filter” Page

The “Configuration of User Filter” page displays the settings for custom firewall filters.

**“User filter” Group**

Each configured filter has its own area in the display.

Table 143: WBM “Configuration of User Filter” Page – “User Filter” Group

| Parameters | Meaning | |
|---|---|---|
| Policy | This displays whether the network participant is permitted or excluded by the filter. | |
| Source IP address | The source IP address for the respective filter is displayed. | |
| Source Netmask | This displays the source netmask for the respective filter. | |
| Source Port | The source port number for the respective filter is displayed. | |
| Destination IP address | The destination IP address for the respective filter is displayed. | |
| Destination Netmask | The destination netmask for the respective filter is displayed. | |
| Destination Port | The destination port number for the respective filter is displayed. | |
| Protocol | The permitted protocols for the respective filter is displayed. | |
| Input interface | The permitted interfaces for the respective filter are displayed. | |
| Add new user filter | You can create up to 10 filters.<br>You only have to enter values in the fields that are to be set for the filter. At least one value must be entered, all other fields can remain empty. | |
| Policy | Select here whether the network devices is to be allowed or excluded by the filter. | |
| | Allow | The network device is permitted. |
| | Drop | The network device is excluded. |
| Source IP address | Enter here the source IP address for the new filter. | |
| Source netmask | Enter here the source network mask for the new filter. | |
| Source port | Enter here the source port address for the new filter. | |
| Destination IP address | Enter here the destination IP address for the new filter. | |
| Destination subnet mask | Enter here the destination network mask for the new filter. | |
| Destination port | Enter here the destination port address for the new filter. | |

Table 143: WBM “Configuration of User Filter” Page – “User Filter” Group

| Parameters | Meaning | |
|---|---|---|
| Protocol | Enter here the protocols for the new filter. | |
| | TCP/ UDP | The TCP service and UDP service are filtered. |
| | TCP | The TCP service is filtered. |
| | UDP | The UDP service is filtered. |
| Input interface | Enter here the interfaces for the new filter. | |
| | Any | All interfaces are filtered. |
| | Bridge <n> | The interfaces assigned for bridge <n> are filtered. Only the configured bridges are displayed. |
| | VPN | The VPN interface is filtered. |

Click **[Add]** to apply the new filter. The change takes effect immediately.

Click the **[Delete]** button to delete an existing filter. The change takes effect immediately.

### 15.1.1.4.6 “Certificates” Page

On the “Certificates” page, you will find options to install or delete certificates and keys.

#### “Installed Certificates” Group

Table 144: WBM “Certificates” Page – “Certificate List” Group

| Parameters | Explanation |
|---|---|
| <certificate name> | The loaded certificates are displayed. If no certificate has been loaded. “No certificates existing” is displayed. |

To select a file on the PC, click the **Choose file …** selection field.

To transfer the selected file PC to the product, click the **[Upload]** button. The changes take effect immediately.

The certificates are stored in the directory “/etc/certificates/” and the keys in the directory “/etc/certificates/keys/”.

Click **[Delete]** to delete an entry. The changes take effect immediately.

#### “Installed Private Keys” Group

Table 145: WBM “Certificates” Page – “Private Key List” Group

| Parameters | Meaning |
|---|---|
| <private key name> | The loaded keys are displayed. If no key has been loaded, “No private keys existing” is displayed. |

To select a file on the PC, click the **Choose file …** selection field.

To transfer the selected file PC to the product, click the **[Upload]** button. The changes take effect immediately.

The certificates are stored in the directory “/etc/certificates/” and the keys in the directory “/etc/certificates/keys/”.

Click **[Delete]** to delete an entry. The changes take effect immediately.

### 15.1.1.4.7 “Boot mode configuration” Page

See the “Boot mode configuration” page for boot option settings.

#### “Force internal boot” Group

Table 146: WBM Page “Boot mode configuration” – “Force internal boot” Group

| Parameter | Meaning | |
|---|---|---|
| Boot mode | You set the boot option for the product. | |
| | Memory card or internal flash | You can boot from the internal flash or from the memory card. |
| | Internal flash only | You can only boot from the internal flash. |

**Note**

**If you force booting from the internal flash, the device can no longer be booted from the memory card!**
If a connection via ETHERNET is no longer possible due to problems or incorrect configuration, you have the option of making the product accessible again via the service interface and “WAGO Ethernet Settings”.

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply a change. The change takes effect immediately.

### 15.1.1.4.8 “Security Settings” Page

The network security settings are found on the “Security Settings” page.

#### “TLS Configuration” Group

Table 147: “Security Settings” WBM Page – “TLS Configuration” Group

| Parameters | Explanation | |
|---|---|---|
| TLS Configuration | You can set what TLS versions and cryptographic methods are allowed for HTTPS. | |
| | Standard | The Webserver allows TLS 1.0, TLS 1.1, TLS 1.2 and TLS 1.3, as well as cryptographic methods that are no longer considered secure. |
| | Strong | The Webserver only allows TLS Version 1.2 and 1.3 and strong algorithms.<br>Older software and older operating systems may not support TLS 1.2 and TLS 1.3. |

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply a change. The change takes effect immediately.

**Note**

**BSI TR-02102 Technical Guidelines**
The rules for the “Strong” setting are based on the TR-02102 technical guidelines of the German Federal Office for Information Security (BSI).
You can find the guidelines on the Internet at: https://www.bsi.bund.de > “Publications” > “Technical Guidelines.”

### 15.1.1.4.9 “Advanced Intrusion Detection Environment (AIDE)” Page

The network security settings are available on the “Advanced Intrusion Detection Environment (AIDE)” page.

#### “Run AIDE check at startup” Group

Table 148: WBM “Advanced Intrusion Detection Environment (AIDE)” Page – “Run AIDE check at startup” Group

| Parameter | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Service active | Here, you can activate/deactivate the “AIDE check” when the controller is started. |

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply the changes. The changes only take effect when the controller restarts.

#### “Refresh Options” group

Table 149: WBM “Advanced Intrusion Detection Environment (AIDE)” Page – “Control AIDE and show log” Group

| Parameter | Explanation | |
|---|---|---|
| Select Action | Select here the action to be executed. | |
| | readlog | The log data are displayed. |
| | init | The database is initialized and filled with the current values. |
| | check | The current values are compared against the values stored in the database. |
| | update | The current values are compared with the values stored in the database and the database then updated. |
| Read only the last n | Activate display of only the last n messages. You also specify the number of messages to be displayed. | |
| Automatic refresh interval (sec) | Select the checkbox to enable cyclic refresh. Enter the cycle time in seconds in which a cyclic refresh is performed. The label of the button (“Refresh”/“Start“/“Stop”) changes depending on status. | |

Click **[Refresh]** to update the display. The button is only displayed if the cyclic refresh is not enabled.

To enable cyclic refresh, click the **[Start]** button. The button is only displayed if cyclic refresh is enabled and has not yet started.

To stop cyclic refresh again, click the **[Stop]** button. The button only appears if cyclic refresh is enabled.

The cyclical refresh is performed for as long as the “Advanced Intrusion Detection Environment (AIDE)” page is open. If you change the WBM page, the

update is stopped until you call up the “Advanced Intrusion Detection Environment (AIDE)” page again.

The messages are displayed below the settings.

### 15.1.1.4.10 “WAGO Device Access” Page

On the “WAGO Device Access” page you will find settings for authentication when scanning the node.

**Note**

**Beta Status**
In the present firmware version, the “WAGO Device Access” functionality is still in beta!

#### “Unauthenticated Requests” Group

Table 150: WBM Page “WAGO Device Access” – “Unauthenticated Requests” Group

| Parameter | Meaning |
|---|---|
| Allow unauthenticated Device Scan | You set whether the node can be scanned without authentication.<br>In the default setting, authentication is switched off.<br>To increase the security level, you can enforce authentication for node scanning.<br>In the current beta status, only head stations but no I/O modules are recognized when scanning! |

Click the **[Submit]** button to apply a change. The change takes effect immediately.

### 15.1.1.5 “Diagnostic” Tab

#### 15.1.1.5.1 “Log Message Viewer” Page

The settings for displaying diagnostic messages are shown on the “Log Message Viewer” page.

**“Refresh Options” Group**

Table 151: WBM “Log Message Viewer” Page – “Refresh Options” Group

| Parameters | Meaning | |
|---|---|---|
| Read only the last | Activate display of only the last n messages. You also specify the number of messages to be displayed. | |
| Automatic refresh interval (sec) | Select the checkbox to enable cyclic refresh. Enter the cycle time in seconds in which a cyclic refresh is performed. The label of the button (“Refresh”/“Start“/“Stop”) changes depending on status. | |
| Source | Select the source of the diagnostic messages. The drop-down list depends on the user who is logged in. | |
| | user | Default diagnostic messages only |
| | admin | Default diagnostic messages and all log files in the folder `/var/log/*` |

To refresh the display or to enable cyclic refresh, click the **[Refresh]** button. This button is only displayed if the cyclic refresh is not enabled.

To enable cyclic refresh, click the **[Start]** button. The button is only displayed if cyclic refresh is enabled and has not yet started.

To stop cyclic refresh again, click the **[Stop]** button. The button only appears if cyclic refresh is enabled.

The cyclical refresh is performed for as long as the “Diagnostic Information” page is open. If you change the WBM page, the refresh is stopped until you call up the “Diagnostic Information” page again.

The messages are displayed below the settings.

#### 15.1.1.5.2 “Download” Page

**“Diagnostic Information” Group**

Click the **[Download]** button to download diagnostic information from the device. An archive file is then created that contains the log messages, the firmware version and a list of the installed packages. This file is saved to the Downloads folder on your computer.

### 15.1.1.5.3 “Network Capture” Page

All the settings required for logging the network traffic on the device and downloading these logs are available on the “Network Capture” page.
The current status of network traffic logging is displayed.

#### “State” Group

Table 152: “Network Capture” Page – “State” Group

| Parameter | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Current State | The current status of network traffic logging is displayed here. |
| Last Captured Package Count | Network packages already logged are displayed here. |
| Last Refresh Time | The last refresh time for Current State and Last Captured Package Count is displayed here. |

### “Configuration” Group

Table 153: “Network Capture” Page – “Configuration” Group

| Parameter | Explanation | |
|---|---|---|
| Enable | Here, you can activate or deactivate logging. | |
| Rotate Log Files | Here, you can activate or deactivate rotating logging.<br>When this option is activated, network traffic is recorded in up to three files of the set maximum file size.<br>When the maximum file size for the first file is reached, the data is logged in a second file and then to a third file when the second file is full. When the maximum size of the third file is reached, the data in the first file is then overwritten. | |
| Max. Filesize | Specify the maximum file size for the data log file. | |
| Storage Location | Select the storage location for the logged data. Selection is possible only when both storage options are available. | |
| | Internal Flash | Data will be stored in the controller's internal memory. |
| | SD Card | Data will be stored on the SD card. If “SD card” has been selected and the card is no longer inserted, this option is no longer enabled and only the “Internal flash” option can be selected. |
| Listen On Network Interface | Here, select the network interface from which network traffic is to be logged.<br>Any of the available network interfaces of the device can be selected. | |

Click **[Submit]** to apply the change. The change takes effect immediately.

### “Filter Configuration” Group

Table 154: “Network Capture” Page – “Filter Configuration” Group

| Parameter | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Capture Filter | You can set capture filters here. These filters are used to log only the relevant or required data traffic. This enables you to record only the communication for one port, for example, or only from a defined IP address.<br>More information on possible filter settings is given in the “Capture Filter” notes in the “Wireshark” documentation. |

Click the **[Check]** button to check the specified “Capture Filter” for correctness.

Click **[Submit]** to apply the change. The change takes effect immediately.

### “Log Download” Group

Table 155: “Network Capture” Page – “Log Download” Group

| Parameter | Explanation |
|---|---|
| Select Log File | Select a log here that can be downloaded using the **[Download]** button. |

Click the **[Download]** button to download the selected log from the device.

Click the **[Download All]** button to download all the logs from the device.

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